Outdoor Day/Night Wide Dynamic Range

IP7142

NETWORK CAMERA
User's Manual

Table of Contents

Overview

VIVOTEK's IP7142 network camera features a WDR (Wide Dynamic Range) CMOS sensor to cope with challenging lighting conditions. The WDR feature captures both the dark and bright parts of an image and combines the differences to generate a highly realistic image representative of the original scene, enabling it to provide video quality close to the capabilities of the human eye. This function enables the IP7142 to be widely applied in high contrast environments such as lobby entrances, parking lots, ATMs, loading areas, and much more.

The day and night function and the IP66-rated integrated housing of the IP7142 enable users to easily build a cost-effective IP surveillance system without additional accessories. Incorporating an IR-cut filter that can be removed automatically at night and built-in IR illuminators with coverage for up to 15 meters, the IP7142 is an outstanding 24-hour surveillance solution. Meanwhile, the IP66-rated integrated housing shields the camera from dust and water, allowing it to be applied in the harsh weather conditions of outdoor environments.

Other advanced features of the IP7142 include simultaneous dual streams, 3GPP mobile surveillance, 802.3af compliant PoE, two-way audio by SIP protocol, RS-485 interface for scanners or pan/tilts driver connection, and HTTPS encrypted data transmission.

Read Before Use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.
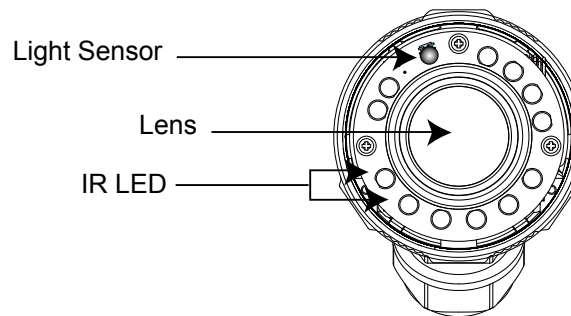
The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/ surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.
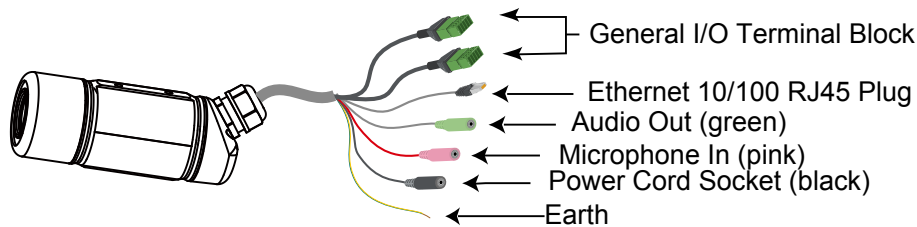
Package Contents

- IP7142
- Sun Shield
- Screws / RJ45 Female/Female Coupler
- Camera Stand
- Power Adapter
- Silica Gel
- Spanner
- Quick Installation Guide
- Warranty Card
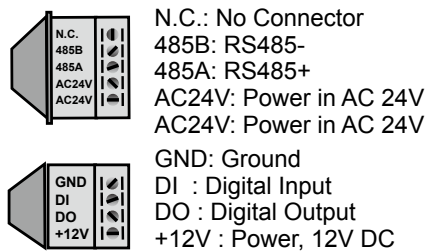- Software CD

Physical Description

Front panel

Light Sensor

Lens

IR LED

Connectors

General I/O Terminal Block

Ethernet 10/100 RJ45 Plug
Audio Out (green)
Microphone In (pink)
Power Cord Socket (black)
Earth

General I/O Terminal Block

This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.

N.C.
485B
485A
AC24V
AC24V

N.C.: No Connector
485B: RS485-
485A: RS485+
AC24V: Power in AC 24V
AC24V: Power in AC 24V

GND
DI
DO
+12V

GND: Ground
DI : Digital Input
DO : Digital Output
+12V : Power, 12V DC

Pin	Name	Specification
N.C.	No Connector	
485B	RS485-	3.3V
485A	RS485+	3.3V
AC24V	Power in AC 24V	AC 24V ± 5%
AC24V	Power in AC 24V	AC 24V ± 5%
GND	Ground	
DI	Digital Iutput	OPEN/Short-to-GND, isolation 2kV
DO	Digital Output	Max. 40VDC, max. 400mA, isolation 2kV
+12V	Power +12V	12VDC ± 10%, max. 0.4A

DI/DO Diagram

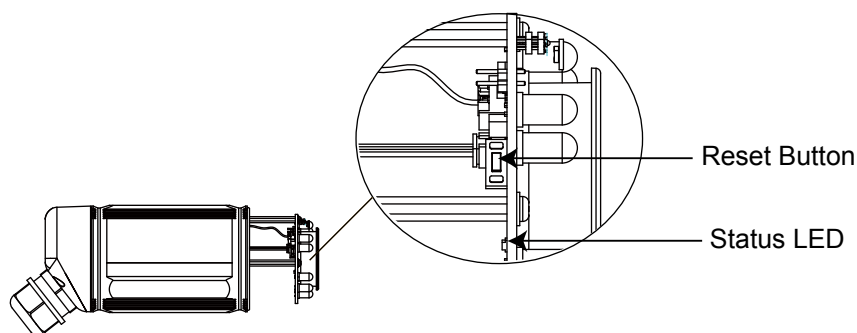Please refer to the following illustration for the connection method.
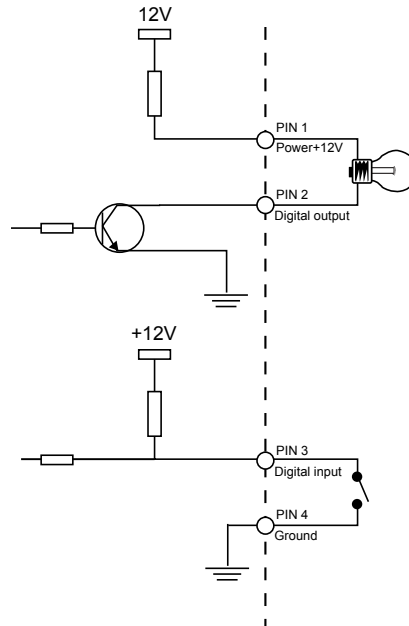
Status LED

The LED indicates the status of the Network Camera.

Status LED	Description
Blinking red (two short, one long)	1. Power is being supplied to the Network Camera 2. Restore, or reboot the Network Camera

Hardware Reset

The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

Reboot: Press and release the reset button with a paper clip or thin object. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

Restore: Press and hold the reset button until the status LED rapidly blinks. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default.
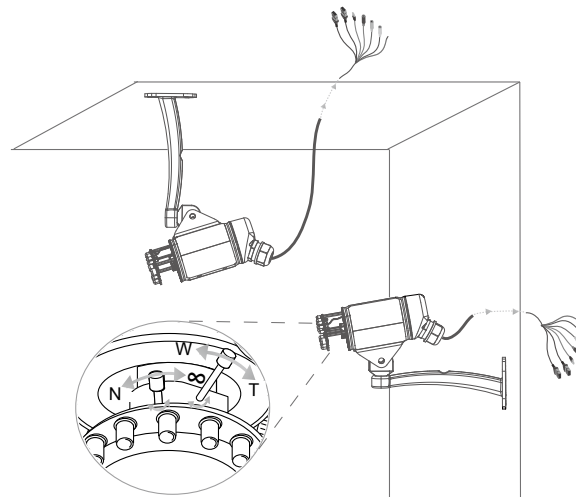
Installation

Hardware Installation

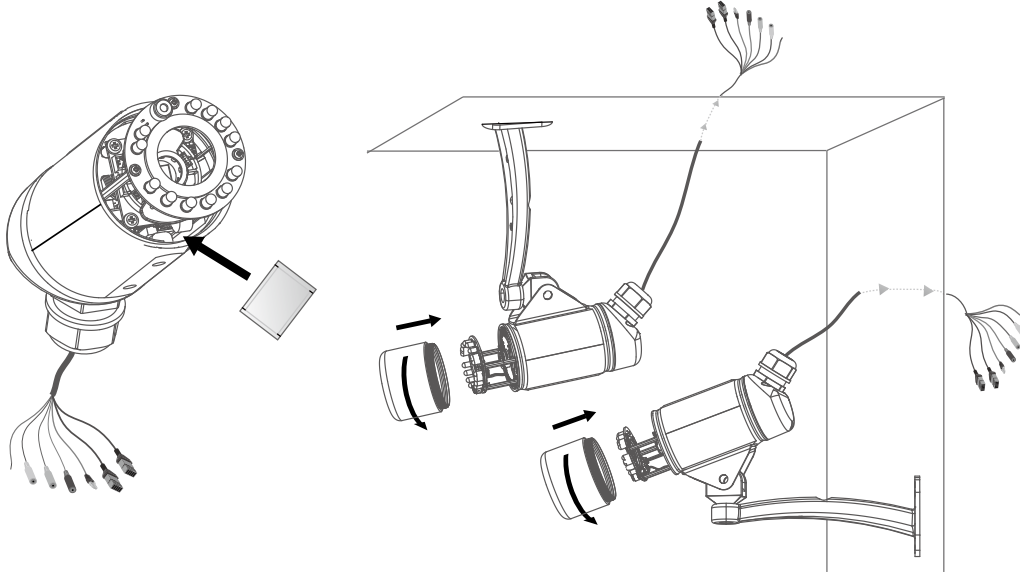Follow the steps below to install the Network Camera:

1. Open the lens cover.
2. Secure the Network Camera to the supplied camera stand as the illustration shows.
3. Secure the Network Camera to the wall/ceiling by the supplied camera stand.
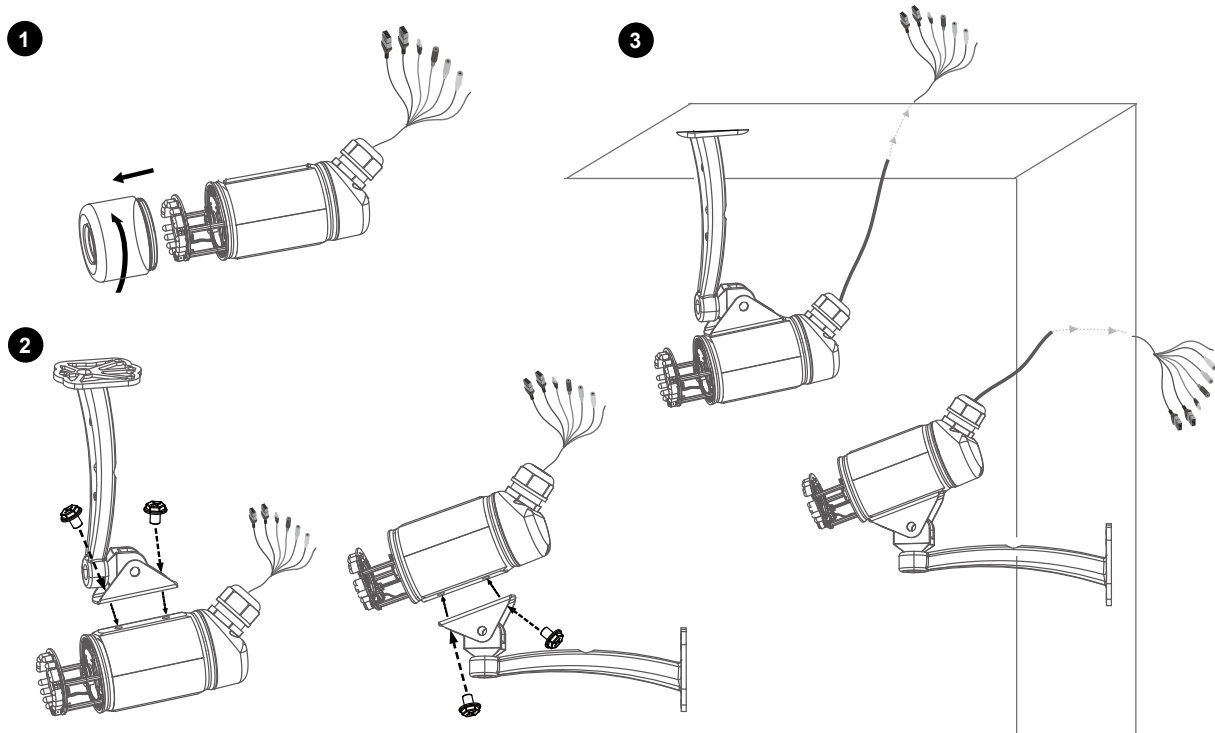
4. Feed power to the Network Camera and connect it to the Internet. For more information, please refer to Network deployment on page 8 for details.
5. Install the "Installation Wizard 2" to assign IP address to the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Software installation on page 11 for details.
6. Access to the Network Camera from the Internet. For more information, please refer to Accessing the Network Camera on page 13 for details.
7. Unscrew the zoom controller to adjust the zoom factor. Upon completion, tighten the zoom controller. Unscrew the focus controller to adjust the focus range. Upon completion, tighten the focus controller.

8. Tear down the aluminum foil vacuum bag and take out the silica gel. Attach the silica gel to the inner side of the Network Camera, then tighten the lens cover. (Please replace the silica gel with a new one if you open the back cover after installation.)

Note

If you want to use the supplied sun shield for outdoor environments, please follow the steps below to install:

1. Tighten the supplied two screws.

2. Attach the supplied sun shield to the Network Camera and slide it to the desired position.

3. Fix the sun shield with supplied screws and washers. (Please use different screws for ceiling mount.)

4. Secure the Network Camera to the wall/ceiling by the supplied camera stand.
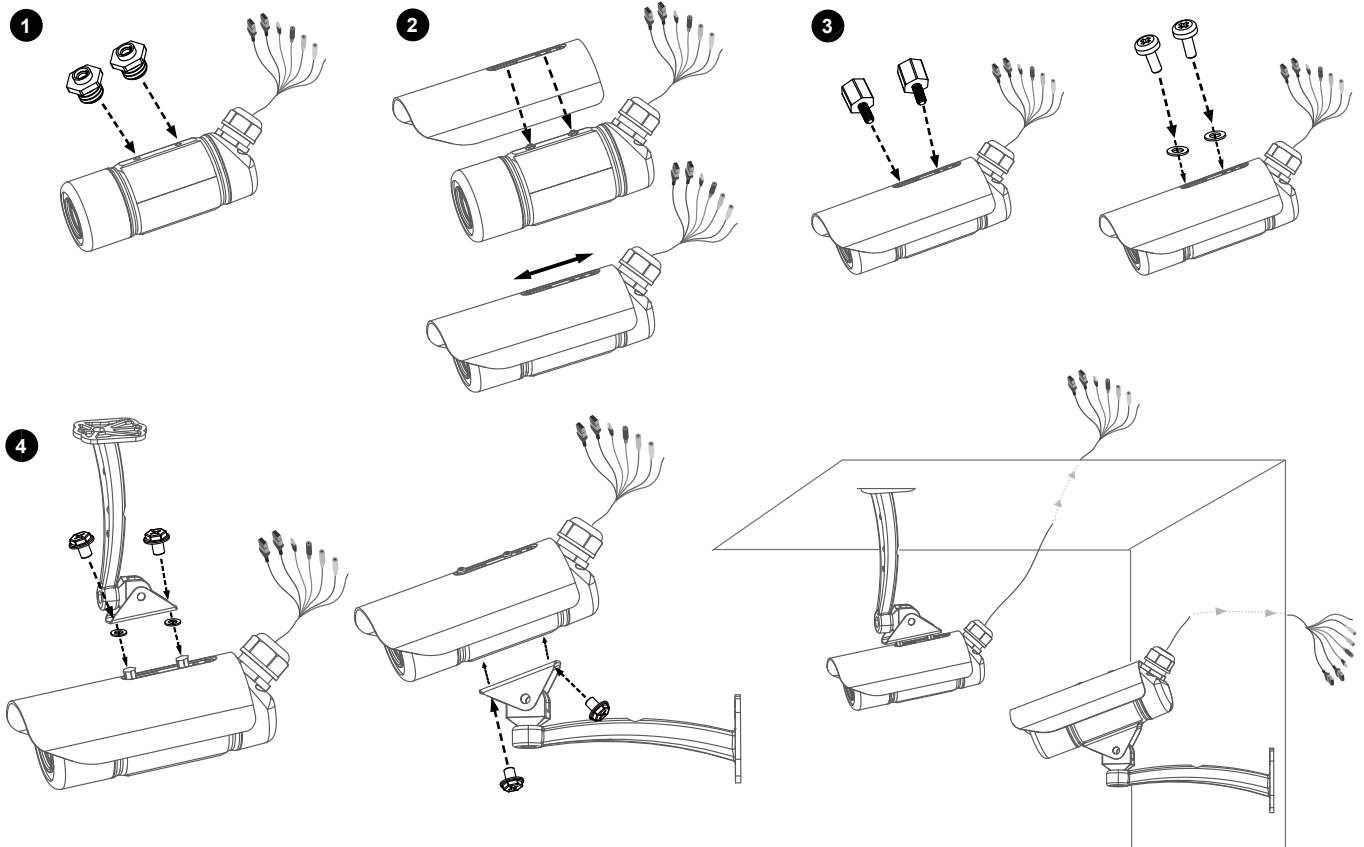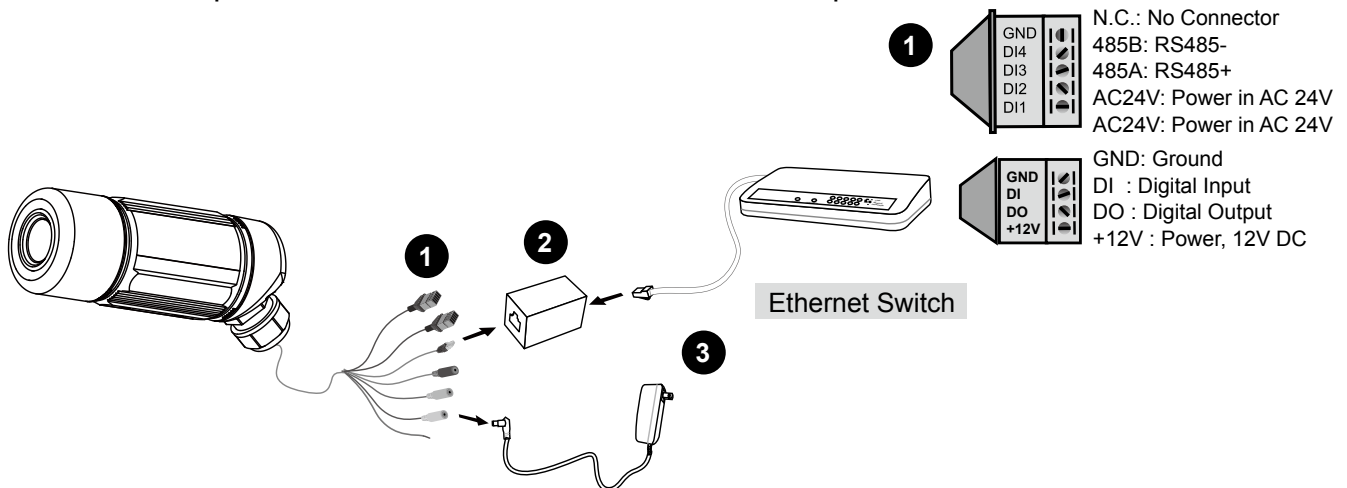
Network Deployment

Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to an Internet connection.

1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, make the connection from the general I/O terminal block.

2. Use the supplied RJ45 female/female coupler to connect the Network Camera to a switch.
   Use Category 5 Cross Cable when Network Camera is directly connected to PC.

3. Connect the power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

N.C.: No Connector
485B: RS485-
485A: RS485+
AC24V: Power in AC 24V
AC24V: Power in AC 24V

GND: Ground
DI : Digital Input
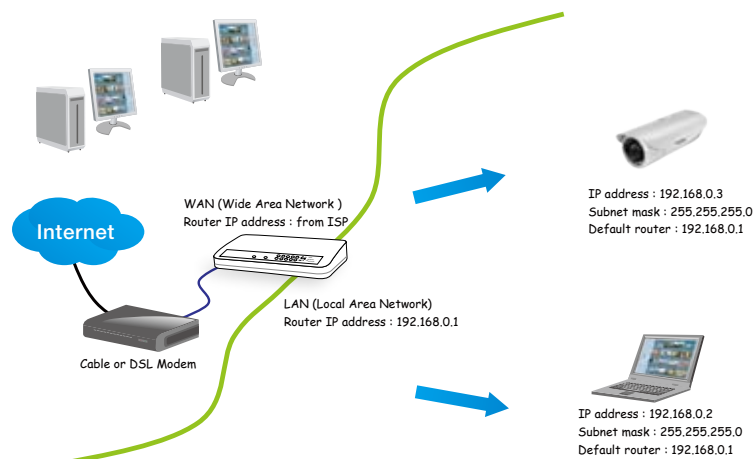DO : Digital Output
+12V : Power, 12V DC

Ethernet Switch

There are several ways to set up the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to set up the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 11 for details.

WAN (Wide Area Network)
Router IP address : from ISP

Internet

LAN (Local Area Network)
Router IP address : 192.168.0.1

Cable or DSL Modem

IP address : 192.168.0.3
Subnet mask : 255.255.255.0
Default router : 192.168.0.1

IP address : 192.168.0.2
Subnet mask : 255.255.255.0
Default router : 192.168.0.1

2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.

■ HTTP port
■ RTSP port
■ RTP port for audio
■ RTCP port for audio
■ RTP port for video
■ RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 33 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 33 for details.

Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 34 for details.

## Set up the Network Camera through Power over Ethernet (PoE)

When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, which allows it to be powered via a single Ethernet cable. If your switch/router supports PoE, refer to the following illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch/router.

power + data transmission
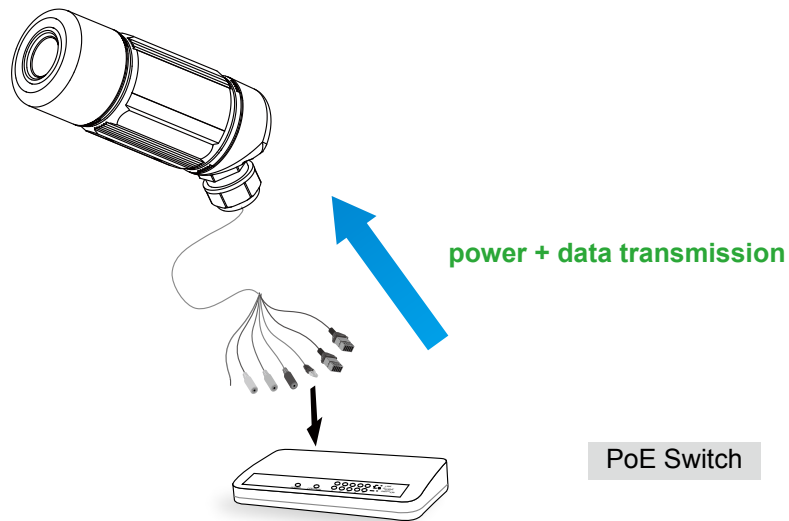
PoE Switch

When using a non-PoE switch

If your switch/router does not support PoE, use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch/router.

PoE Power Injector
(optional)

Non-PoE Switch
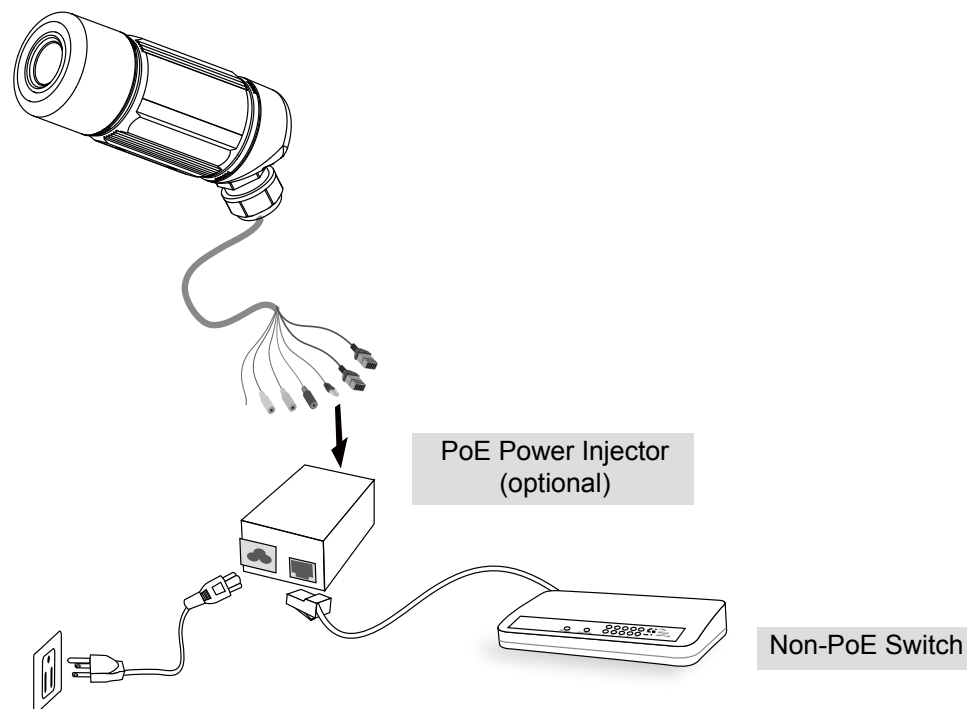
Software Installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD.
   Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.

2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment.
   After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.

4. After searching, the main installer window will pop up. Click on the MAC and model name which matches the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via Internet Explorer.
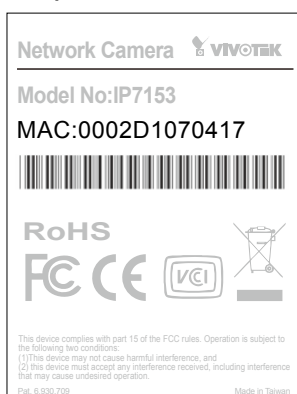
Ready to Use

1. Access the Network Camera from the LAN.
2. Retrieve live video through a web browser or recording software.

Accessing the Network Camera

This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using Web Browsers

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras on the LAN.
If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Netwotk Camera:
1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft® Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press **Enter**.
3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.
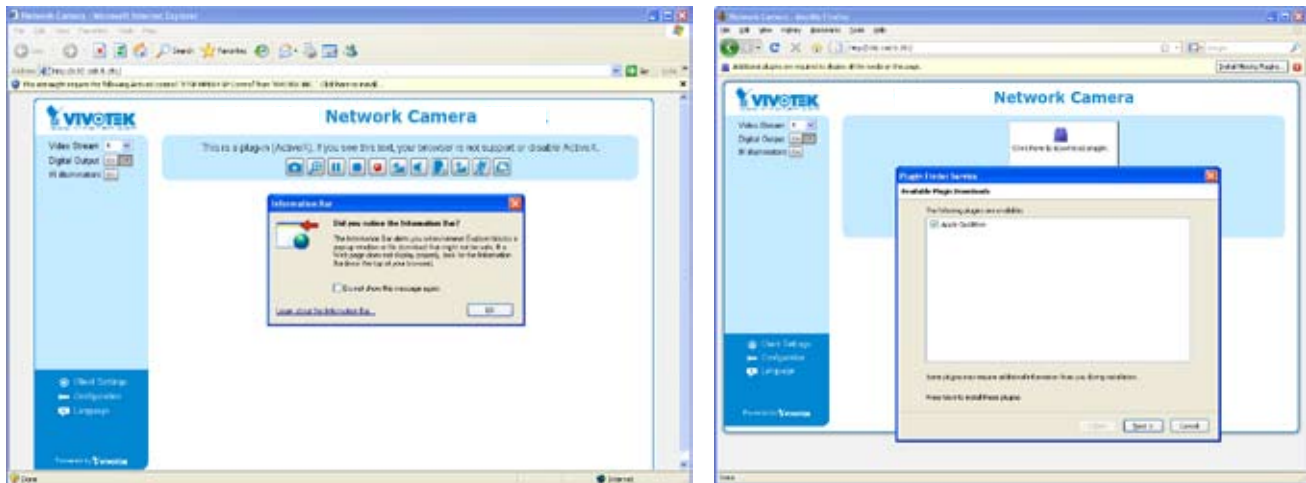

NOTE

► *For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you do not have Quick Time on your computer, please download it first, then launch the web browser.*
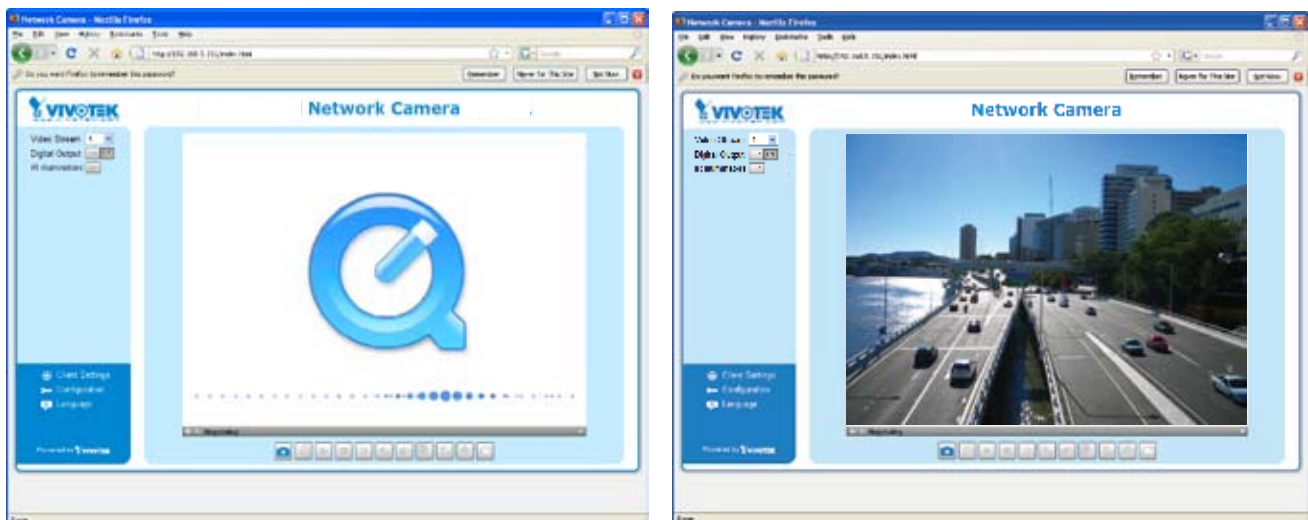
► *By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera.*
For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 27.

► *If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX® Controls, please enable the ActiveX® Controls for your browser.*

1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.
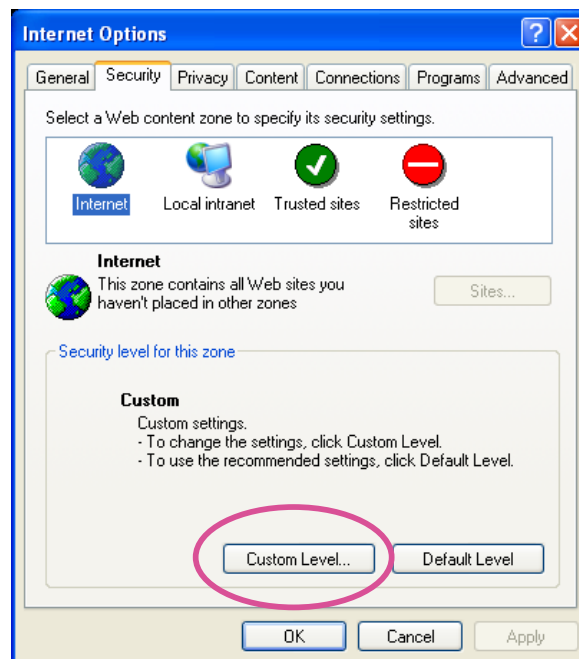
2. Look for Download signed ActiveX® controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click **OK**.
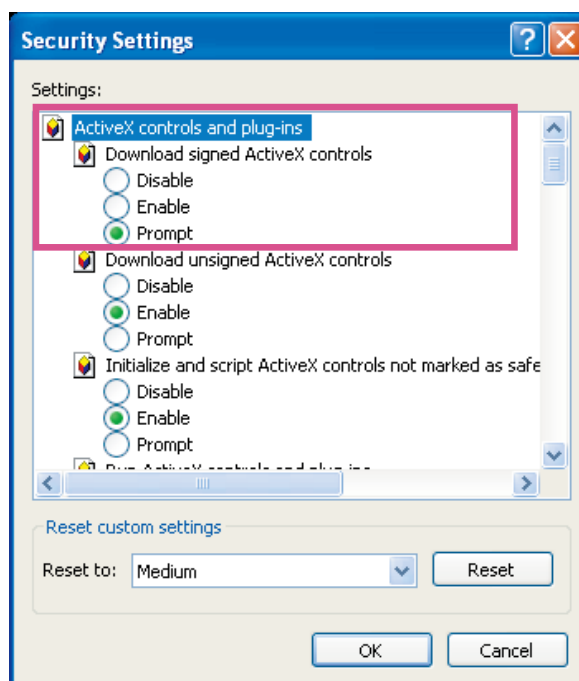
3. Refresh your web browser, then install the Active X® control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

Using RTSP Players

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.

Quick Time Player

Real Player

1. Launch the RTSP player.
2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 42.
For example:
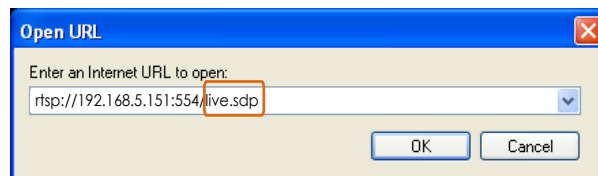
4. The live video will be displayed in your player.
   For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 42 for details.

Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 8.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable.
   For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 42.

2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below.
   For more information, please refer to Audio and Video on page 49.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 42.

4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).

5. Type the following URL commands in the player.
   The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>.
   For example:
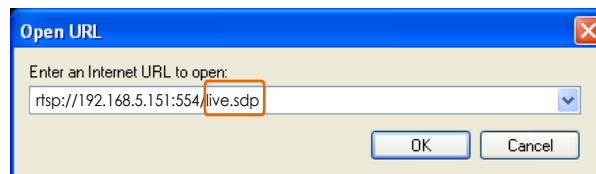
Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from http://www.vivotek.com.

Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, and Live Video Window.
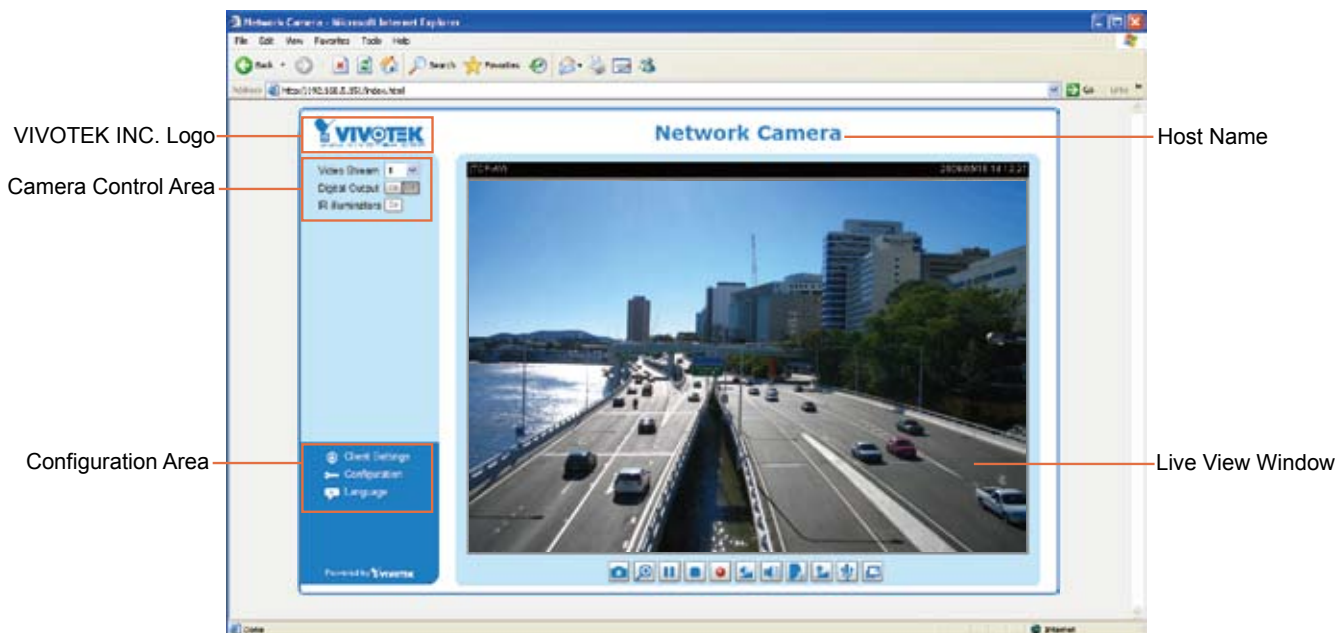
VIVOTEK INC. Logo

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

Host Name

The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 25.

Camera Control Area

Video Stream: This Network Cmera supports MJPEG or MPEG-4 dual streams simultaneously. You can select either one for live viewing.

Digital Output: Click to turn the digital output device on or off.
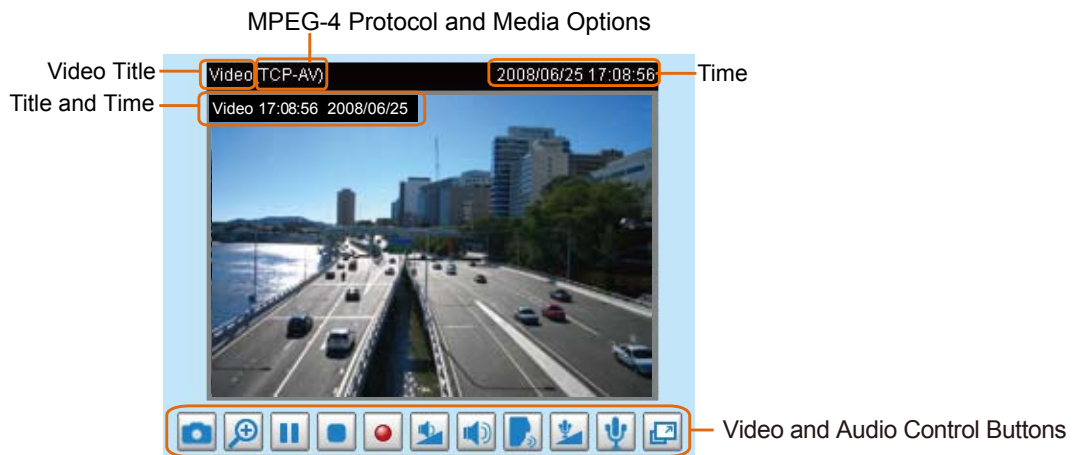
Configuration Area

Client Settings: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 22.

Configuration: Click this button to access the configuration page of the Network Camera. It is suggested that a password be applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 24.

Language: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 简体中文, and 繁體中文.

Live Video Window

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MPEG-4:

Video Title: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 49.

MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options: The transmission protocol and media options for MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 22.

Time: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 49.

Title and Time: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 49.

Video and Audio Control Buttons: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.
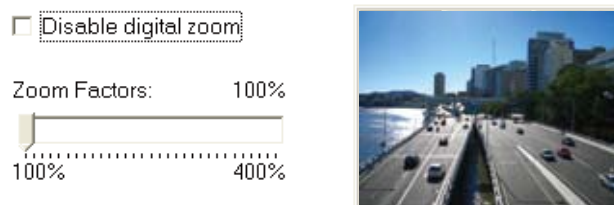
Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the ▶ Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the ▶ Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the ■ Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 23 for details.

[icon] Volume: When the [icon] Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.

[icon] Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the [icon] Audio On button after clicking the Mute button.

[icon] Talk: Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button [icon] again to end talking transmission.

[icon] Mic Volume: When the [icon] Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume on the local computer.

[icon] Mute: Turn off the [icon] Mic volume on the local computer. The button becomes the [icon] Mic On button after clicking the Mute button.

[icon] Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:

Video Title: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 49.

Time: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 49.

Title and Time: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 49.

Video and Audio Control Buttons: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

[icon] Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

⊕ <u>Digital Zoom</u>: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.

● <u>Start MP4 Recording</u>: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the ▪ Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 23 for details.

⊞ <u>Full Screen</u>: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

MPEG-4 Media Options

MPEG-4 Media Options
- ⊙ Video and Audio
- ○ Video Only
- ○ Audio Only

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to MPEG-4.

MPEG-4 Protocol Options

MPEG-4 Protocol Options
- ○ UDP Unicast
- ○ UDP Multicast
- ⊙ TCP
- ○ HTTP

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of MPEG-4 streaming:

UDP unicast: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

UDP multicast: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 42.

TCP: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

HTTP: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

MP4 Saving Options

> ### MP4 Saving Options
>
> Folder: `c:\Record`   Browse...
>
> File name prefix: `CLIP`
>
> ☑ Add date and time suffix to file name

Save

Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking 🔴 Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File Name Prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.

CLIP_20090108-180853

↑   ↑

File name prefix   Date and time suffix
The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS
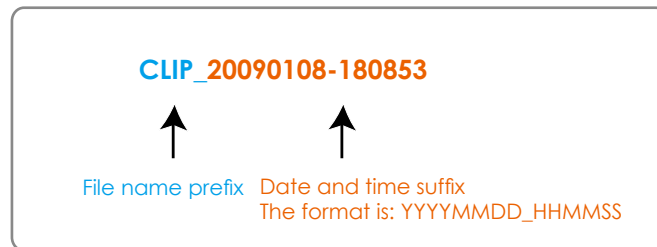
Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your network camera with minimal effort. To simplify the setting procedure, two types of user interfaces are available: Advanced Mode for professional users and Basic Mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ Recording/ System log/ View parameters) are not displayed in Basic Mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced Mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced Mode.

In order to simplify the user interface, the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

The following is the interface of the Basic Mode and the Advanced Mode:

Basic Mode
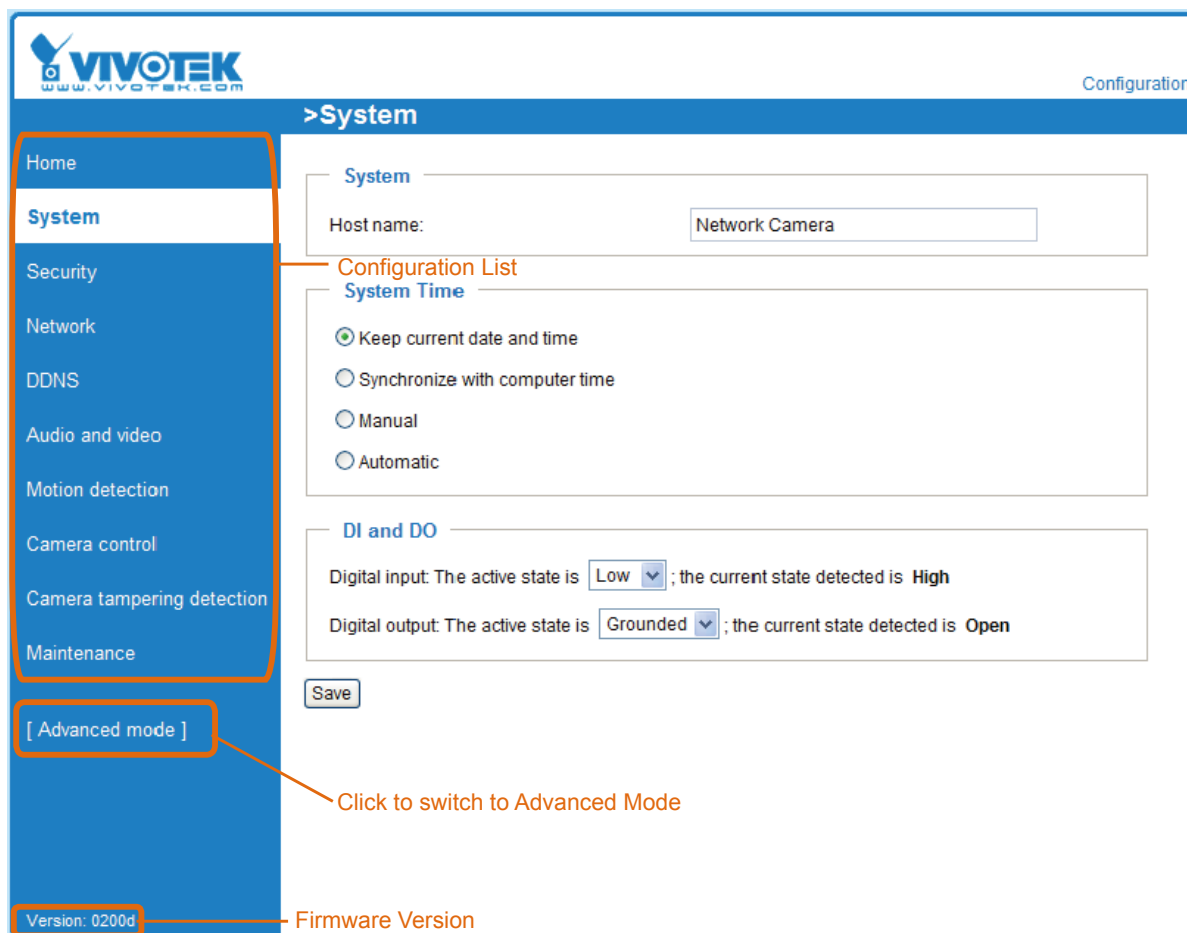
Advanced Mode

Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that are displayed only in Advanced Mode are marked with Advanced Mode . If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced Mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch over.

System

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

System

Host name: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

System Time

Keep current date and time: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

Sync with computer time: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

Manual: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

Automatic: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

NTP server: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time servers.

Update interval: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

Time zone Advanced Mode : Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules on the Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File on page 89 for details.

DI and DO
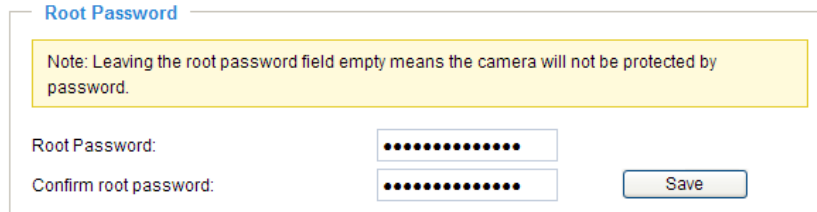
Digital input: Select High or Low to define normal status for the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

Digital output: Select Grounded or Open to define normal status for the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.
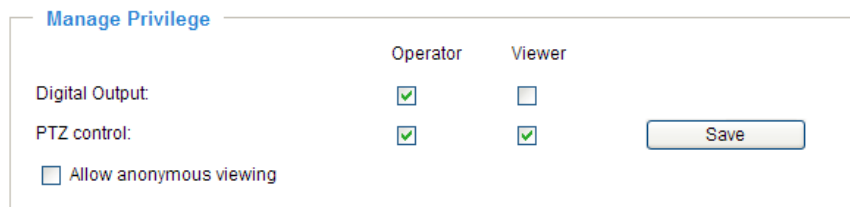
Root Password

The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the "root" account first.
1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.
2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

Manage Privilege Advanced Mode
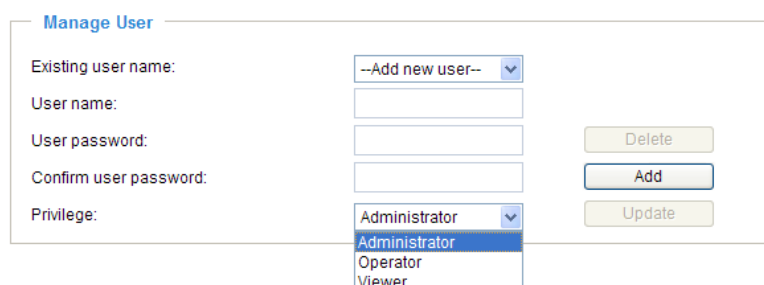
Digital Output & PTZ control: You can modify the manage privilege of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 18.)

Allow anonymous viewing: If you check this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Manage User

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.
1. Input the new user's name and password.
2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click **Add** to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators cannot access the Configurationpage, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 92. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.
1. Select an existing account to modify.
2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install a certificate first in the second column before clicking the **Save** button.

Create and Install Certificate Method

Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

1. Select this option.
2. In the first column, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
3. Click **Save** to generate a certificate.

4. The Certificate Information will automatically de displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to view detailed information about the certificate.

5. Click **Home** to return to the main page. Change the address from "http://" to "https://" in the address bar and press **Enter** on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click **OK** or **Yes** to enable HTTPS.

https://
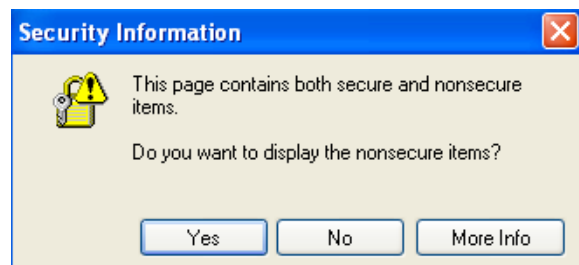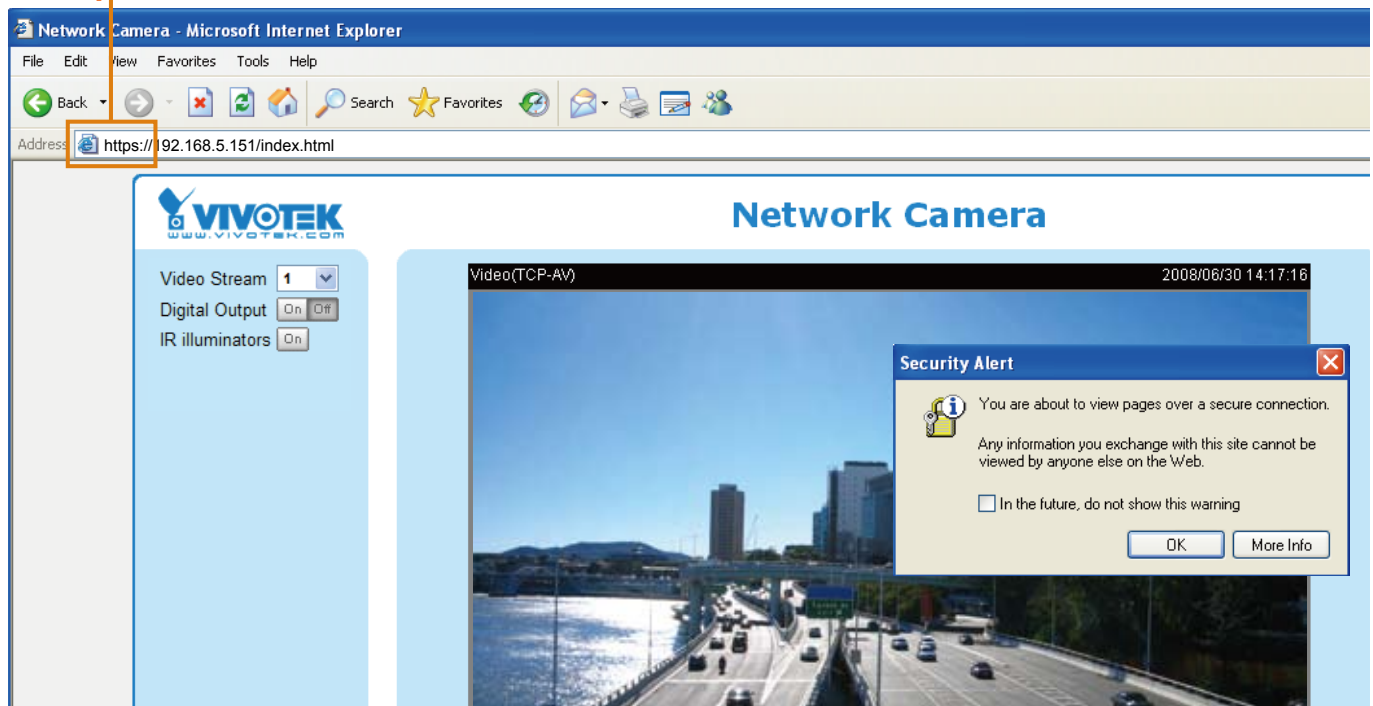
Create self-signed certificate manually

1. Select this option.
2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

3. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to see detailed information about the certificate.

Create certificate and install : Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

1. Select this option.
2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

Create Certificate

Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com
Validity:	9999 days

Save   Close

Please wait while the certificate is being generated...

3. If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.
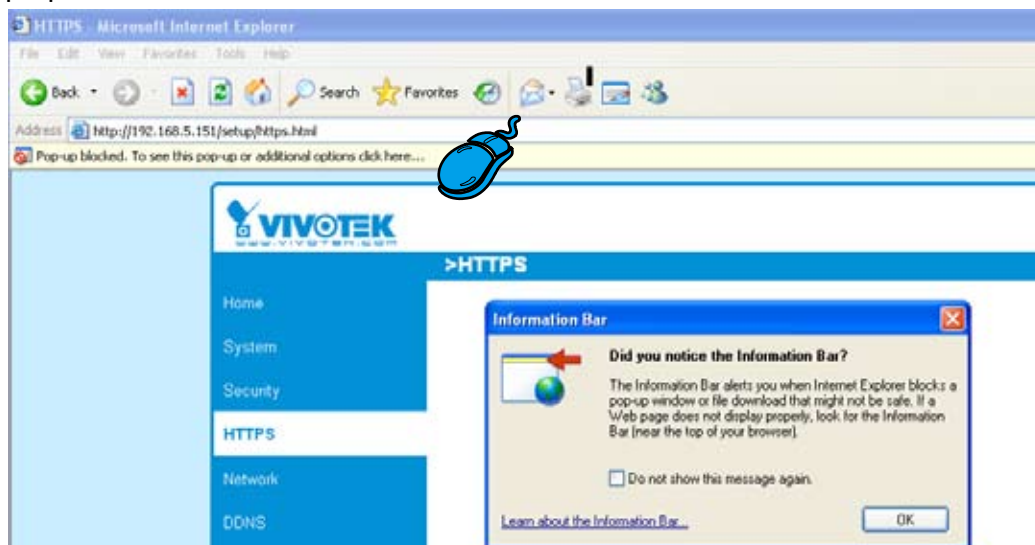
4. The pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.

Create Certificate Request Completed

Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to install it by clicking the "Upload" button on HTTPS page.

Certificate Request (PEM format)

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBuDCCASECADB5MQswCQYDVQQGEwJUVzERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQ
BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEaMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYW5pemF0aW9uIE5hbWUxEjAQ
BgNVBAsTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzANBgkqhkiG
9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwgYkCgYEAuOT75EY52gsSyPFMxZ7wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw6
0MRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+K5oEPBPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSLG57bW9SoxrWuLhSvRZW
mCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgMvbALcxT+hCIeDCWYnRqh/fpKNj+BxvVoN
UrcCAwEAAaAAMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAAVazWOAtftfU9dyFgTxOYO1D/zO
F0TkbnD0QG18e4ftJ3rROD1TvIIMjg3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLYoBrtaSqdCUqGiX
50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOScCHOQGtH+
PX9dw4OJWkIC8QhV
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; click **Browse...** to search for the issued certificate, then click Upload in the second column.

NOTE

► *How do I cancel the HTTPS settings?*
  1. Uncheck **Enable HTTPS secure connection** *in the first column and click* **Save**; *a warning dialog will pop up.*
  2. Click **OK** *to disable HTTPS.*

3. The webpage will redirect to a non-HTTPS page automatically.

► *If you want to create and install other certificates, please remove the existing one. To remove the signed certificate, uncheck* **Enable HTTPS secure connection** *in the first column and click* **Save**. *Then click* **Remove** *to erase the certificate.*
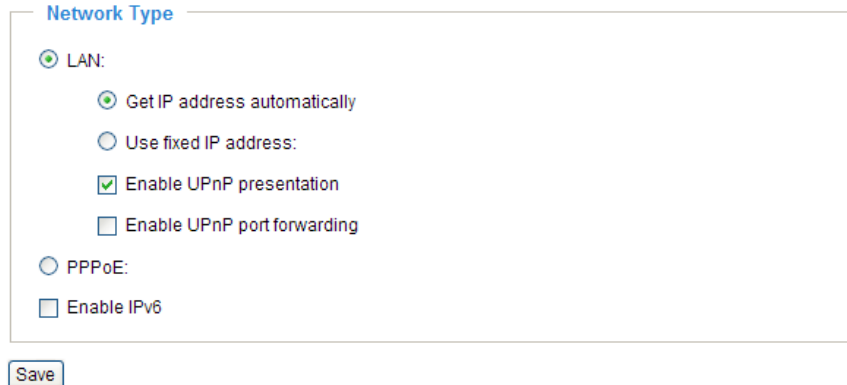
Network

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

LAN
Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

Get IP address automatically: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 11 for details.
2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

Enable UPnP presentation: Select this option to enable UPnP^{TM} presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnP^{TM} is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnP^{TM} component is installed on your computer.
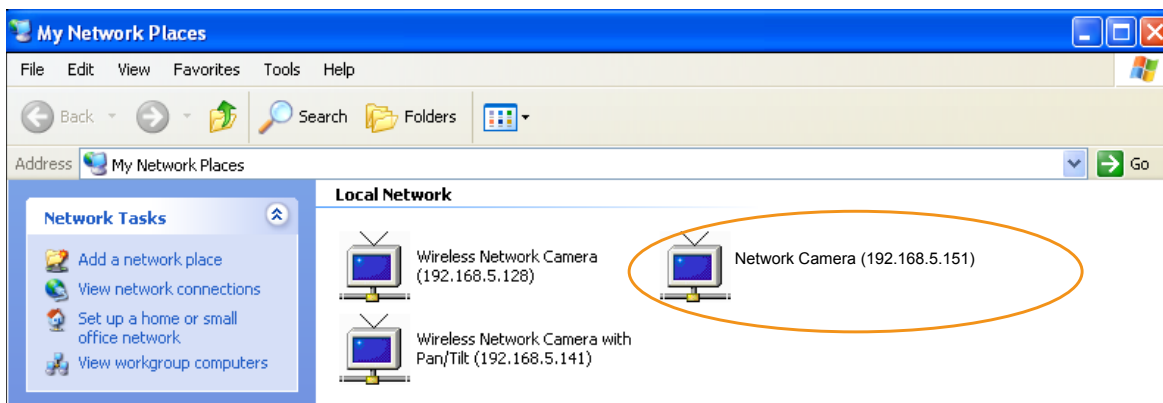
<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnP^TM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.
1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server Settings on page 76) to add a new email or FTP server.
3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 79). Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

5. The Network Camera will reboot.
6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment.

NOTE

► *If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.*

► *If UPnP^TM is not supported by your router, you will see the following message:*
   Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.

► *Steps to enable the UPnP^TM user interface on your computer:*
Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP^TM components.

1. *Go to Start, click **Control Panel**, then click **Add or Remove Programs**.*
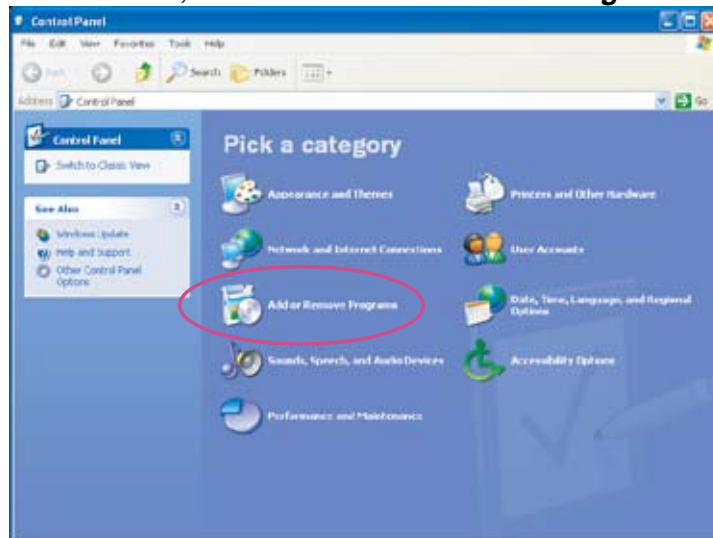
2. *In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click **Add/Remove Windows Components**.*
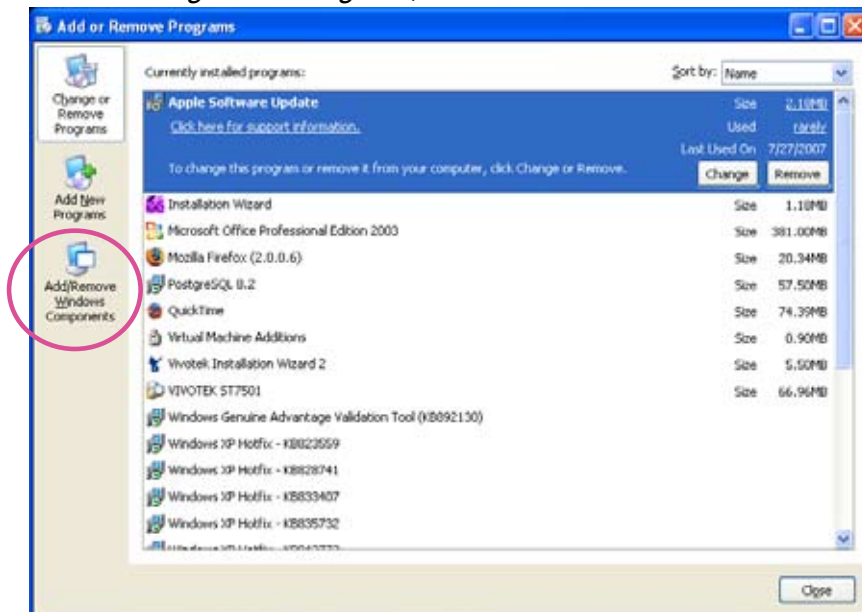
3. *In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select **Networking Services** and click **Details**.*
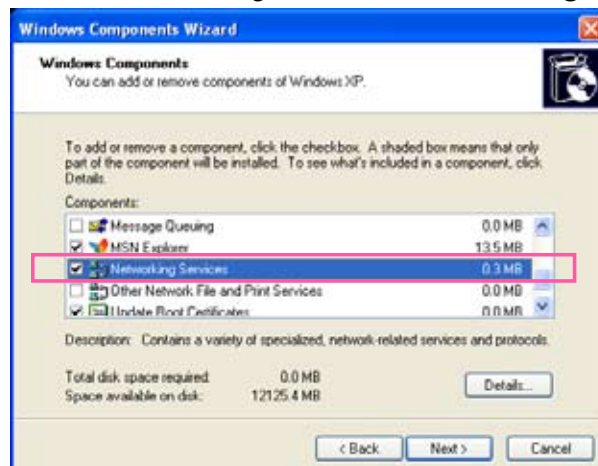
*4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select **Universal Plug and Play** and click **OK**.*
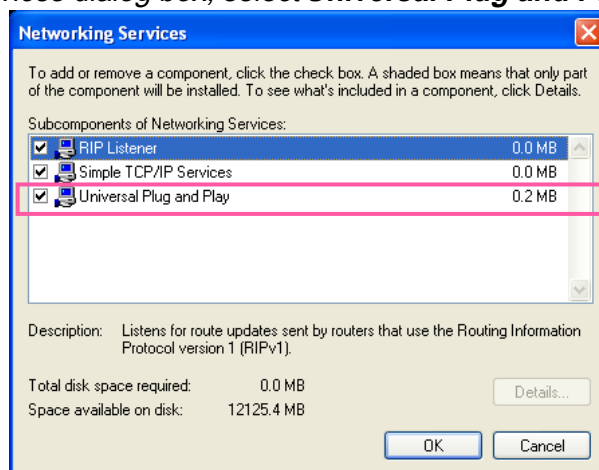
*5. Click **Next** in the following window.*
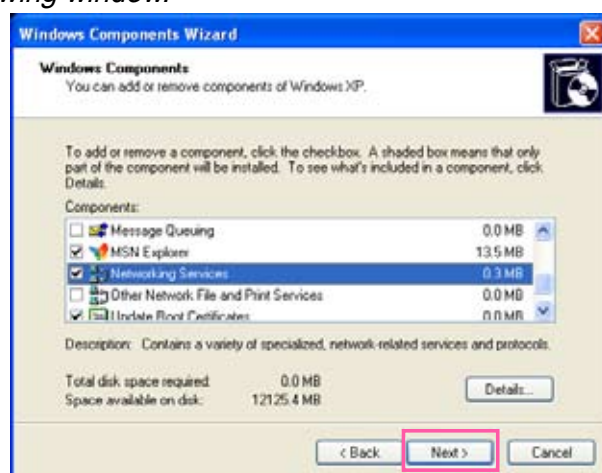
*6. Click **Finish**. UPnP^{TM} is enabled.*

► *How does UPnP^{TM} work?*
UPnP^{TM} networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.

► *Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.*

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

► *If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 88 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.*

Enable IPv6

Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft® Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.

When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.

If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

Refers to Ethernet

[eth0 address]

2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64 @Global ——— Link-global IPv6 address/network mask

fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64 @Link ——— Link-local IPv6 address/network mask

[Gateway]

fe80::211:d8ff:fea2:1a2b

[DNS]

2010:05c0:978d::

Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:
1. Open your web browser.
2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
3. The format should be:

http://[**2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4**]/

↑
IPv6 address

4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage.
   For example:
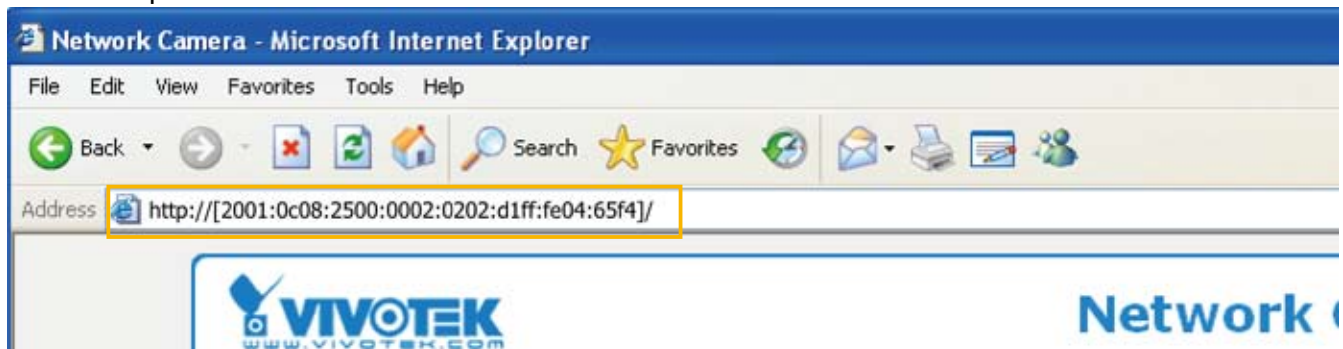
NOTE

► *If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to* **HTTP** *on page 39 for detailed information.)*

http://[**2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4**]/:**8080**

↑   ↑
IPv6 address   Secondary HTTP port

► *If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPP0 address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below.*

[eth0 address]
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/64@Link
[ppp0 address]
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/10@Link
2001:b100:01c0:0002:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/64@Global
[Gateway]
fe80::90:1a00:4142:8ced
[DNS]
2001:b000::1

Manually setup the IP address: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers.
If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

☑ Enable IPv6

IPv6 Information

☑ Manually setup the IP address

Optional IP address / Prefix length [   ] / 64

Optional default router [   ]

Optional primary DNS [   ]

HTTP Advanced Mode

To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 27 for details.

HTTP	
Authentication:	basic ▼
HTTP port:	80
Secondary HTTP port:	8080
Access name for stream 1:	video.mjpg
Access name for stream 2:	video2.mjpg

Authentication: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.
If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:

Microsoft Internet Explorer
⚠ HTTP port must be 80 or from 1025 to 65535
OK

Microsoft Internet Explorer
⚠ Secondary HTTP port must be from 1025 to 65535
OK
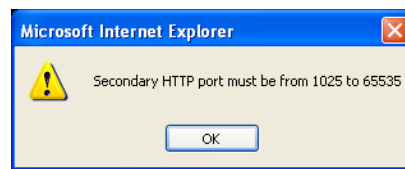
To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

In LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2: The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>
For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:
1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
2. Type the URL command in the address bar. Press **Enter**.
3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.

NOTE

► *Microsoft® Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using* http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> *will fail to access the Network Camera.*

HTTPS

By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Two way audio

By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on the Audio and Video Settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 22 and Audio and Video Settings on page 49.
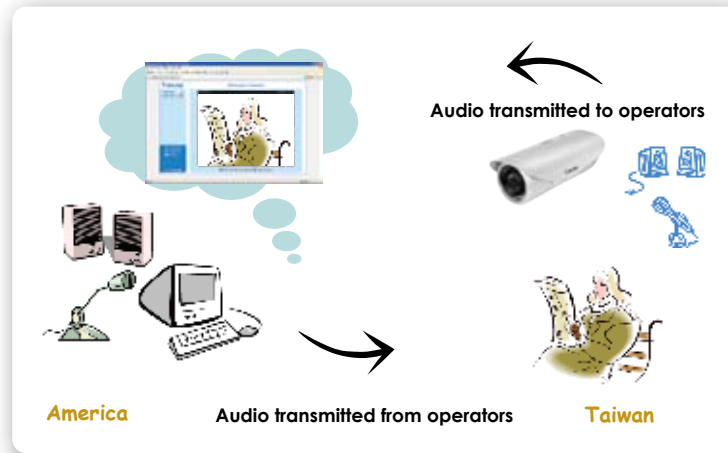
Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera

Mute

Talk Button   Mic Volume

Click ![icon] to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click ![icon] to adjust the volume of microphone; click ![icon] to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click ![icon] again.

FTP

The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 27 for details.

Authentication: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	O	O
Basic	O	O
Digest	O	X

Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2: This Network camera supports dual streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to MPEG-4 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:
1. Launch an RTSP player.
2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
3. Type the URL command in the text box. For example:
4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.
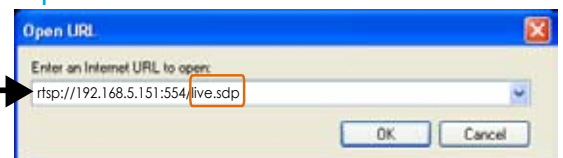
RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio
■ RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.

■ The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.

■ The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:
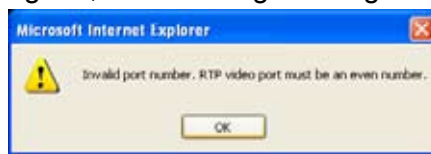
Multicast settings for stream 1 / Multicast settings for stream 2: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for stream 1 or stream 2.

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and is thus always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:

Multicast TTL [1~255]: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.
VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO.com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.
Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net
1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.

4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

■ CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

Forget key: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:
■ Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
■ TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
■ DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
■ dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Access List Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

General Settings

Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

View Information: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections. For example:

	IP address	Elapsed time	User ID
☐	192.168.1.147	12:20:34	root
☐	61.22.15.3	00:10:09	
☐	192.168.3.25	45:00:34	greg

■ IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.

■ Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.

■ User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:
1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security on page 27.
2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 42.
3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing,** please refer to Security on page 27.

■ Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.

■ Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check **Enable access list filtering** and click **Save** in the first column.

■ Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

Enable access list filtering: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

Filter

There are two lists for permission control: Allowed list and Denied list. Only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Allowed list and not on the Denied list can access the Network Camera. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to page 37 for detailed information.

■ Add a rule to Allowed/Denied list: Click **Add** to add a rule to Allowed/Denied list.

There are three types of rules:
Single: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list.
For example:

Network: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List.
For example:

filter address

Rule: Network

Network address / Network mask 192.168.2.0 / 24

OK   Cancel

IP address 192.168.2.x will be bolcked.

Range: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List. This rule is only applied to IPv4.
For example:

filter address

Rule: Range

IP address - IP address 192.168.2.0 - 192.168.2.255

OK   Cancel

■ Delete Allowed/Denied list:
In the Delete Allowed List or Delete Denied List column, make a selection and click **Delete**.

NOTE

► *For example, when the range of IP addresses in the allowed list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 192.255.255.255 and the range in the denied list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 170.255.255.255, only users' IP located between 171.0.0.0 and 192.255.255.255 can access the Network Camera.*

Allowed List   Denied List
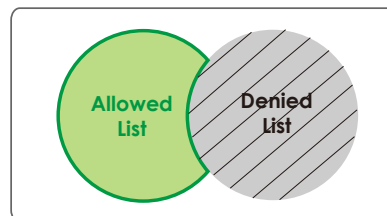
Administrator IP address
Always allow the IP address to access this device: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.

Administrator IP address

☐ Always allow the IP address to access this device

Save

Audio and Video

This section explains how to cofigure the audio and video settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following two columns: Video Settings and Audio Settings.

Video Settings

Video title: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.

Color: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

Power line frequency: Set the power line frequency consistent with local utility settings to eliminate image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, you must disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

Video orientation: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (ex. on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation.

Overlay title and time stamp on video: Select this option to place the video title and time on the video streams.

Note that when the frame size is set to 176 x 144 as shown in the picture below, only the time will be stamped on the video streams.

Image Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Image settings** to open the Image Settings page. On this page, you can tune the White balance, Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness settings for the video.

White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

■ Auto
The Network Camera automatically adjusts the color temperature of the light in response to different light sources. The white balance setting defaults to **Auto** and works well in most situations.

■ Keep current value
Follow the steps below to manually set the white balance to compensate for the ambient lighting conditions.
1. Set the White balance to **Auto** and click **Save**.
2. Place a sheet of white paper in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
3. Select Keep Current Value to confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
4. Click **Save** to enable the new setting.

Image Adjustment

■ Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.

■ Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.

■ Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.

■ Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

Privacy Mask Advanced Mode
Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.

■ To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
1. Click **New** to add a new window.
2. Use the mouse to size and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
4. Select **Enable privacy mask** to enable this function.

NOTE

► *Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set up on the same screen.*

► *If you want to delete the privacy mask window, please click the 'x' on the upper right-hand corner of the window.*

Sensor Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Sensor Settings** to open the Sensor Settings page. On this page, you can set the exposure level, and AGC (Auto Gain Control) settings.

You can configure two sets of sensor settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as day/night/schedule mode.

Sensor Setting 1:
For normal situations

Sensor Setting 2:
For special situations

■ Exposure level: You can manually set the exposure level, which ranges from 1 to 8 (dark to bright). The default value is 4.

■ Max gain (Auto Gain Control): You can manually set the AGC level (2X, 4X or 8X). The default value is 4X.

■ Enable WDR (Wide Dynamic Range): Select this option to enable the WDR function. With WDR, the Network Camera can cope with very challenging lighting conditionsby combining the dark and bright parts of an image to generate a realistic image representative of what is seen with the human eye. Note: If you select this function, Exposure level and Enable AGC function will be disabled.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Sensor Settings Profile Settings page as shown below.

Please follow the steps beolw to set up a profile:
1. Check **Enable this profile**.
2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose Schedule mode.
3. Configure Exposure settings in the second column. Please refer to last page for detailed information.
4. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

Video quality settings for stream 1 / stream 2 Advanced Mode
The Network Camera offers two choices of video compression standards for real-time viewing: MPEG-4 and MJPEG.

Click the items to display the detailed configuration settings. You can set up two seperate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers.

If **MPEG-4** mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are four parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode which allow you to adjust the video performance:

▾ Video quality settings for stream 1:

⦿ MPEG-4:

Frame size:	720x480 ▾
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps ▾
Intra frame period:	1/4 S ▾

Video quality:

○ Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps ▾
⦿ Fixed quality:	Excellent ▾

○ JPEG:

■ Frame size
  Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 352 x 240, and 720 x 480.

■ Maximum frame rate
  This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

  If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

■ Intra frame period
  Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

■ Video quality
  A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if **Constant bit rate** is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, and 4Mbps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

  On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:

■ Frame size
Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 352 x 240, and 720 x 480.

■ Maximum frame rate
This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

■ Video quality
The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

NOTE

► *Video quality and fixed quality refers to the **compression rate**, so a lower value will produce higher quality.*

Day/Night Settings

Switch to B/W in night mode
Select this to enable the Network Camera to automatically switch to B/W during night mode.

IR cut filter
With a removable IR-cut filter and built-in IR illuminators effective up to 15m, this Network Camera can automatically remove the filter and turn on the IR illuminators to let IR light into the sensor during low light conditions.

■ Auto mode
  The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light.

■ Day mode
  In day mode, the Network Camera switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted.

■ Night mode
  In night mode, the Network Camera switches off the IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to accept infrared light, thus helping to improve low light sensitivity.

■ Schedule mode
  The Network Camera switches between day mode and night mode based on a specified schedule. Enter the start and end time for day mode. Note that the time format is [hh:mm] and is expressed in 24-hour clock time. By default, the start and end time of day mode are set to 07:00 and 18:00.

Disable IR LED:
If you do not want to use the IR illuminators, you can select this option to turn it off.

Audio Settings

Audio Settings

☐ Mute

Input gain: 0 dB ▾

Audio type:

     ○ AAC:

     ◉ GSM-AMR:

        GSM-AMR bit rate: 12.2 Kbps ▾

[Save]

Mute: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:

Warning ✕

The media type has been changed to video only because the media from server contains no audio

[OK]
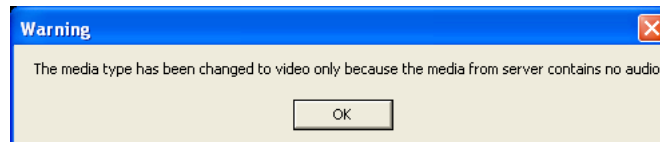
Input gain: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +12 db (most sensitive) ~ -33 db (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate Advanced Mode .

■ AAC provides good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable from: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps, and 128Kbps.

■ GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable from: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps,10.2Kbps, and 12.2Kbps.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

Motion Detection

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.
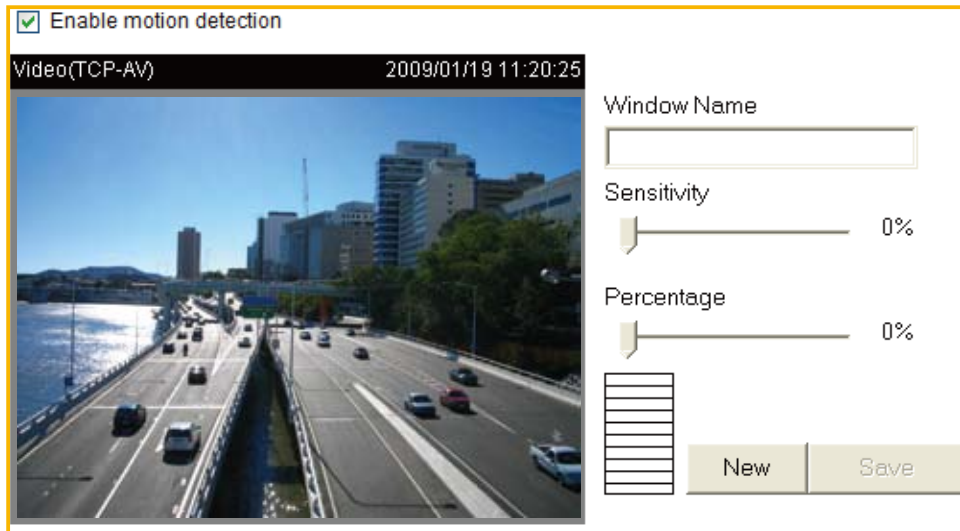
Motion Detection Setting 1: For normal situations
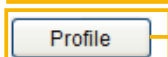
Motion Detection Setting 2: For special situations

Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
2. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
   ■ To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
   ■ To delete window, click X on the top right corner of the window.
3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
4. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
5. Select **Enable motion detection** to enable this function.

For example:
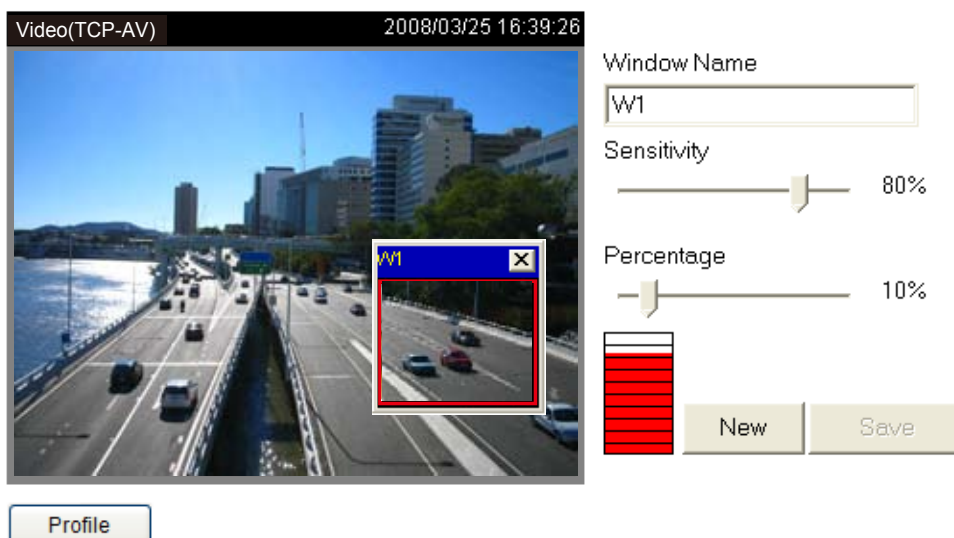
The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Application on page 70.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.

Percentage = 30%
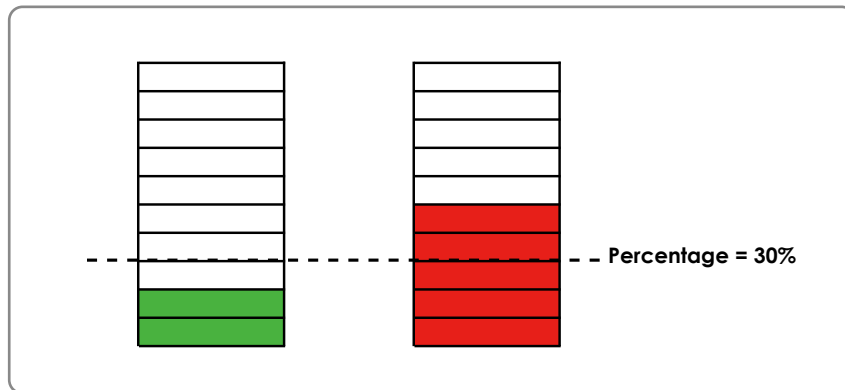
If you want to configure other motion detection settings for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Motion Detection Profile Settings page as shown below. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured on this page as well.

Please follow the steps beolw to set up a profile:
1. Create a new motion detection window.
2. Check **Enable this profile**.
3. Select the applicable mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a time range if you choose Schedule mode.
4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event Settings page. You can go to Application > Event Settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 72 for detailed information.

NOTE

► *How does motion detection work?*
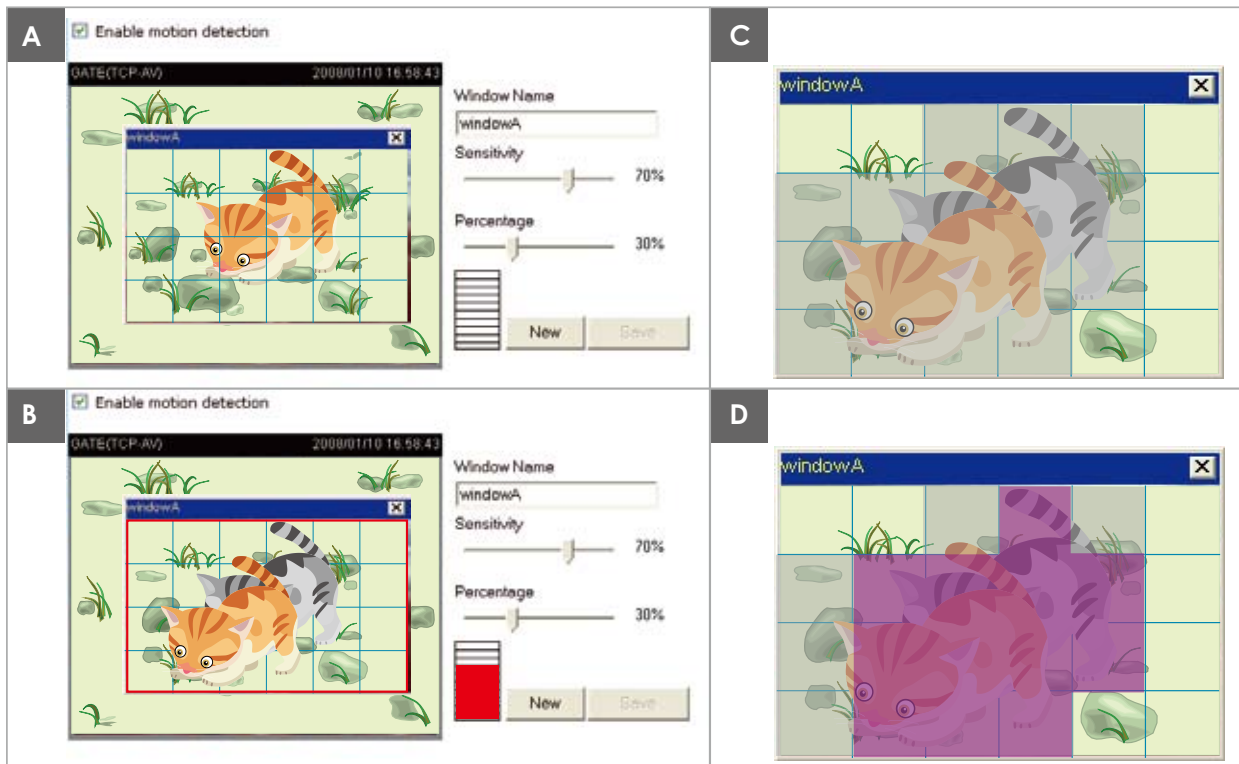
There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Camera Control

This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom operation by connecting to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface.

RS485 Settings

Disable: Select this option to disable this function.

PTZ camera: Select this option to enable PTZ operation.
To utilize this feature, please connect the Network Camera to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface first. Then you can configure the PTZ driver and RS485 port with the following settings.

VIVOTEK offers three PTZ drivers: DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, and Pelco D protocol. If none of the above PTZ drivers is supported by your PTZ scanner, please select **Custom camera** (scanner). Please refer to the user's manual of your PTZ scanner to determine the Camera ID, PTZ driver, and Port settings. The Camera ID is necessary to control multiple cameras. If you click **Save** to enable this function, the camera control panel will be displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on page 63.

Transparent HTTP Tunnel: If you want to use your own RS-485 device, you can use UART commands to build a Transparent HTTP Tunnel. The UART commands will be sent through HTTP tunnel established between the RS-485 device and the linked camera. For detailed application notes, please refer to URL Commands on page 92 or http://www.vivotek.com/downloadfiles/faq/videoserver/UART_HTTP_Tunnel.pdf.

Preset Positions

If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PTZ driver and click the **Save** button, the **Preset Position** button will be enabled. Click **Preset Position** to open the settings page. You can also select preset positions for the camera to patrol. A total of 20 preset positions can be configured.

Please follow the steps below to preset a position:
1. Adjust the shooting area to the desired position using the buttons on the right side of the window.
2. Enter a name for the preset position, which allows for up to forty characters. Click **Add** to enable the settings. The preset positions will be displayed under the Preset Location list on the left-hand side.
3. To add additional preset positions, please repeat steps 1~2.
4. To remove a preset position from the list, select it from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.
5. You can click "Go to" to aim the camera at a preset position, which will also displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on the next page.
6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
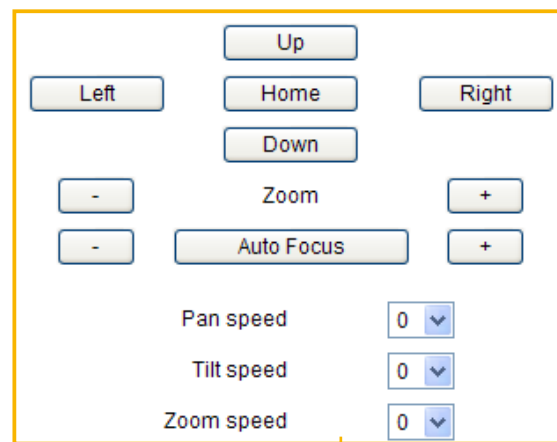
① Functions are the same as the Control Panel on the home page

■ The Camera Control Panel and Preset Positions will be displayed on the home page:

■ Click **Go to**: The Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.

Patrol Settings

You can also select preset positions for the Network Camera to patrol.

Please follow the steps below to set up a patrol schedule:

1. Click a preset location on the list and click **Select**.
2. The selected preset location will be displayed on the **Source** list.
3. Set the **Dwelling time** for the preset location during auto patrol. You can also manually enter a value in the blank and click **Update**.
4. Repeat step 1 and 3 to select additional preset locations.
5. If you want to delete a selected location, select it from the Source list and click **Remove**.
6. Select a location and click **Up** or **Down** to rearrange the patrol order.
7. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
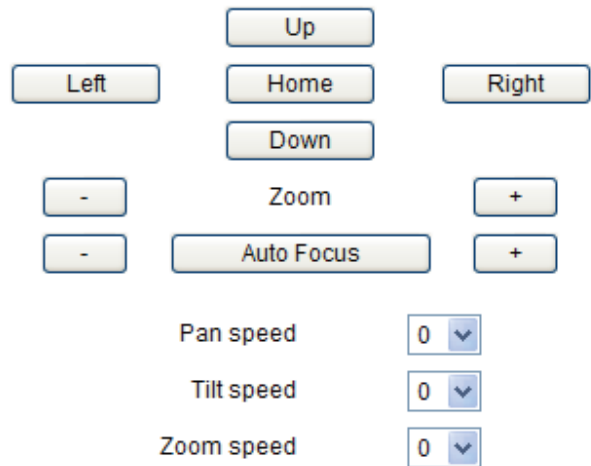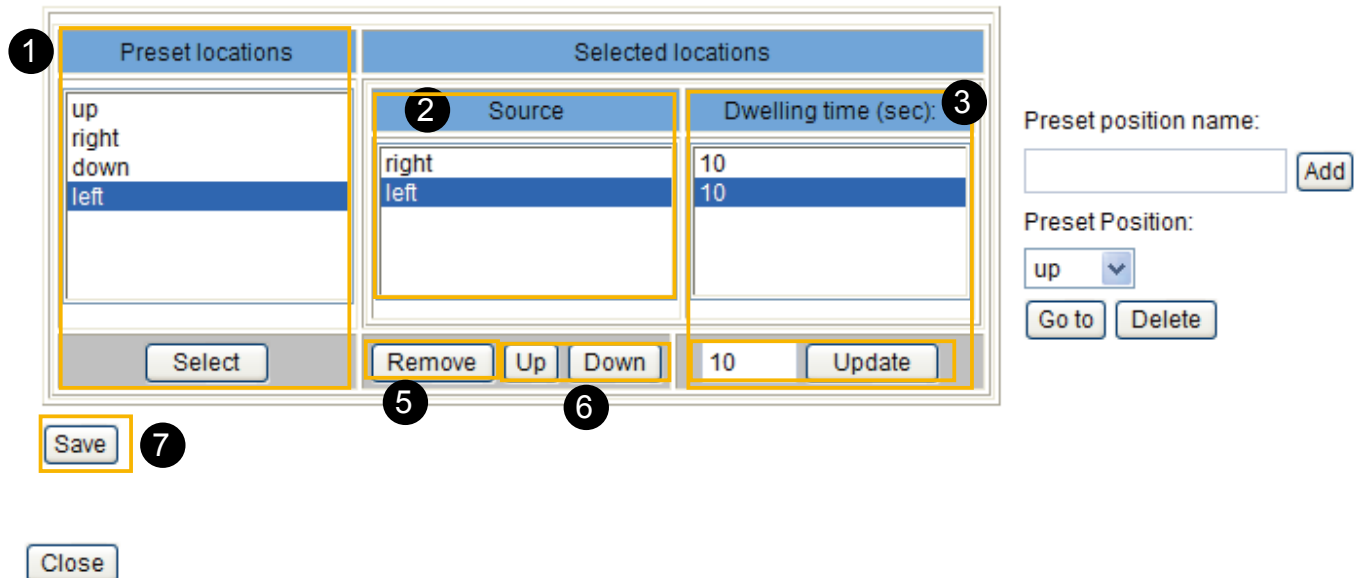
Custom Command

If **Custom Camera (scanner)** is selected as the PTZ driver, the **Preset Position** and **PTZ Control Panel** on the main page will be disabled. You will need to configure command buttons to control the PTZ scanner. Click **Custom Command** to open the Custom Command page to set the commands in the Control Settings session. Please refer to your PTZ scanner user's manual to enter the commands in the following fields. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Control settings:

Up	
Down	
Left	
Right	
Home	
Zoom in	
Zoom out	
Closer focus	
More distant focus	
Auto Focus	

NOTE

►*If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PTZ driver, the Control Settings column will not be displayed.*

Leaving the "Button name" field empty means the command button will not be displayed in the homepage.

	Button name	Command
Command 1:	Upleft	
Command 2:	Upright	
Command 3:	Downleft	
Command 4:	Downright	
Command 5:		

[Save] [Close]

►*For all PTZ drivers, a total of five additional command buttons can be configured.*

►*The command buttons will be displayed on the main page:*
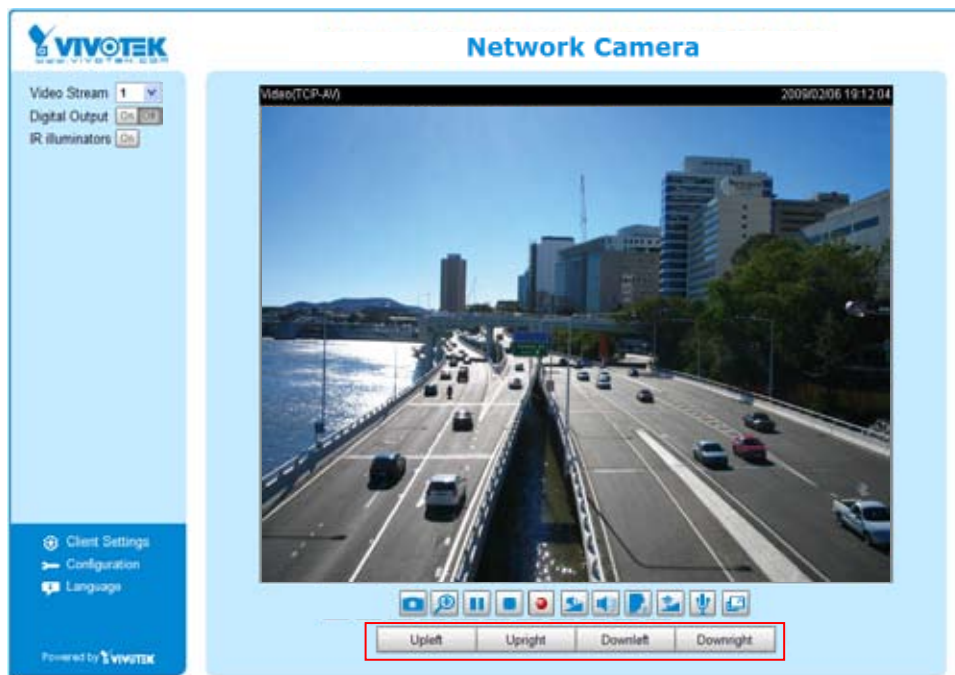
Camera Tampering Detection

This section explains how to set up camera temper detection. With tamper detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking or defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.

Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tamper detection function:
1. Check **Enable camera tampering detection**.
2. Enter the tamper trigger duration. (10 sec. ~ 10 min.) The tamper alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
3. Set up the event source as Camera Tampering Detection on **Application page** > **Event Settings / Server Settings (how to send alarm message) / Media Settings (send what type of alarm message)**. Please refer to page 72 for detailed information.

Homepage Layout Advanced Mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

Preview

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the third column on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:

■ Hide Powered by VIVOTEK: If you check this item, it will be removed from the homepage.

Logo

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:
1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
2. Select a logo from your files.
3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
4. Enter a website link if necessary.
5. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Theme Options

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Preset Patterns

Font Color of the Video Title

Font Color

Background Color of the Control Area

Font Color of the Configuration Area
Background Color of the Configuration Area

Background Color of the Video Area

Frame Color
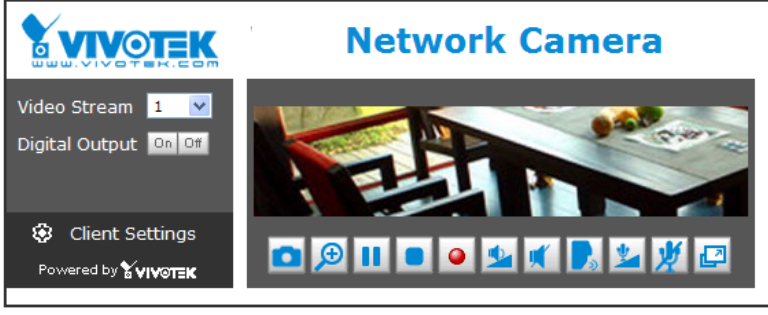
■ Follow the steps below to set up the customed homepage:
1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
2. Click the field where you want to change the color on the right column.

Custom Pattern

Color Selector
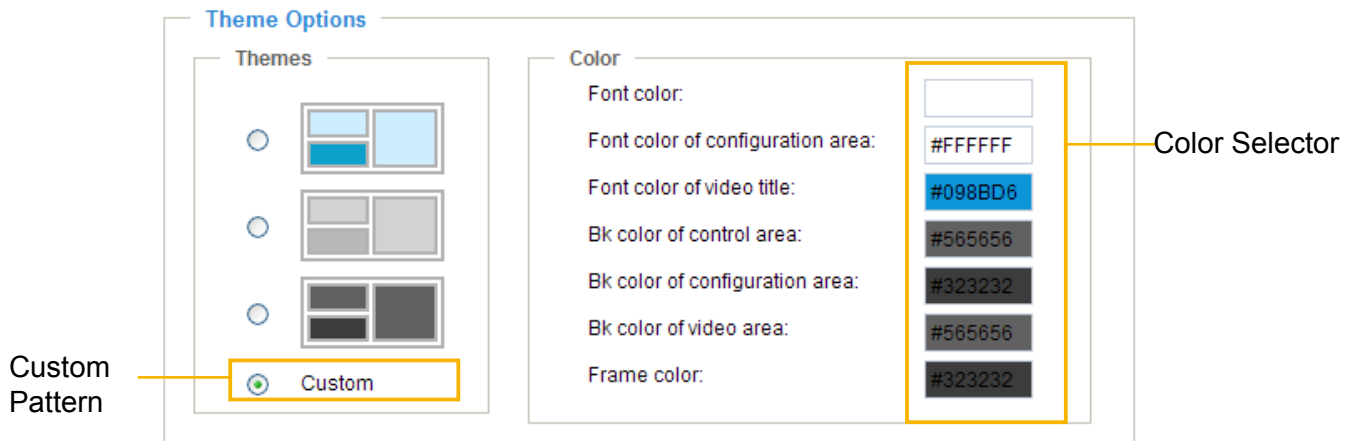
3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.
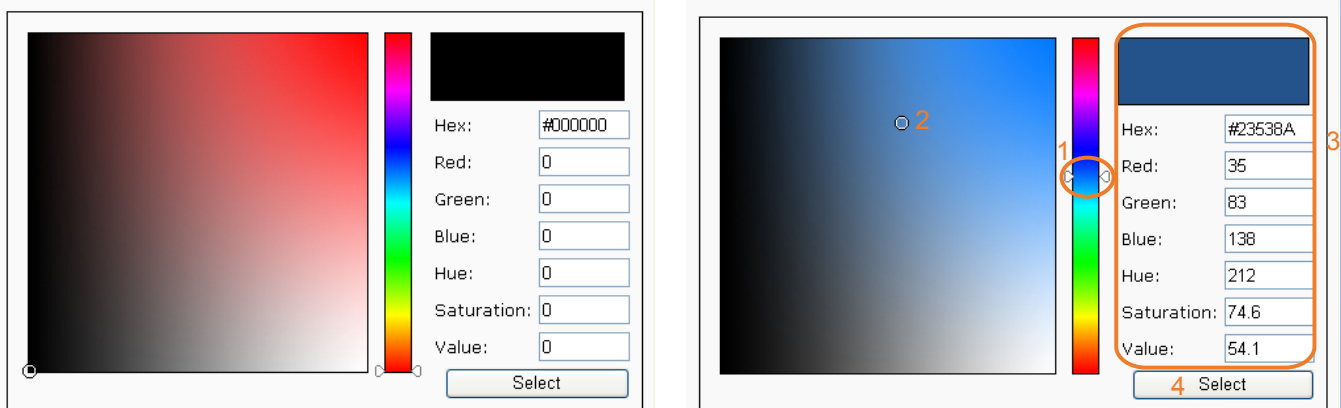
4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Application Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to responds to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

In the illustration on the right, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.
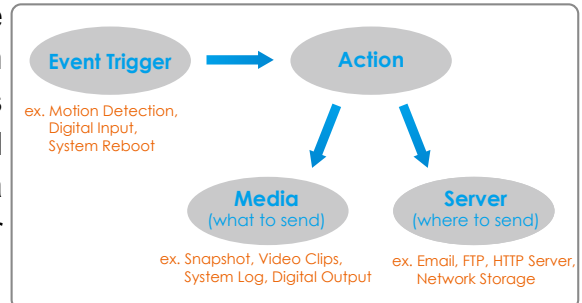
Customized Script

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will pop up. If you need more information, please ask for VIVOTEK technical support.

Event Settings

In the **Event Settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event Settings** page. On this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

Event name: [   ]

☐ Enable this event

Priority: [Normal ▼]

Detect next event after [10] second(s).

Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input

Trigger

○ Video motion detection:

○ Periodically:

○ Digital input

◉ System boot

○ Recording notify

○ Camera tampering detection:

Event Schedule

☑ Sun ☑ Mon ☑ Tue ☑ Wed ☑ Thu ☑ Fri ☑ Sat

Time

◉ Always

○ From [00:00] to [24:00] [hh:mm]

Action

☐ Trigger digital output for [1] seconds

☐ Turn on IR illuminators for [3] seconds [in low-light conditions ▼]

[Add Server] [Add Media]

Server	Media	Extra parameter

[Save] [Close]

Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.

Priority: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.

Detect next event after ☐ seconds: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

Trigger
This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.
There are several choices of trigger sources as shown below. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

■ Video motion detection
This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 58 for details.

■ Periodically
This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.

■ Digital input
This option allows the Network Camera to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound, and light, etc.

■ System boot
This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

■ Recording notify
   This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data. If you want receive **Recording notify message**, please refer to page 81 for detailed information.

■ Camera tampering detection
   This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the camera detects that is is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Tampering Detection option first. Please refer to page 66 for detailed information.

Event Schedule
Specify the period for the event.

■ Select the days of the week.

■ Select the recording schedule in 24-hr time format.

Action
Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

■ Trigger digital output for ☐ seconds
   Select this option to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of the trigger interval in the text box.

■ Turn on IR Illuminators for seconds
   Select this to turn on IR Illuminators when a trigger is activated every time or only in low light conditions. Specify the length of trigger interval in the text box.

To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated.

■ Add Server / Add Media
  Click **Add Server** to configure Server Settings. For more information, please refer to Server Settings on page 76.
  Click **Add Media** to configure Media Settings. For more information, please refer to Media Settings on page 79.

Here is an example of the Event Settings page:

Event name: Event1
☑ Enable this event
Priority: Normal ☑
Detect next event after 10 second(s).
Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input

Trigger
  ○ Video motion detection
  ○ Periodically
  ⦿ Digital input
  ○ System boot
  ○ Recording notify
  ○ Camera tampering detection

Event Schedule
  ☑ Sun ☑ Mon ☑ Tue ☑ Wed ☑ Thu ☑ Fri ☑ Sat
Time
  ⦿ Always
  ○ From 00:00 To 24:00 [hh:mm]

Action
  ☐ Trigger digital output for 1 seconds
  ☐ Turn on IR illuminators for 1 seconds in low-light conditions ☑
  Add Server   Add Media

Server	Media	Extra parameter
☑ NAS	Video Clip	☑ Create folders by date time and hour automatically View
☐ FTP	-----None-----	
☐ Email	-----None-----	
☐ HTTP	-----None-----	

Save   Close

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit Event Settings page. The new event settings / server settings / media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.
Here is an example of the Application page with an event setting:

Event Settings

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
Event1	ON	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	di

[Add] [Event1 ▾] [Delete] [Help]

Server Settings

Name	Type	Address/Location
FTP	ftp	ftp.vivotek.com
NAS	ns	\\192.168.5.122\nas
Email	email	Ms.vivotek.tw
HTTP	http	http://192.168.5.10/cgi-bin/upload.cgi

[Add] [FTP ▾] [Delete]

Media Settings

Available memory space: 8000KB

Name	Type
Snapshot	snapshot
Video Clip	videoclip
System log	systemlog
Recording notify	recordmsg

[Add] [Snapshot ▾] [Delete]

Customized Script

Name	Date	Time

[Add] [▾] [Delete]

When the Event Status is **ON**, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click **ON** to turn it to **OFF** status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Server Settings

Click **Add Server** on Event Settings page to open the Server Setting page. On this page, you can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.

<u>Server Type</u>
There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.

■ Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.

■ Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.

■ Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.

■ User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.

■ Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.

■ Server port: The defualt mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure connection (SSL).**

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.
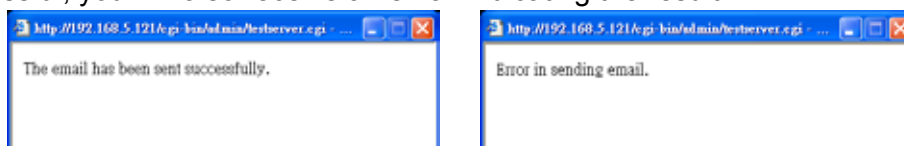
Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>FTP</u>: Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

■ Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.

■ Server port
  By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

■ User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.

■ Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.

■ Remote folder name
  Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.

■ Passive mode
  Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.
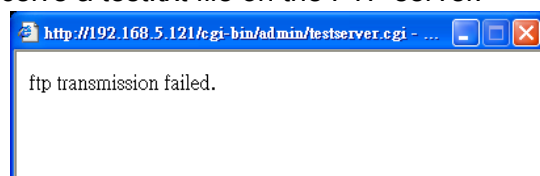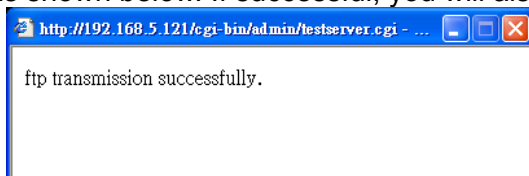
Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

■ URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.

■ User name: Enter the user name if necessary.

■ Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

Network storage: Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **Network Storage Setting** on page 83 for details.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, the new server settings will automatically be displayed on the Event Settings page. For example:

Media Settings

Click **Add Media** on the Event Settings page to open the Media Settings page. On this page, you can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

<u>Media name</u>: Enter a name for the media setting.

Media Type
There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

<u>Snapshot</u>: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

■ Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 or stream 2.

■ Send □ pre-event images
  The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

■ Send □ post-event images
  Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

  For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.
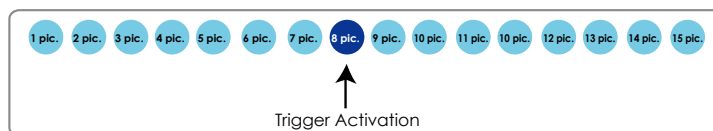
■ File name prefix
  Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

■ Add date and time suffix to the file name
  Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name.
  For example:

■ File name prefix
  Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>Video clip</u>: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

■ Source: Select to record video clips from stream 1 or stream 2.

■ Pre-event recording
The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.

■ Maximum duration
Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds can be set.
For example, if pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.
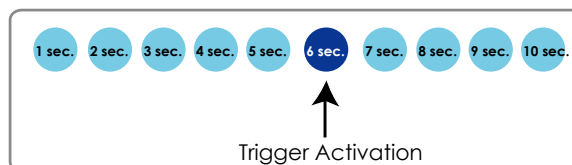
■ Maximum file size
Specify the maximum file size allowed.

■ File name prefix
Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.
For example:
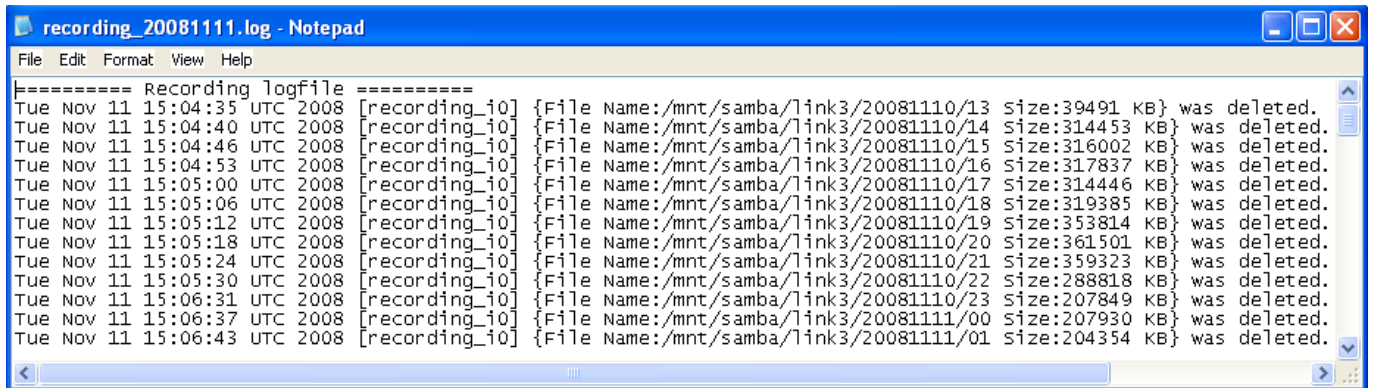
Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>System log</u>: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated.
Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

Recording notify message: Select to send a recording notification message when a trigger is activated. The following is an example of a recording notification message (.txt file), which shows a list of deleted previously-recorded data due to cycle recording.

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit this page. The new media settings will appear on the Event Settings page.
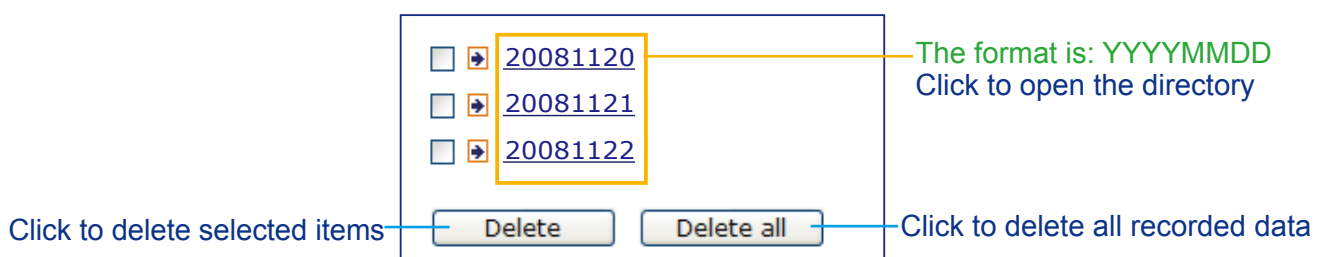
You can continue to select a server and media type for the event. Please go back to page 66 for detailed information.

■ Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.

■ View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for **Network Storage**.
If you click **View** button of Network storage, a **file directory window** will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:

Click **20081120** to open the directory:

The format is: HH (24r)
Click to open the file list for that hour

	file name	size	date	time
☐	**Recording1_58.mp4**	2526004	2008/11/20	07:58:28
☐	**Recording1_59.mp4**	2563536	2008/11/20	07:59:28

< 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 >

Delete   Delete all   Back

Click to delete
selected items

Click to delete all
recorded data

Click to go back to the previous
level of the directory

	file name	size	date	time
☐	**Recording1_58.mp4**	2526004	2008/11/20	07:58:28
☐	**Recording1_59.mp4**	2563536	2008/11/20	07:59:28

< 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 >

Delete   Delete all   Back

The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm)
You can set up the file name prefix on Media Settings page.
Please refer to page 79 for detailed information.

Recording Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings

NOTE

► *Before setting up this page, please set up the Network Storage on the Server Settings page first.*

Network Storage Setting
Click Server to open the Server Settings page and follow the steps below to set up:
1. Fill in the information for your server.
   For example:

2. Click **Test** to check the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.
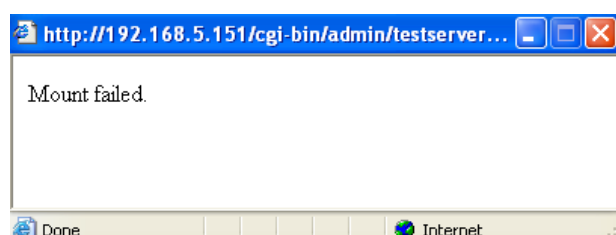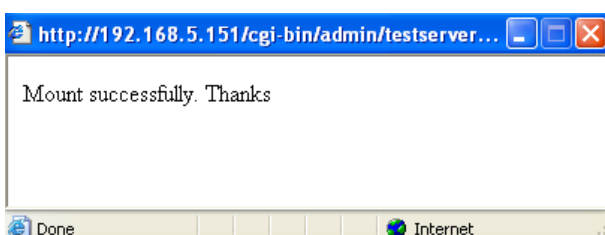
If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the network storage server.
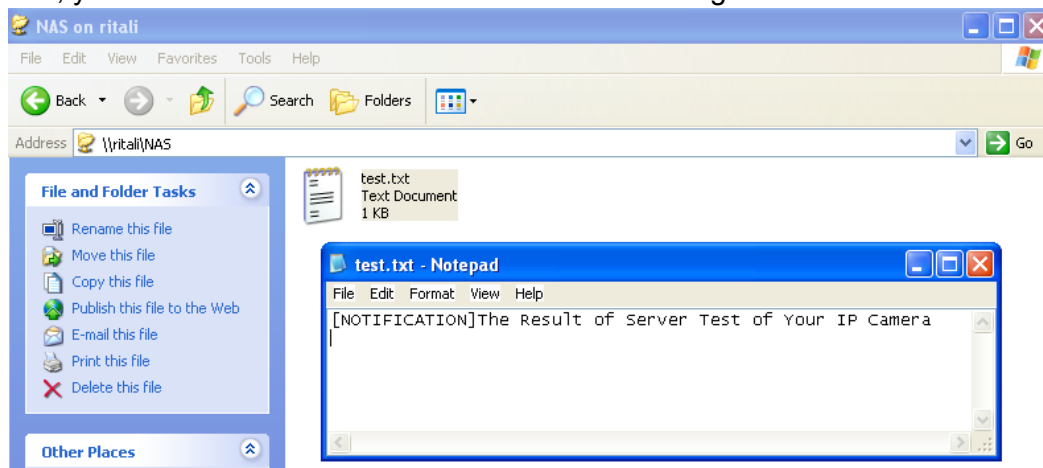
3. Enter a server name.
4. Click **Save** to complete the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting page. In this page, you can define the recording source, recording schedule and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.

Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.

Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording setting (High, Normal, and Low).

Source: Select the recording source (stream 1 or stream 2).

Recording Schedule: Specify the recording duration.

■ Select the days of the week.

■ Select the recording start and end times in 24-hr time format.

Destination: You can select the network storage that was set up for the recorded video files.

Capacity: You can choose either the entire free space available or limit the recording size. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved amount for cyclic recording.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

Enable cyclic recording: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one. The reserved amount is reserved for cyclic recording to prevent malfunction. This value must be larger than 15 MBytes.

If you want to enable recording notification, please click **Application** to set up. Please refer to **Trigger > Recording notify** on page 73 for detailed information.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the Network Storage. The new recording name will appear in the drop-down list on the recording page as shown below.

To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.

■ Click **Video** (Name): Opens the Recording Settings page to modify.

■ Click **ON** (Status): The Status will become **OFF** and stop recording.

■ Click **NAS** (Destination): Opens the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 82 for details.

System Log Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send the system log to the remote server as backup.

Remote Log

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog.com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.
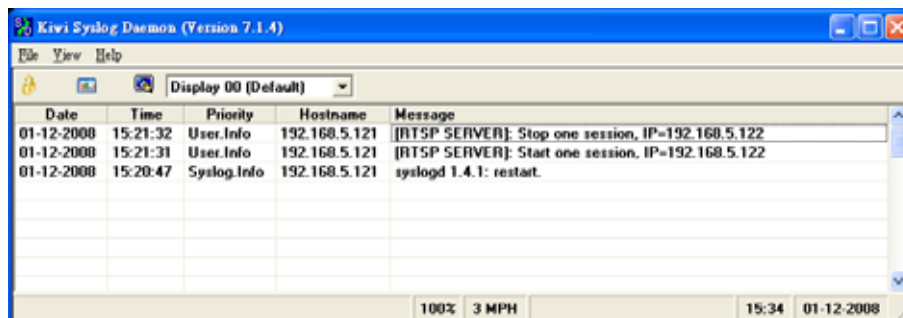
Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:
1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
3. When completed, select **Enable remote log** and click **Save** to enable the setting.

Current Log

This column displays the system log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

View Parameters `Advanced Mode`

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameter List

system_hostname='Network Camera'
system_ledoff='0'
system_date='2009/04/20'
system_time='16:25:49'
system_datetime='042010382009.55'
system_ntp=''
system_timezoneindex='320'
system_daylight_enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system_daylight_auto_begintime='NONE'
system_daylight_auto_endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system_updateinterval='0'
system_info_modelname='IP7151'
system_info_extendedmodelname='0'
system_info_serialnumber='0002D108E50C'
system_info_firmwareversion='IP7151-VVTK-0200g'
system_info_language_count='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system_info_language_i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system_info_language_i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system_info_language_i6='Português'
system_info_language_i7='简体中文'
system_info_language_i8='繁體中文'
system_info_language_i9=''
system_info_language_i10=''
system_info_language_i11=''
system_info_language_i12=''
system_info_language_i13=''
system_info_language_i14=''
system_info_language_i15=''
system_info_language_i16=''
system_info_language_i17=''
```

Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

Reboot

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.

If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

Restore

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default settings.

Network Type: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 33).

Daylight Saving Time: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to System on page 25).

Custom Language: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

Export / Upload Files   Advanced Mode

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules, custom language files, and setting backup files.

Export files

Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
Export setting backup file	Export

Upload files

Update daylight saving time rules		Browse... Upload
Update custom language file		Browse... Upload
Upload setting backup file		Browse... Upload

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:
1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for editing.

File Download

Do you want to open or save this file?

Name: config_dst.xml
Type: XML Document, 11.1 KB
From: 192.168.5.151

[Open]   [Save]   [Cancel]

While files from the Internet can be useful, some files can potentially harm your computer. If you do not trust the source, do not open or save this file. What's the risk?
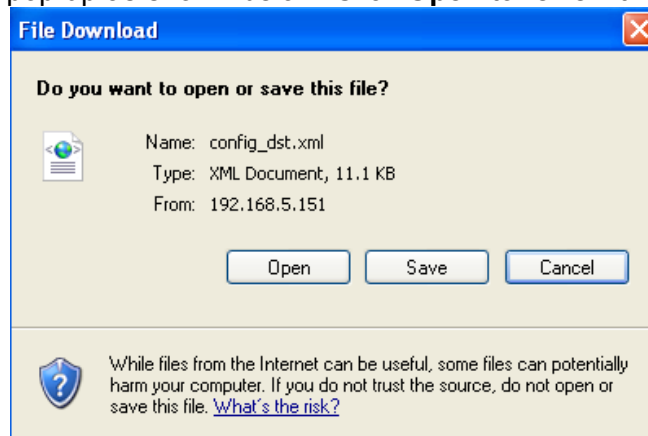
3. Open the file with Microsoft® Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

   In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

config_dst - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

```
            <Day></Day>
                <WeekInMonth>First</WeekInMonth>
                <DayofWeek>Sunday</DayofWeek>
                <Hour>2</Hour>
        </EndTime>
    </TimeZone>
    <TimeZone id="-240" name="(GMT-06:00) Central Time (US and Canada)">
        <StartTime>
            <Shift>60</Shift>
            <Month>3</Month>
            <Day></Day>
                <WeekInMonth>Second</WeekInMonth>
                <DayofWeek>Sunday</DayofWeek>
                <Hour>2</Hour>
        </StartTime>
        <EndTime>
            <Shift>-60</Shift>
            <Month>11</Month>
            <Day></Day>
                <WeekInMonth>First</WeekInMonth>
                <DayofWeek>Sunday</DayofWeek>
                <Hour>2</Hour>
        </EndTime>
    </TimeZone>
    <TimeZone id="-241" name="(GMT-06:00) Mexico City">
```
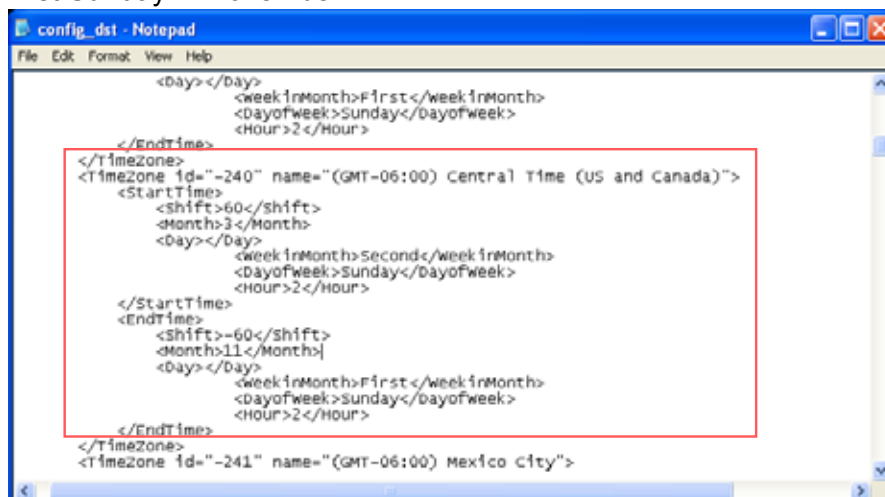
<u>Upload daylight saving time rule</u>: Click **Browse…** and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.
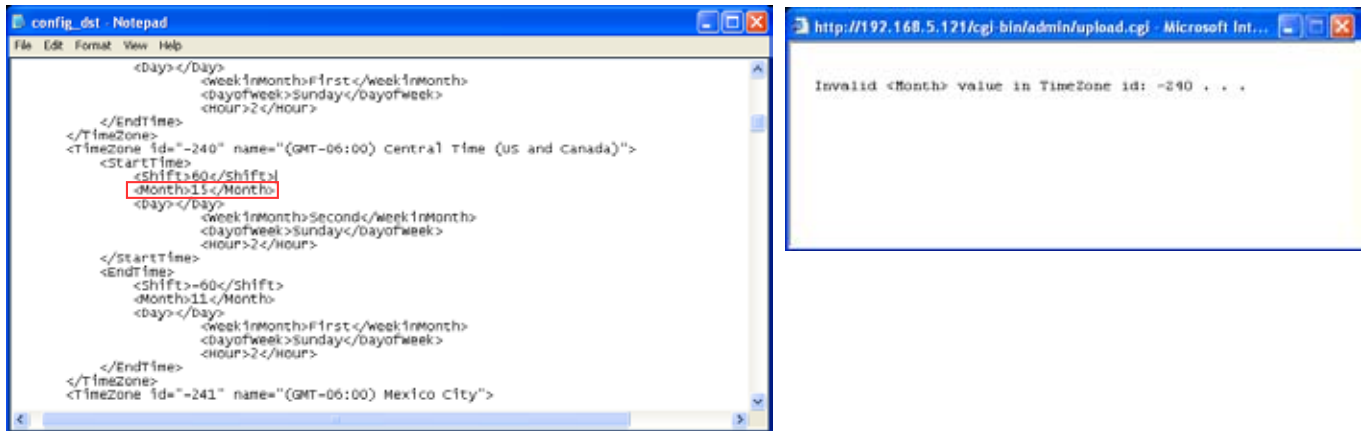
The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.
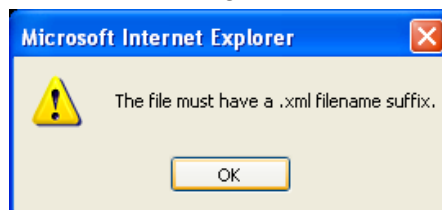
<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 简体中文, and 繁體中文.

<u>Upload custom language file</u>: Click **Browse…** and specify your own custom language file to upload.

<u>Export setting backup file</u>: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Upload setting backup file</u>: Click **Browse…** to upload a setting backup file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the setting backup file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to upload a settings backup file.

Upgrade Firmware

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.
Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:
1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
2. Click **Browse…** and specify the firmware file.
3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, re-access the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.

> Reboot system now!!
> This connection will close.

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

> Starting firmware upgrade...
> Do not power down the server during the upgrade.
> The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed.
> This will take about 1 - 5 minutes.
> Wrong PKG file format
> Unpack fail

Appendix
URL Commands for the Network Camera

Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg
```

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n
```

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

```
http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg
```

General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension .cgi is required.

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/*<subdir>*[/*<subdir>*…]/*<cgi>*.*<ext>*
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>…]]

Example: Set digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Security Level

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer, dido, camctrl	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera. 2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer, dido, camctrl, operator	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's parameters except some privileges and network options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer, dido, camctrl, operator, admin	Administrator access rights can fully control the camera's operations.
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external interfaces.

Get Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.
Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[*<parameter>*]
[&<parameter>…]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>]

[&<parameter>…]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>]

[&<parameter>…]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>]

[&<parameter>…]

Where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[_<*name*>] or *<group>*[.<*name*>]. If you do not specify any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of the related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: <length>\r\n

\r\n

<parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: Request IP address and its response

Request:

http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: 33\r\n

\r\n

network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Set Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? *<parameter>=<value>*
[&<parameter>=<value>…][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]
http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? *<parameter>=<value>*
[&<parameter>=<value>…][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]
http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? *<parameter>=<value>*
[&<parameter>=<value>…][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]
http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? *<parameter>=<value>*
[&<parameter>=<value>…][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
<group>_<name>	value to assigned	Assign *<value>* to the parameter *<group>_<name>.*
update	<boolean>	Set to 1 to update all fields (no need to update parameter in each group).
return	*<return page>*	Redirect to the page *<return page>* after the parameter is assigned*.* The *<return page>* can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page. (Note: The return page can be a general HTML file (.htm, .html) or a VIVOTEK server script executable (.vspx) file. It cannot be a CGI command or have any extra parameters. This parameter must be placed at the end of the parameter list

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Context-Length: <length>\r\n
\r\n
<parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: 33\r\n

\r\n

network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
string[<n>]	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.
string[n~m]	Text strings longer than `n' characters and shorter than `m' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.
password[<n>]	The same as string but displays '*' instead.
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$.
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$.
<m> ~ <n>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'.
domain name[<n>]	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg. www.ibm.com).
email address [<n>]	A string limited to an email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg. joe@www.ibm.com).
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or Disable].
<value1>, <value2>, <value3>, …	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.

blank	A blank string.
everything inside <>	A description
positive Integer	Any number between 0 and (2^{32} – 1)
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique integer by the server.
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).
coordinate	x, y coordinate (eg. 0,0)
window size	window width and height (eg. 800x600)

NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

Group: **system**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
hostname	string[40]	1/6	Host name of server (Network Camera, Wireless Network Camera, Video Server, Wireless Video Server).
date	<yyyy/mm/dd>, keep, auto	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep' to keep date unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>, keep, auto	6/6	Current time of the system. Set to 'keep' to keep time unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<MMDDhhmmYYYY.ss>	6/6	Another current time format of the system.
ntp	<domain name>, <ip address>, <blank>	6/6	NTP server. *Do not use "skip to invoke default server" for default value.
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	6/6	Indicate timezone and area. -480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok, Kwajalein -440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island, Samoa -400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii -360: GMT-09:00 Alaska -320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas, San_Francisco, Vancouver -280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time, Denver -281: GMT-07:00 Arizona

				-240: GMT-06:00 Central America, Central Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan
				-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto
				-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana
				-180: GMT-04:30 Caracas
				-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago
				-140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland
				-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland
				-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic
				-40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS.
				0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
				40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris
				41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern
				80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga
				81: GMT 02:00 Cairo
				82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk
				83: GMT 02:00 Israel
				120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi
				121: GMT 03:00 Iraq
				140: GMT 03:30 Tehran
				160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan
				180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
				200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg, Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent
				220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi
				230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu
				240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura
				260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon
				280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta,

			Krasnoyarsk
			320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei
			360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk
			380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin
			400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok
			440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia
			480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is.
			520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable automatic daylight saving time in time zone.
daylight_dstactual mode	<boolean>	6/7	Check if current time is under daylight saving time.
daylight_auto_begintime	string[19]	6/7	Display the current daylight saving start time. (product dependent)
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	6/7	Display the current daylight saving end time. (product dependent)
daylight_manual_offset	<integer>	6/6	Manually set daylight saving time with offset.
daylight_manual_begintime	string[19]	6/6	Manually set daylight saving time beginning.
daylight_manual_endtime	string[19]	6/6	Manually set daylight saving time end.
daylight_timezones	NONE	6/6	List time zone index which support daylight saving time.
updateinterval	0, 3600, 86400, 604800, 2592000	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time adjustment, otherwise, it indicates the seconds between NTP automatic update intervals.
enableir	<boolean>	6/6	Enable IR control (capability.nir>0) (product dependent).
restore	0, <positive integer>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values after <value> seconds.

reset	0, <positive integer>	7/6	Restart the server after <value> seconds if <value> is non-negative.
restoreexceptnet	<Any value>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except (ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2, pppoe). This command can cooperate with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to the default value except for a union of the combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<Any value>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except all daylight saving time settings. This command can cooperate with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to default values except for a union of combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<Any Value>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except the custom language file the user has uploaded. This command can cooperate with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to the default value except for a union of the combined results.

Subgroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
modelname	string[40]	0/7	Internal model name of the server (eg. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	0/7	ODM specific model name of server (eg. DCS-5610). If it is not an ODM model, this field will be equal to "modelname"
serialnumber	<mac address>	0/7	12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).
firmwareversion	string[40]	0/7	Firmware version, including model, company, and version number in the format:

			<MODEL-BRAND-VERSION>
fwversion	string[40]	0/7	ODM-specific firmware version (eg. 210l for IP7133-SECN). If there is no specific value, this field should not be added.
supportscriptversion	string[40]	0/7	The version of the supported script language.
scriptversion	string[40]	0/7	Current script language version.
webpageversion	string[40]	0/7	Current webpage version.
language_count	<integer>	0/7	Number of webpage languages available on the server.
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	0/7	Available language lists.
customlanguage_maxcount	<integer>	0/6	Maximum number of custom languages supported on the server.
customlanguage_count	<integer>	0/6	Number of custom languages which have been uploaded to the server.
customlanguage_i<0~(maxcount-1)>	string	0/6	Custom language name.

Group: **status**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal 1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~(ndo-1)>	<boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal 1 => Active, triggered
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	6/7	Current number of RTSP connections.
onlinenum_httppush	integer	6/7	Current number of HTTP push server connections.
eth_i0	<string>	1/99	Get network information from mii-tool.

Group: **di_i<0~(ndi-1)>** (capability.ndi > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
normalstate	high, low	1/1	Indicates open circuit or closed circuit (inactive status)

Group: **do_i<0~(ndo-1)>** (capability.ndo > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
normalstate	open,	1/1	Indicate open circuit or closed circuit

	grounded		(inactive status)

Group: **security**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
privilege_do	view, operator, admin	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control digital output
privilege_camctrl	view, operator, admin	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control PTZ
user_i0_name	string[64]	6/7	User name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	6/6	Root password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	7/6	User password
user_i0_privilege	viewer, operator, admin	6/7	Root privilege
user_i<1~20>_privilege	viewer, operator, admin	6/6	User privilege

Group: **network**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
type	lan, pppoe	6/6	Network connection type.
preprocess	0~15	6/6	Stop related process before setting port value.
resetip	<boolean>	6/6	1 => Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP server at next reboot. 0 => Use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1, and dns2.
ipaddress	<ip address>	6/6	IP address of server.
subnet	<ip address>	6/6	Subnet mask.
router	<ip address>	6/6	Default gateway.
dns1	<ip address>	6/6	Primary DNS server.
dns2	<ip address>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.
wins1	<ip address>	6/6	Primary WINS server.
wins2	<ip address>	6/6	Secondary WINS server.

Subgroup of **network**: **ipv6**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipaddress	<ip address>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.
addonprefixlen	0~128	6/6	IPv6 prefix length.
addonrouter	<ip address>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondns	<ip address>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptional	<boolean>	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP address setting.

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	21, 1025~65535	6/6	Local ftp server port.

Subgroup of **network**: **http**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTP port.
alternateport	1025~65535	6/6	Alternate HTTP port.
authmode	basic, digest	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 1. (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 2. (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and video.stream.count>1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.

Subgroup of **network**: **https**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	443, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTPS port.

Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	554, 1025 ~ 65535	1/6	RTSP port. (capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.
authmode	disable, basic, digest	1/6	RTSP authentication mode. (capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
s0_accessname	string[3b;42]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1. (capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2. (capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and video.stream.count>1)
s0_audiotrack	<integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream1. -1 => audio mute
s1_audiotrack	<integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2. -1 => audio mute

Subgroup of **network_rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast,** n is stream count

(capability.protocol.rtp.multicast=1)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
alwaysmulticast	<boolean>	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip address>	4/4	Multicast IP address.
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast video port.
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast audio port.
ttl	1 ~ 255	4/4	Multicast time to live value.

Subgroup of **network**: **sip**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	1025 ~ 65535	1/6	SIP port. (capability.protocol.sip=1)

Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION

videoport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	Video channel port for RTP. (capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	Audio channel port for RTP. (capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
user	string[128]	6/6	PPPoE account user name.
pass	password[64]	6/6	PPPoE account password.

Group: **ipfilter**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable access list filtering.
admin_enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable administrator IP address.
admin_ip	String[44]	6/6	Administrator IP address.
maxconnection	1~10	6/6	Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s).
allow_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255	6/6	Allowed starting IPv4 address for connection.
allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255	6/6	Allowed ending IPv4 address for connection.
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255	6/6	Denied starting IPv4 address for connection.
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255	6/6	Denied ending IPv4 address for connection.
ipv6_allow_i<0~9>	String[44]	6/6	Allowed IPv6 address for connection.
ipv6_deny_i<0~9>	String[44]	6/6	Denied IPv6 address for connection.

Group: **videoin**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
cmosfreq	50, 60	4/4	CMOS frequency. (videoin.type=2) (product dependent)
whitebalance	<product dependent>	4/4	Auto, auto white balance: Manual Indoor, 3200K

				Fluorescent, 5500K
				Outdoor, > 5500K
atwbvalue	0 ~ 9999999999	4/4	The auto white balance value.
atwbvalue2	0 ~ 9999999999	4/4	The auto white balance value.
exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	Exposure level (product dependent)
autoiris	<boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris. (product dependent)
agc	0~2	4/4	Set auto gain control to normal level or MAX level. (product dependent)
enablewdr	<boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable WDR

Group: videoin_profile_i<0~(m-1)>

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable/disable this profile setting
policy	day, night, schedule	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.
begintime	hh:mm	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
endtime	hh:mm	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
autoiris	<boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris. (product dependent)
exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	Exposure level (product dependent)
maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
agc	0~2	4/4	Set auto gain control to normal level or MAX level. (product dependent)
enablewdr	<boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable WDR
enablewdr	<boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable WDR

Group: **videoin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products, and m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
color	0, 1	4/4	0 =>monochrome 1 => color
flip	<boolean>	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean>	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer>	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => Support camera control function;

			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => **Built-in** or **external** camera; 0 (external), 1(built-in)
			Bit 2 => Support **pan** operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support **tilt** operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support **zoom** operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support **focus** operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
text	string[16]	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean>	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.
maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mpeg4, mjpeg	1/4	Video codec type.
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	176x144, 352x240, 720x480	1/4	Video resolution in pixels.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intraperiod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_ratecontrolmode	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	0, 1~5	4/4	Quality of video when choosing vbr in "ratecontrolmode". 0 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000~4000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for MPEG-4).
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qvalue	1~31	4/4	Manual video quality level input - choose customize input "mpeg4_quant = 0" (for MPEG-4).
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant	0 ~ 5	4/4	Quality of JPEG video. 0 is the customized manual input setting.

			1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_max frame	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG).
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qvalue	10~200	4/4	Manual video quality level input - choose customize input "mjpeg_quant = 0" (for MJPEG).

Group: videoinpreview

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
autoiris	<boolean>	4/4	Preview of enable auto Iris. (product dependent)
enablewdr	<boolean>	6/6	Preview of enable/disable WDR
agc	normal, max	4/4	Preview of set auto gain control to normal level or MAX level. (product dependent)
exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	Preview of exposure level (product dependent)

Group: ircutcontrol

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
mode	auto, day, night, di, schedule	6/6	Set IR cut control mode
daymodebegintime	00:00~23:59	6/6	Day mode begin time
daymodeendtime	00:00~23:59	6/6	Day mod end time
disableirled	<boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable IR led
bwmode	<boolean>	6/6	Switch to B/W in night mode if enabled
sensitivity	low, normal, high	6/6	Sensitivity of light sensor

Group: **audioin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
source	micin, linein	4/4	Micin => use external microphone input. Linein => use line input.
mute	0, 1	4/4	Enable audio mute.
gain	0~31	4/4	Gain of input.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, gamr	4/4	Set audio codec type for input.
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000, 32000, 48000, 64000, 96000, 128000	4/4	Set AAC4 bitrate in bps.
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750, 5150, 5900, 6700, 7400, 7950, 10200, 12200	4/4	Set AMR bitrate in bps.

Group: **image_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
brightness	<product dependent>	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
sharpness	<product dependent>	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.

Group: **imagepreview_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
brightness	<product dependent>	4/4	Preview of brightness adjustment of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of saturation adjustment of image according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of contrast adjustment of image

			according to mode settings.
sharpness	<product dependent>	4/4	Preview of sharpness adjustment of image according to mode settings.

Group: imagepreview

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
videoin_whitebalance	auto, manual	4/4	Preview of adjusting white balance of image according to mode settings
videoin_restoreatwb	0, 1~	4/4	Restore of adjusting white balance of image according to mode settings

Group: **motion_c<0~(n-1)>** for m profile and n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable motion detection.
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable profile 1 ~ (m-1).
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_policy	day, night, schedule	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_begintime	hh:mm	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_endtime	hh:mm	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable motion window.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of motion window.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.

profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

Group: **tampering_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0 ~ 255	4/4	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10 ~ 600	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold' for more than 'duration', then tamper detection is triggered.

Group: **ddns**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic DNS.
provider	Safe100, DyndnsDynamic, DyndnsCustom, TZO, DHS, DynInterfree, CustomSafe100	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org (dynamic) DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org (custom) TZO => tzo.com DHS => dhs.org DynInterfree =>dyn-interfree.it CustomSafe100 => Custom server using safe100 method
<provider>_hostname	string[128]	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
<provider>_usernameemail	string[64]	6/6	Your user or email to login to the DDNS service provider
<provider>_passwordkey	string[64]	6/6	Your password or key to login to the DDNS service provider.
<provider>_servername	string[128]	6/6	The server name for safe100. (This field only exists if the provider is customsafe100)

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP presentation service.

Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	6/7	The status of UpnP port forwarding, used internally. 0 = OK, 1 = FAIL, 2 = no IGD router, 3 = no need for port forwarding

Group: **syslog**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enableremotelog	<boolean>	6/6	Enable remote log.
serverip	<IP address>	6/6	Log server IP address.
serverport	514, 1025~65535	6/6	Server port used for log.
level	0~7	6/6	Levels used to distinguish the importance of the information: 0: LOG_EMERG 1: LOG_ALERT 2: LOG_CRIT 3: LOG_ERR 4: LOG_WARNING 5: LOG_NOTICE 6: LOG_INFO 7: LOG_DEBUG

Group: **camctrl_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product (capability.ptzenabled)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Pan speed
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Zoom speed
autospeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto pan speed
focusspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto focus speed
dwelling	0 ~ 9999	1/4	Dwelling time during patrol

axisx	-104 ~ 104	1/7	Axis X coordinate, used internally.
axisy	-15 ~ 28	1/7	Axis Y coordinate, used internally.
preset_i<0~(npreset-1)>_name	string[40]	1/4	Name of the preset location.
uart	0 ~ (m-1), m is UART count	1/4	Select corresponding uart (capability.nuart>0).
cameraid	0~255	1/4	Camera ID controlling external PTZ camera.
isptz	0 ~ 2	1/7	0: disable PTZ commands. 1: enable PTZ commands with PTZ driver. 2: enable PTZ commands with UART tunnel.
disablemdonptz	<boolean>	1/4	Disable motion detection on PTZ operation.
pantilt_port	<integer>	1/4	Pan and tilt channel.
pantilt_camid	0 ~ 255	1/4	ID of camera on pan/tilt channel.
zoom_port	<integer>	1/4	Zoom channel.
zoom_camid	0 ~ 255	1/4	ID of camera on zoom channel.
patrolseq	string[64]	1/4	(For external device) The indexes of patrol points, separated by ","
patroldwelling	string[128]	1/4	(For external device) The dwelling time of each patrol point, separated by ","

Group: **uart** (capability.nuart>0) (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
ptzdrivers_i<0~19, 127>_name	string[40]	1/4	Name of the PTZ driver.
ptzdrivers_i<0~19, 127>_location	string[128]	1/4	Full path of the PTZ driver.
enablehttptunnel	<boolean>	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel channel to control UART.

Group: **uart_i<0~(n-1)>** n is uart port count (capability.nuart>0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
baudrate	110,300,600,1200,2400,3600,4800,7200,9600,19200,38400,57600,115200	4/4	Set baud rate of COM port.
databit	5,6,7,8	4/4	Data bits in a character frame.
paritybit	none,	4/4	For error checking.

	odd, even		
stopbit	1,2	4/4	1 2-1.5 , data bit is 5 2-2
uartmode	rs485, rs232	4/4	RS485 or RS232.
customdrvcmd_i<0~9>	string[128]	1/4	PTZ command for custom camera.
speedlink_i<0~4>_name	string[40]	1/4	Additional PTZ command name.
speedlink_i<0~4>_cmd	string[128]	1/4	Additional PTZ command list.
ptzdriver	0~19, 127 (custom), 128 (no driver)	4/4	The PTZ driver is used by this COM port.

Group: **layout** (product dependent) (FD7132, FD7151)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
logo_default	<boolean>	1/6	0 => Custom logo 1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[40]	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
logo_powerbyvvtk_hidden	<boolean>	1/6	0 => display the power by vivotek logo 1 => hide the power by vivotek logo
theme_option	1~4	1/6	1~3: One of the default themes. 4: Custom definition.
theme_color_font	string[7]	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of configuration area.
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of video title.
theme_color_controlbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of control area.
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of configuration area.
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of video area.
theme_color_case	string[7]	1/6	Frame color

Group: **privacymask_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable privacy mask.
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean>	4/4	Enable privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of the privacy mask window.

win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Width of privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Height of privacy mask window.

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
api_httpversion	0200a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer>	0/7	Server bootup time.
nir	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of IR interfaces.
npir	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of PIRs.
ndi	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
ndo	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
naudioin	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of audio inputs.
naudioout	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of audio outputs.
nvideoin	<positive integer>	0/7	Number of video inputs.
nmediastream	<positive integer>	0/7	Number of media stream per channels.
nvideosetting	<positive integer>	0/7	Number of video settings per channel.
naudiosetting	<positive integer>	0/7	Number of audio settings per channel.
nuart	0, <positive integer>	0/7	Number of UART interfaces.
nmotionprofile	<positive integer>	0/7	Number of motion profiles.
ptzenabled	<positive integer>	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => Support camera control function; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera; 0(external), 1(built-in) Bit 2 => Support pan operation, 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not support), 1(support)

			Bit 4 => Support zoom operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 6 => Support iris operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 7 => External or built-in PT; 0(built-in), 1(external) Bit 8 => Invalidate bit 1 ~ 7; 0(bit 1 ~ 7 are valid), 1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid) Bit 9 => Reserved bit; Invalidate lens_pan, Lens_tilt, lens_zoon, lens_focus, len_iris. 0(fields are valid), 1(fields are invalid)
protocol_https	< boolean >	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP over SSL.
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTSP.
protocol_sip	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support SIP.
protocol_maxconnection	<positive integer>	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous connections.
protocol_maxgenconnection	<positive integer>	0/7	The maximum general streaming connections.
protocol_maxmegaconnection	<positive integer>	0/7	The maximum megapixel streaming connections.
protocol_rtp_multicast_scalable	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support scalable multicast.
protocol_rtp_multicast_backchannel	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support backchannel multicast.
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over TCP.
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over HTTP.
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support server push MJPEG.
protocol_snmp	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support IPv6.
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a list of available resolution separated	0/7	Available resolutions list.

	by commas>		
videoin_maxframerate	<a list of available maximum frame rate separated by commas>	0/7	Available maximum frame list.
videoin_codec	<a list of available codec types separated by commas>	0/7	Available codec list.
videoout_codec	<a list of the available codec types separated by commas)	0/7	Available codec list.
audio_aec	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support acoustic echo cancellation.
audio_extmic	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support external microphone input.
audio_linein	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support external line input.
audio_lineout	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support line output.
audio_headphoneout	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support headphone output.
audioin_codec	<a list of the available codec types separated by commas)	0/7	Available codec list.
audioout_codec	<a list of the available codec types separated by commas)	0/7	Available codec list.
uart_httptunnel	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for UART transfer.
camctrl_privilege	<boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support "Manage Privilege" of PTZ control in the Security page.
transmission_mode	Tx, Rx, Both	0/7	Indicate transmission mode of the machine: TX = server, Rx = receiver box, Both = DVR.

network_wire	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support Ethernet.
network_wireless	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless.
wireless_s802dot11b	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless 802.11b+.
wireless_s802dot11g	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless 802.11g.
wireless_beginchannel	1 ~ 14	0/7	Indicate the begin channel of wireless network
wireless_endchannel	1 ~ 14	0/7	Indicate the end channel of wireless network
wireless_encrypt_wep	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WEP.
wireless_encrypt_wpa	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA.
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA2.
derivative_brand	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the upgrade function for the derivative brand. For example, if the value is true, the VVTK product can be upgraded to VVXX. (TCVV\<-\>TCXX is excepted)
evctrlchannel	\<boolean\>	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for event/control transfer.

Group: event_customtaskfile_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[41]	6/6	Custom script identification of this entry.
date	string[17]	6/6	Date of custom script.
time	string[17]	6/6	Time of custom script.

Group: **event_i**<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event: "0" = low priority "1" = normal priority "2" = high priority
delay	1~999	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting the next event.

trigger	boot, di, motion, seq, recnotify, tampering	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition: "boot" = System boot "di"= Digital input "motion" = Video motion detection "seq" = Periodic condition "visignal" = Video input signal loss. "pir" = PIR detection. "recnotify" = Recording notification. "audioswitch" = Audio switch. "tampering" = Tamper detection. "iva" = IVA trigger.
di	<integer>	6/6	Indicate which DI detects. This field is required when trigger condition is "di". One bit represents one digital input. The LSB indicates DI 0.
mdwin	<integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows detect. This field is required when trigger condition is "md". One bit represents one window. The LSB indicates the 1st window. For example, to detect the 1st and 3rd windows, set mdwin as 5.
mdwin0	<integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows of profile 1 detect.
inter	1~999	6/6	Interval of snapshots in minutes. This field is used when trigger condition is "seq".
weekday	<integer>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit0 (LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thursday bit3 = Wednesday bit4 = Tuesday bit5 = Monday bit6 = Sunday For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule. (00:00 ~ 24:00 sets schedule as always on)
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)>_enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable trigger digital output.

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)>_duration	1~999	6/6	Duration of the digital output trigger in seconds.
action_server_i<0~4>_enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this server action. The default value is 0.
action_server_i<0~4>_media	NULL, 0~4	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_server_i<0~4>_datefolder	<boolean>	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour automatically.
action_goto_enable	<Boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable ptz goto preset on event triggered.
action_goto_name	string[40]	6/6	Preset name that ptz goto on event triggered.

Group: **server_i**<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	email, ftp, http, ns	6/6	Indicate the server type: "email" = email server "ftp" = FTP server "http" = HTTP server "ns" = network storage
http_url	string[128]	6/6	URL of the HTTP server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	6/6	FTP server address.
ftp_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode. 0 = disable passive mode 1 = enable passive mode
email_address	string[128]	6/6	Email server address.
email_sslmode	0, 1	6/6	Enable support SSL.
email_port	0~65535	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
email_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.

email_senderemail	string[128]	6/6	Email address of the sender.
email_recipientemail	string[128]	6/6	Email address of the recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	6/6	Workgroup for network storage.

Group: **media_i<0~4>** (media_freespace is used internally.)

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	snapshot, systemlog, videoclip, recordmsg	6/6	Media type to send to the server or store on the server.
snapshot_source	<integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	6/6	Add date and time suffix to filename: 1 = Add date and time suffix. 0 = Do not add.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0 ~ 9	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 10	6/6	Maximum duration of one video clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 1500	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip file in Kbytes.

Group: **recording_i**<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recording: "0" indicates low priority. "1" indicates normal priority. "2" indicates high priority.
source	<integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc.
limitsize	0,1	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism 1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclic	0,1	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording 1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification 1: Enable recording notification
notifyserver	0~31	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled. One bit represents one application server (server_i0~i4). bit0 (LSB) = server_i0. bit1 = server_i1. bit2 = server_i2. bit3 = server_i3. bit4 = server_i4. For example, enable server_i0, server_i2, and server_i4 as notification servers; the notifyserver value is 21.

weekday	<interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit0 (LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thursday bit3 = Wednesday bit4 = Tuesday bit5 = Monday bit6 = Sunday For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Start time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule. (00:00~24:00 indicates schedule always on)
prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	20~	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes when choosing to limit recording size.
reserveamount	15~	6/6	The reserved amount in Mbytes when choosing cyclic recording mechanism.
dest	cf, 0~4	6/6	The destination to store the recorded data. "cf" means CF card. "0~4" means the index of the network storage.
cffolder	string[128]	6/6	Folder name.

Group: **custom_i**<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of customized event script file.

Group: **https** (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
connect	1025 ~ 65535	7/7	Specify the stunnel connect port.
enable	<boolean>	6/6	To enable or disable secure HTTP.
policy	<Boolean>	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force HTTP connection redirect to HTTPS connection
method	auto, manual, install	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate automatically. manual => Create self-signed certificate manually. install => Create certificate request and install.

status	-3 ~ 1	6/6	Specify the https status.
			-3 = Certificate not installed
			-2 = Invalid public key
			-1 = Waiting for certificate
			0 = Not installed
			1 = Active
countryname	string[2]	6/6	Country name in the certificate information.
stateorprovince name	string[128]	6/6	State or province name in the certificate information.
localityname	string[128]	6/6	The locality name in the certificate information.
organizationna me	string[64]	6/6	Organization name in the certificate information.
unit	string[32]	6/6	Organizational unit name in the certificate information.
commonname	string[64]	6/6	Common name in the certificate information.
validdays	0 ~ 9999	6/6	Valid period for the certification.

Drive the Digital Output

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.
Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=*<state>*[&do2=<state>] [&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>][&return=*<return page>*]

Where state is 0 or 1; "0" means inactive or normal state, while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do<num>	0, 1	0 – Inactive, normal state
		1 – Active, triggered state
return	*<return page>*	Redirect to the page *<return page>* after the parameter is assigned. The *<return page>* can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page.

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Query Status of the Digital Input

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all of the digital input statuses will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: *<length>*\r\n

\r\n

[di0=<state>]\r\n

[di1=<state>]\r\n

[di2=<state>]\r\n

[di3=<state>]\r\n

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1.

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: 7\r\n

\r\n

di1=1\r\n

Query Status of the Digital Output

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the digital output statuses will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: <*length*>\r\n

\r\n

[do0=<state>]\r\n

[do1=<state>]\r\n

[do2=<state>]\r\n

[do3=<state>]\r\n

where <*state*> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1.

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: 7\r\n

\r\n

do1=1\r\n

Capture Single Snapshot

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>]

[&quality=<value>]

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.
resolution	*<available resolution>*	0	The resolution of the image.
quality	*1~5*	3	The quality of the image.

The server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of the selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n
[Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

<binary JPEG image data>

Account Management

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.
Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?
method=<value>&username=*<name>*[&userpass=*<value>*][&privilege=*<value>*]
[&privilege=<value>][…][&return=*<return page>*]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the "username" field is necessary. It will use the default value of other fields if not specified.
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this method, the "username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this method, the "username" field is necessary, and other fields are optional. If not specified, it will keep the original settings.
username	<name>	The name for the user to add, delete, or edit.
userpass	<value>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user to modify. The default value is an empty string.

privilege	<value>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.
	viewer	Viewer privilege.
	operator	Operator privilege.
	admin	Administrator privilege.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page *<return page>* after the parameter is assigned. The *<return page>* can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

System Logs

Note: This request require Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n
\r\n
<system log information>\r\n

Upgrade Firmware

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n
\r\n

<multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

Camera Control (capability.ptzenabled=1)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.
Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?[channel=<value>][&camid=<value>][&move=<value >]
[&focus=<value>][&iris=<value>][&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>]
[&speedapp=<value>][&auto=<value>][&zoom=<value>][&zooming=<value>][&speedlink=<value>]
[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] [&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
camid	0,<positive integer>	Camera ID.
move	home	Move to camera to home position.
	up	Move camera up.
	down	Move camera down.
	left	Move camera left.
	right	Move camera right.
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.
speedapp	-5 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.
auto	pan	Auto pan.
	patrol	Auto patrol.
	stop	Stop camera.
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
	stop	Stop zoom.
zooming	wide	Zoom without stopping for larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom without stopping for further view with current speed.

vx	<integer , excluding 0>	The slope of movement = vy/vx, used for joystick control.
vy	<integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
focus	auto	Auto focus.
	far	Focus on further distance.
	near	Focus on closer distance.
iris	auto	Let the Network Camera control iris size.
	open	Manually control the iris for bigger size.
	close	Manually control the iris for smaller size.
speedlink	0 ~ 4	Issue speed link command.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page *<return page>* after the parameter is assigned*.* The *<return page>* can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Recall (capability.ptzenabled=1)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/viewer/recall.cgi?
recall=<value>[&channel=<value>][&return=*<return page>*]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
recall	Text string less than 30 characters	One of the present positions to recall.
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
return	*<return page>*	Redirect to the page *<return page>* after the parameter is assigned*.* The *<return page>* can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Preset Locations (capability.ptzenabled=1)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/preset.cgi?[channel=<value>]
[&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	<Text string less than 30 characters>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
delpos	<Text string less than 30 characters>	Delete preset location from preset list.
return	<*return page*>	Redirect to the page <*return page*> after the parameter is assigned. The <*return page*> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

System Information

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges. (obsolete)
Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/sysinfo.cgi

Server will return the system information. In HTTP API version 2, the CapVersion will be 0200. All fields in the previous version (0100) are obsolete. Please use "getparam.cgi?capability" instead.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n
\r\n
Model=<model name of server>\r\n
CapVersion=0200\r\n

PARAMETER(supported capability version)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION

Model	system.firmwareversion	Model name of the server. Ex:IP3133-VVTK-0100a
CapVersion	*MMmm, MM is major version from 00 ~ 99* *mm is minor version from 00 ~ 99* *ex: 0100*	Capability field version.

IP Filtering

Note: This request requires Administrator access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://*<servername>*/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi? method=*<value>*&[start=*<ipaddress>*&end=*<ipaddress>*][&index=*<value>*] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Method	addallow	Add allowed IP address range to the server. Start and end parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is specified, it will try to add starting from the index position.
	adddeny	Add denied IP address range to the server. Start and end parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is specified, it will try to add starting from the index position.
	deleteallow	Remove allowed IP address range from server. If start and end parameters are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP address. If index is specified, it will try to remove the address from given index position. [start, end] parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.
	deletedeny	Remove denied IP address range from server. If start and end parameters are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP address. If index is specified, it will try to remove the address from given index position. [start, end] parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.
start	<ip address>	The starting IP address to add or to delete.
end	<ip address>	The ending IP address to add or to delete.
index	<value>	The start position to add or to delete.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page *<return page>* after the parameter is assigned*.* The *<return page>* can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

UART HTTP Tunnel Channel **(capability.nuart>0)**

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]

-----------------------------------------------------------------------

GET /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma: no-cache

cache-control: no-cache


-----------------------------------------------------------------------

POST /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma : no-cache

cache-control : no-cache

content-length: 32767

expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT
```

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through a proxy server.

This channel will help to transfer the raw data of UART over the network.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	0 ~ (n-1)	The channel number of UART.

Event/Control HTTP Tunnel Channel

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi

GET /cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma: no-cache

cache-control: no-cache

POST /cgi-bin/admin/ ctrlevent.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled

pragma : no-cache

cache-control : no-cache

content-length: 32767

expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through the proxy server.

This channel will help perform real-time event notification and control. The event and control formats are described in another document.

Get SDP of Streams

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.
Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.
"network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the "subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.
You can get the SDP by HTTP GET.

Open the Network Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<*servername*>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

Senddata (capability.nuart>0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/senddata.cgi?

[com=<value>][&data=<value>][&flush=<value>] [&wait=<value>] [&read=<value>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
com	1 ~ <max. com port number>	The target COM/RS485 port number.
data	<hex decimal data>[,<hex decimal data>]	The <hex decimal data> is a series of digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~ F. Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.
flush	yes,no	yes: Receive data buffer of the COM port will be cleared before read. no: Do not clear the receive data buffer.
wait	*1 ~ 65535*	Wait time in milliseconds before read data.
read	*1 ~ 128*	The data length in bytes to read. The read data will be in the return page.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n

\r\n

<hex decimal data>\r\n

Where hexadecimal data is digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~ F.

Technical Specifications

System	· CPU: VVTK-1000 SoC · Flash: 8MB · RAM: 64MB · Embedded OS: Linux 2.4
Lens	· Board lens, vari-focal, f = 3.3 ~ 12 mm, F1.4 (wide), F2.9 (tele), focus range: 50 cm to infinity · Removable IR-cut filter for day & night function
Angle of View	· 23.9° ~ 89.8° (horizontal) · 17.9° ~ 63.6° (vertical)
Shutter Time	· 1/5 sec. to 1/15000 sec.
Image Sensor	· 1/3.3" Wide Dynamic Range CMOS sensor in 720x480 resolution
Minimum Illumination	· 0.68 Lux / F1.4 · 0 Lux / F1.4 (IR LED on)
IR Illuminators	· Built-in IR illuminators, effective up to 15 meters
Video	· Compression: MJPEG & MPEG-4 · Streaming: Simultaneous dual streams MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP or HTTP MPEG-4 multicast streaming MJPEG streaming over HTTP · Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance · Frame rates: MPEG-4: Up to 25 fps at 720x480 MJPEG: Up to 25 fps at 720x480
Image Settings	· Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate · Time stamp and text caption overlay · Flip & mirror · Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, and hue · AGC, AWB, AEC (Automatic Exposure Control), WDR · Automatic or manual day/night mode · Supports privacy masks
Audio	· Compression: GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps · Interface: External microphone input Audio output · Supports two-way audio via SIP protocol · Supports audio mute
Networking	· 10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45 · Protocols: IPv4, TCP/IP, HTTP, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP,SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS and PPPoE
Alarm and Event Management	· Triple-window video motion detection · One D/I and one D/O for external sensor and alarm · Event notification using HTTP, SMTP or FTP · Local recording of MP4 file
Security	· Muilti-level user access with password protection · IP address filtering
Users	· Live viewing for up to 10 clients
Dimension	· Ø 70 mm x 182 mm
Weight	· Net: 969 g
LED Indicator	· System restore status indicator
Power	· 12V DC · 24V AC · Power consumption: Max. 6 W · 802.3af compliant Power-over-Ethernet
Housing	· Weather-proof IP66-rated housing
Approvals	· CE, LVD, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick
Operating Environments	· Temperature: -20 ~ 60 °C (-4 ~ 140 °F) · Humidity: 20% ~ 80% RH
Viewing System Requirements	· OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista · Browser: Internet Explorer 6.x or above · Cell phone: 3GPP player · Real Player: 10.5 or above · Quick Time: 6.5 or above
Installation, Management, and Maintenance	· RS-485 interface for scanners, pan/tilts · Installation Wizard 2 · 16-CH recording software · Supports firmware upgrade
Applications	· SDK available for application development and system integration
Warranty	· 24 months

System Overview
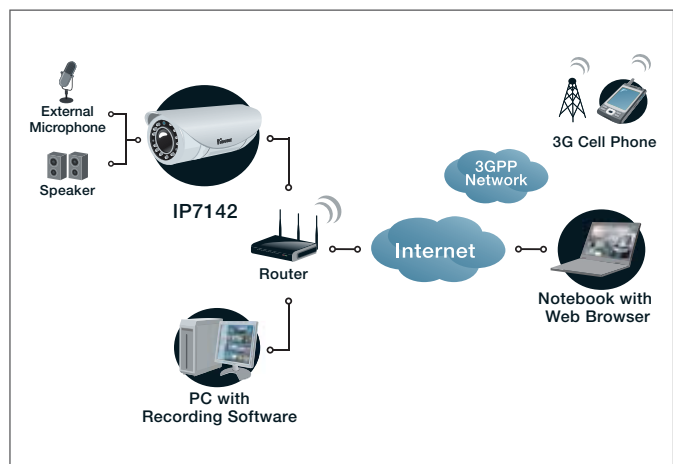
External View
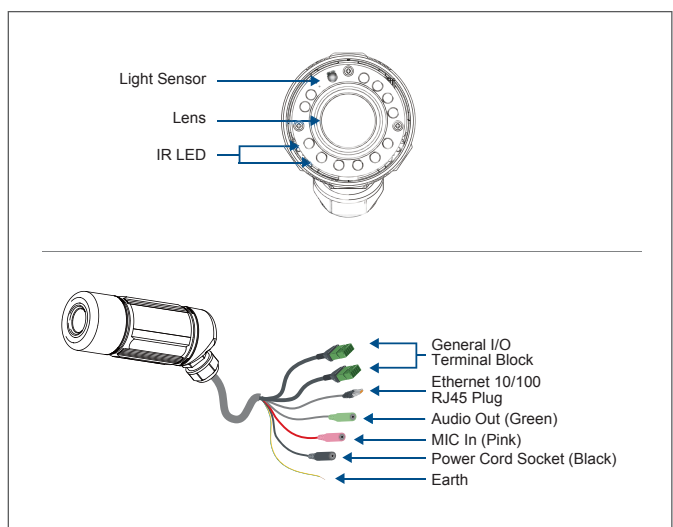
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This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

■ This device may not cause harmful interference, and

■ This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the installation manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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