



Video Server

VS3102

User's Manual

User's Manual



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Before You Use This Product

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Video Server is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but also can be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the list in the "Package Contents" chapter. Take notice of the warnings in "Quick installation guide" before the Video Server is installed, then carefully read and follow the instructions in the "Installation" chapter to avoid damages due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The Video Server is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic network knowledge. The "Troubleshooting" chapter in the Appendix provides remedies to the most common errors in set up and configuration. You should consult this chapter first if you run into a system error.

The Video Server is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/surveillance, etc. The "How to Use" chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Video Server and ensure proper operations. For the creative and professional developers, the "URL Commands of The Video Server" chapter serves to be a helpful reference to customize existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.


For paragraphs preceded by  the reader should use caution to understand completely the warnings. Ignoring the warnings may result in serious hazards or injuries.

Table of Contents

Before You Use This Product	2
Package Contents.....	7
Physical Description.....	8
Front Panel	8
BNC video input	8
RCA audio input	8
Rear Panel	9
Ethernet 10/100 socket	9
COM port.....	9
General I/O terminal block	10
Status LEDs	10
Restore button.....	11
Power adapter.....	12
Installation	13
Ethernet Environment.....	14
Hardware installation.....	14
Cable connection	14
Power on	15
Initial Access to the Video Server	16
Modem Environment.....	17
Hardware Installation.....	17
Cable Connection.....	18
Power On	18
Software Installation	19
Install a New Modem	19
Setup a New Connection	22
Initial Access to the Video Server	27

How to Use	29
Authentication	30
Installing plug-in	31
Primary User's Capability	32
Main Screen with Camera View	32
Snapshot button	32
PTZ camera control.....	32
Client Setting	34
System configuration	36
System parameters	37
User group administration	39
Network settings.....	40
SMTP.....	42
FTP	42
UPnP and DDNS Settings	45
Video codec parameters	47
Motion detection	50
PTZ camera configuration	51
Modem and dialup settings.....	55
Application settings	57
Homepage layout settings	59
Advanced functions	60
Viewing system parameters.....	60
Restore factory default settings.....	60
Clear data path for proprietary commands.....	60
FTP	61
Uploading snapshots periodically to an external FTP server	61
Customizing homepage images	61
Viewing system log.....	62
Uploading the configuration file.....	62
Software revision upgrade	62
Telnet.....	63
System core debugging	63

Monitor changed status of digital inputs	63
Stop information dumping	64
Query status of digital inputs	64
Set digital outputs.....	64
Erase snapshots stored in Flash memory	64
Erase logo and graphic buttons	64
Skip installation during the next boot	64
Reset network for new settings	64
Restore factory default settings.....	64
Reset system.....	65
URL commands of the Video Server	66
Capture update Snapshot of JPEG image	66
Move motorized camera in PTZ direction.....	66
Preset/Recall camera position	66
Query status of digital inputs	66
Drive digital outputs.....	66
Clear data mode serial port driver.....	67
Restore factory default settings.....	67
Restart system.....	67
Page URL.....	67
System resource URL.....	69
General format of command URL.....	69
System configuration URL	69
Security configuration URL	70
Network configuration URL	70
Video configuration URL.....	71
Image quality configuration URL.....	72
Camera configuration URL	73
Camera preset configuration URL	73
Camera custom command configuration URL	73
Custom camera configuration URL	74
Modem configuration URL	74
Application configuration URL.....	75
Homepage layout configuration URL.....	76
DDNS & UPNP configuration URL.....	76

Appendix 77

- A. POST procedure77**
- B. Frequently asked questions78**
- C. Technical specifications81**

Package Contents

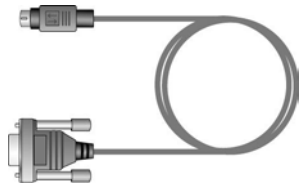
Video Server VS3102



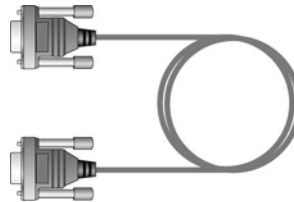
Power adapter



Camera control cable



Null modem cable



Software CD



I/O connector and wrench



Quick installation guide

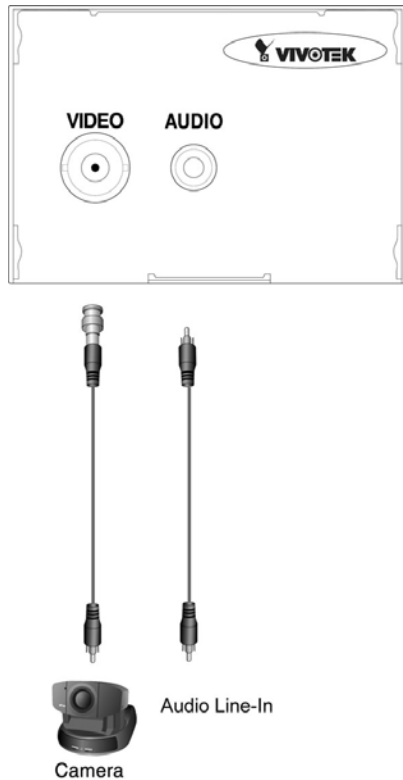


Warranty card



Physical Description

Front Panel



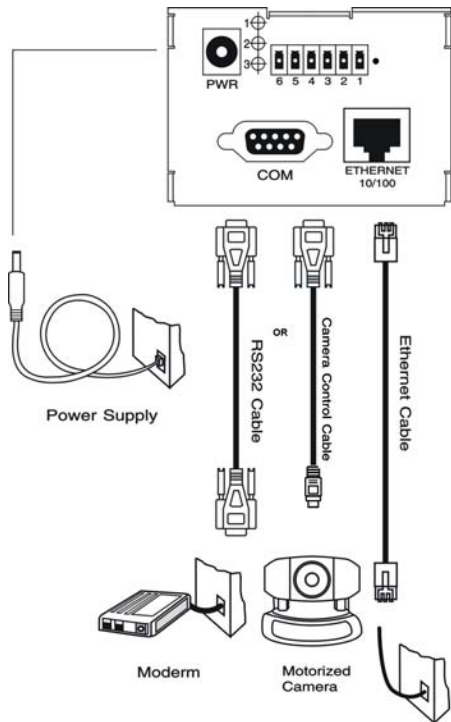
BNC video input

75Ohms resistance video port for connecting an external camera. To ensure video modulation type being correctly detected, cameras should be attached and powered on before the Video Server is powered on.

RCA audio input

The audio input is connected by RCA connector of mono-audio Line-In signal.

Rear Panel



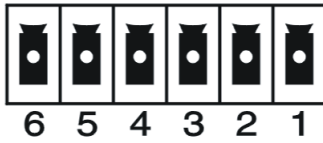
Ethernet 10/100 socket

Connect to Ethernet network with a UTP category 5 cables that cannot exceed 100 meters. Once the Ethernet cable is connected without error, Video Server will utilize Ethernet interface regardless of modem connection.

COM port

This RS232 serial port can connect with a modem or included null modem cable to utilize dial-up network when Ethernet is not available. If Video Server operates with Ethernet interface, administrators may use this port to control PTZ camera attached to VIDEO.

General I/O terminal block



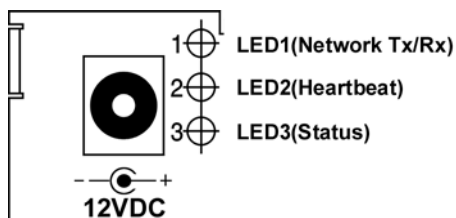
1	←	DI+	INPUT	(Max. 50mA, 12VDC)
2	←	DI-	INPUT	
3	←	SW_COMMON	OUTPUT	(short with NC at initial state)
4	←	SW_NOPEN	OUTPUT	(Max. 1A, 24VDC or 0.5A, 125VAC)
5	←	RS485 B		(inverting)
6	←	RS485 A		(non-inverting)

The Video Server provides a very flexible general I/O interface to combine with the user's security devices such as sensors, alarms, lighting or door locks. The general I/O terminal block has six pins for device control. These pins can be divided into two categories based on their functions, including RS485 and digital inputs and outputs.

If the device connected to COM has an RS485 interface, wire two control lines to pin 5 and pin 6. After switching to RS485 on the configuration page, the PTZ control commands will be directed through pin 5 and pin 6. If the distance from the controlled device is too far to allow accurate function, an external power source may be used to pull high the RS485 signal.

The Video Server provides one digital input and one relay switch for device control. Pin 1 and pin 2 can be connected to an external sensor and the state of voltage will be monitored according to the programmed scripts in configuration. The relay switch can be used to turn on or off the external device.

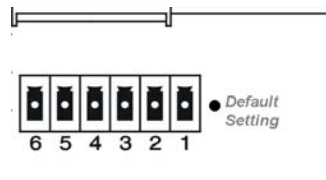
Status LEDs



Each time Video Server starts; it will perform a Power-On Self Test, abbreviated as POST hereafter, to examine every hardware module. As soon as the administrator plugs in the power adapter, both LEDs under the network LED will flash one by one until the POST is done. If any module fails, both LEDs will indicate to the users the error according to the pattern listed in Appendix A. If the result is good, both LEDs will turn off for a while and then follows the pattern below. Network interface depends on the peripherals including Ethernet UTP cable, modem or null modem cable. If the Ethernet cable between the Video Server and Ethernet hub is good, Video Server will choose the Ethernet network. If Ethernet is unavailable but a operational modem is connected, the network interface will be PPP with modem. If either of the above is not the case, The Video Server will try the interface of PPP with null modem.

Network Interface	Condition	LED2 (Heartbeat)	LED3 (Status)
Ethernet	before installed	OFF	OFF
	after installed	flash	OFF
	during camera control	flash	Flash
PPP with modem	after POST	flash	ON
PPP with null modem	before connected	ON	ON
	after connected	flash	ON

Restore button



There is a button hidden in the box for restoring the system factory default settings. When the system fails to install or operates abnormally, use the included assistant stick in the package and follow the following procedures to reset the system back to its original status.

Poke the assistant stick into the hole to press down on the restore button. Restart the system by unplugging and re-plugging the power jack. While keeping the button pressed, the system will perform POST twice rather than the usual once, which can be observed from the flashing LEDs. After the system flashes the LEDs for the second time, withdraw the stick to release the button. The system will have

restored factory default settings at that moment.

Power adapter

Connect the power jack of the included power adapter. Connecting the power adapter should be the last operation while physically installing the Video Server.

Installation

To easily fit into various environments, the Video Server automatically detects the attached interfaces and configures itself to the best condition. Therefore users need not care whether the connected cameras are either NTSC or PAL, how to select the network between Ethernet and modem, and whether the Ethernet speed is 10Mbps or 100 Mbps. If the connected motorized camera is on the support list, users only need to plug and play without complicated configurations.

The Video Server supports Ethernet and modem interfaces according to the user's existing network. Ethernet can provide higher bandwidth to achieve the best performance while dial-up network with modem is more common in current Internet applications. Refer to the related installation section for your network environment. If both interfaces are available, Ethernet is recommended and will be chosen as the first priority if Ethernet cable and modem are concurrently attached. Managing to install in the other interface will automatically clear the previous network settings to start new installation.

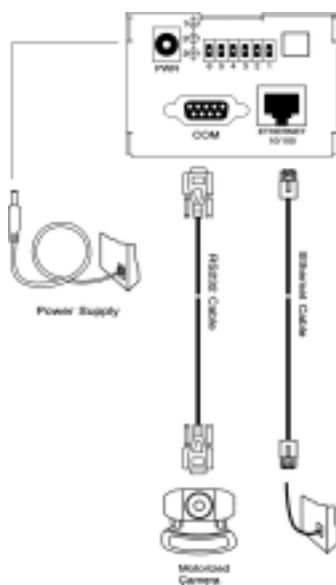
In the following content, "user" refers to those who can access the Video Server and "Administrator" refers to the supervisor who has the root password to configure the Video Server in addition to general access. Administrator should carefully read this manual, especially during installation.

Ethernet Environment

Hardware installation

Before installing multiple the Video Servers at the well-chosen locations, the Administrator should memorize the serial numbers on the packages respectively for future use.

Cable connection




Shut down all the peripheral devices prior to connection. Connect the supplied cables from the Video Server to related devices according to the following steps.

Note: The power adaptor must be kept unplugged until other cables are firmly connected.

Power on

Make sure all cables are correctly and firmly connected before turning on the Video Server. Turn on cameras, sensors, alarm devices, and then attach the power adaptor of the Video Server to the electric power socket*. After the POST (power-on self test) is complete and the result is successful. At this stage, network speed and video modulation type are automatically detected. After addressing procedure is completed, the Video Server is ready. If the detection of video modulation fails, Administrator may change the setting on the configuration page. Refer to the configuration section for further information.

 Connect the jack of the power adapter to Video Server prior to plugging the utility end into the utility power socket. It will reduce accidental electric surge shock.

Initial Access to the Video Server

The Video Server can be connected either before or immediately after software installation onto the Local Area Network. The Administrator should complete the network settings on the configuration page. For complete protection from illegal usage, the Video Server provides two privileges and always needs user name and password before access. The standard level is the USER mode that consists of twenty user profiles. Each user is able to access the Video Server except for system configuration. Twenty users' profiles are also maintained by the administrator. The highest level is ROOT mode that only opens to Administrator for initial setup, system configuration, user administration and software upgrade. The user name of the Administrator is internally assigned to "root".

When connecting to the Video Server, users will be requested for user name and password by an authentication message window. A root password, identical to the Video Server's serial number, is needed for the initial access to a newly installed Video Server. The administrator must change the root password immediately after the initial installation to ensure security. The new root password should be well memorized since there is no way to retrieve or recover it. After changing the password, the browser will display an authentication window again to ask for the new password.

The other important part is network settings. The software configuration above makes the Video Server easily accessed through local networks. However Administrator should review the network settings on the configuration page according to the existing service. The safe and easy way is to compare the network settings with another PC or workstation in the same network.

By default the Video Server will acquiring IP address automatically every time it reboots. If the network settings are sure to work all the time, disable the "**Reset network at next boot**" option if this IP address is already reserved for this the Video Server. Clearing this option will fix IP address of the video server every time it boots up. If the option stays checked, the Video Server will pick up any available IP address automatically every time the system boots up.

Modem Environment

Hardware Installation

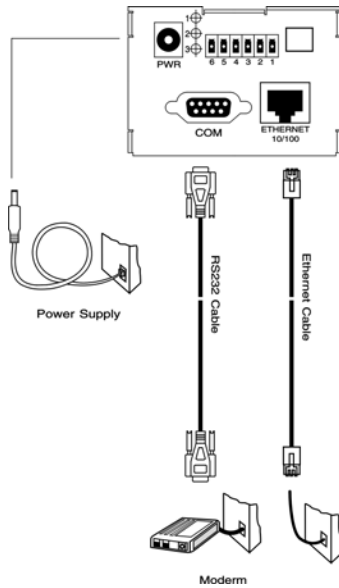
Before installing the Video Server, the administrator should memorize the serial numbers on the packages respectively for the initial passwords.

To use a dial-up network, the Ethernet socket should be left disconnected since Ethernet is the first priority among available interfaces. After powering up, the Video Server will detect if any external modem is connected to the modem port. Once a modem is detected, the heartbeat LED will flash periodically. If no modem responds, the Video Server will assume the included null modem cable is connected to perform system configuration. Then both lower LEDs will turn on until null modem connection is established.

If users have setup a remote dialup server or subscribed to an ISP service, the Video Server can be configured to dial to the server upon special events. Otherwise it will wait permanently for the user's call to establish a network connection to provide services.

In the following content, dial-in connection denotes a passive the Video Server waiting for a phone call to establish a point-to-point connection. Dial-out connection denotes an active the Video Server to dial out to the other end of a dial-up server or any Internet service provider, abbreviated as ISP, to request a point-to-point connection.

Cable Connection



Shut down the peripheral devices prior to connection. Connect the supplied cables from the Video Server to the related devices according to following steps. Note that power adaptor must be kept unplugged until other cables are firmly connected. For the first access to the Video Server without Ethernet, Administrator may use the included null modem cable to connect to COM for direct connection. It is also convenient for administrators to access the Video Server through the null modem cable directly without modem or Ethernet card. After necessary information is entered, a modem can be used to dial into the Internet.

Power On

Make sure all cables are correctly and firmly connected. Turn on cameras, sensors, alarm devices, and then finally attach power adaptor of the Video Server to the electric power outlet*. Since most automatic detections of hardware perform when the system starts, the Video Server should be turned on after all peripherals are turned on and ready.



Connect the power jack of the power adaptor to the Video Server prior to plugging the utility end into a utility power outlet. It will reduce accidental electric surge shock.

Software Installation

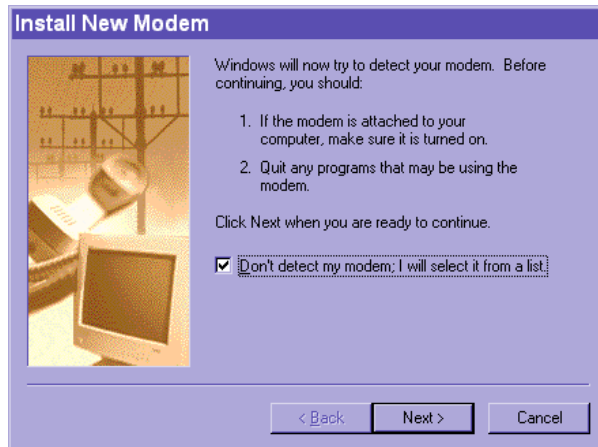
For the first time, users should connect the included null modem cable between the COM port of the Video Server and any COM port of the PC for initial setup.

Install a New Modem

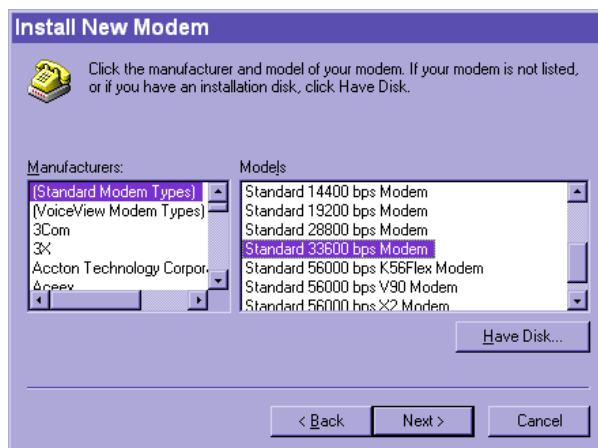
Open the control panel and double click the modems icon.



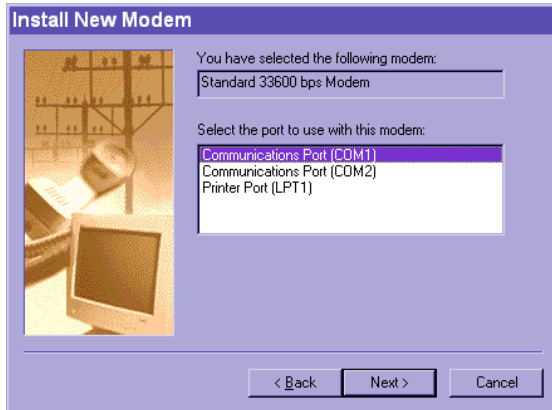
Check "Don't detect my modem....." item and click on **Next >** to install a new modem.



From (Standard Modem Type) choose the Standard 33600 bps Modem and click on **Next >**.



Choose the serial port that the included null modem cable is attached to and click on **Next >**. The null modem is now ready for use.

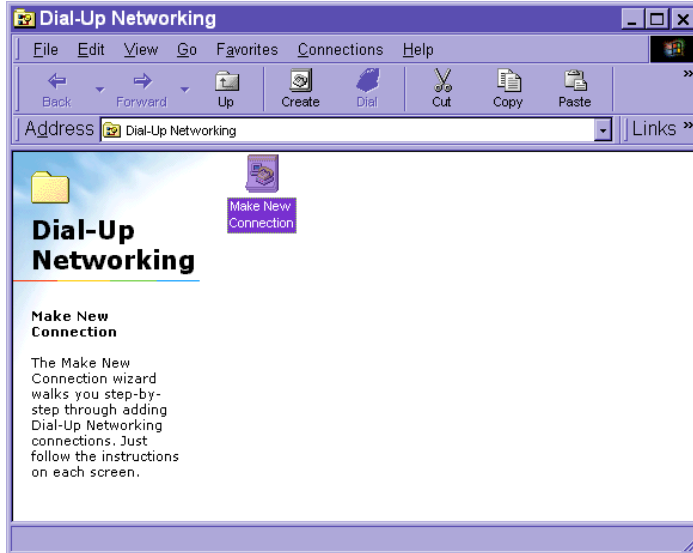


If no Dial-Up adapter exists in the system, Windows will automatically prompt to install. Press **OK** to continue.



Setup a New Connection

After the 33600 bps modem is installed, open the dialup network folder in Windows to build a new connection.



Select the device as the newly installed standard 33600 bps modem and click on **Next >**.



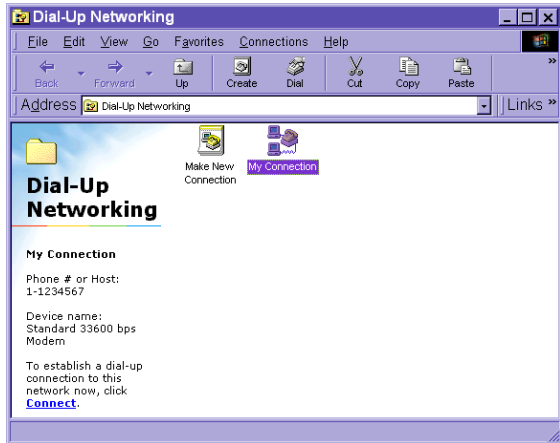
Just enter arbitrary digits as phone number and click on **Next >**. The phone number used here is not important.



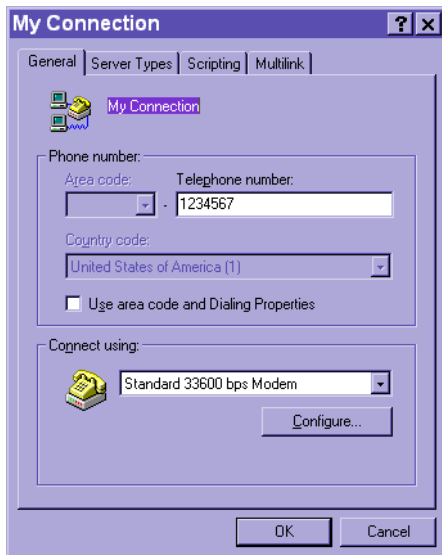
After clicking on **Finish**, this new connection will display in the Dial-up Networking folder and will be used for null modem connections.



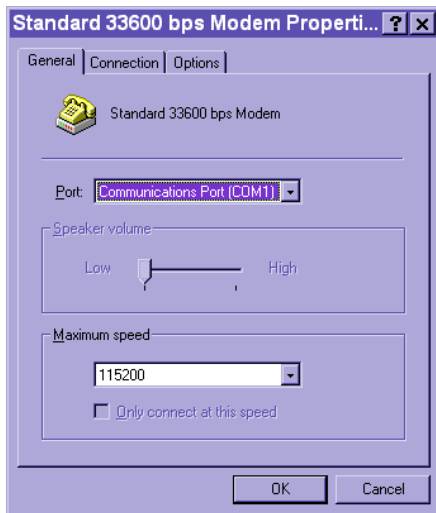
Right-click on the newly setup connection icon for properties.




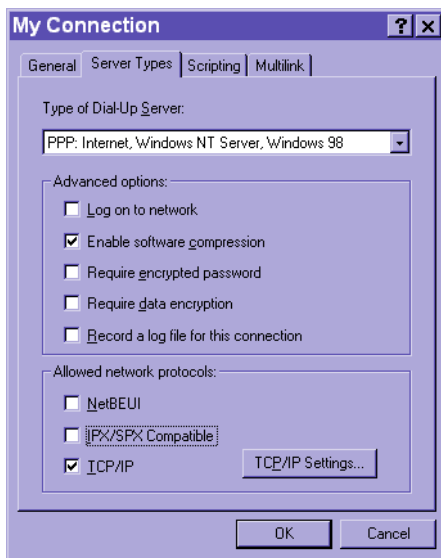
In the first General page, clear "Use area code and Dialing Properties" option and click on .



Select 115200 as the speed and click on .

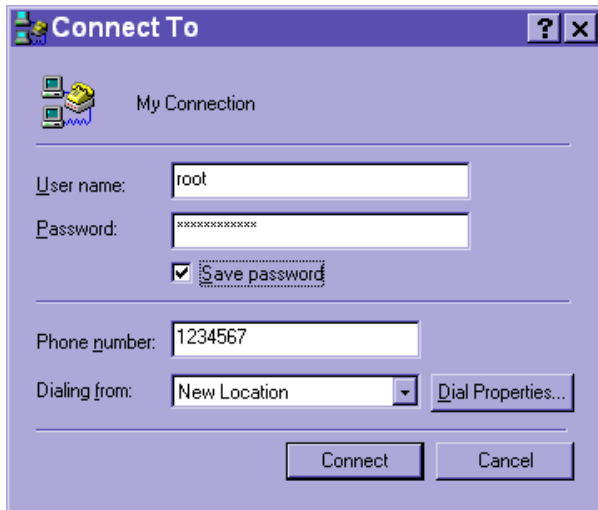


On the second page, only check "Enable software compression" and "TCP/IP" while leaving others blank. Keep other settings as default values and click on . Now the connection is ready for null modem connection.



Double click the newly setup connection. A dialing information window will pop up. Enter “root” as user name and the serial number labeled on the bottom side of the box as the password and click on **Connect**. The user name and password are identical to what is used in web access and may be changed by Administrator after successful installation.

Notice that the letters in the serial number should be capital form. For example, type 'A' instead of 'a'. After some negotiation prompts, a connection status window will show the speed is 115200 bps.

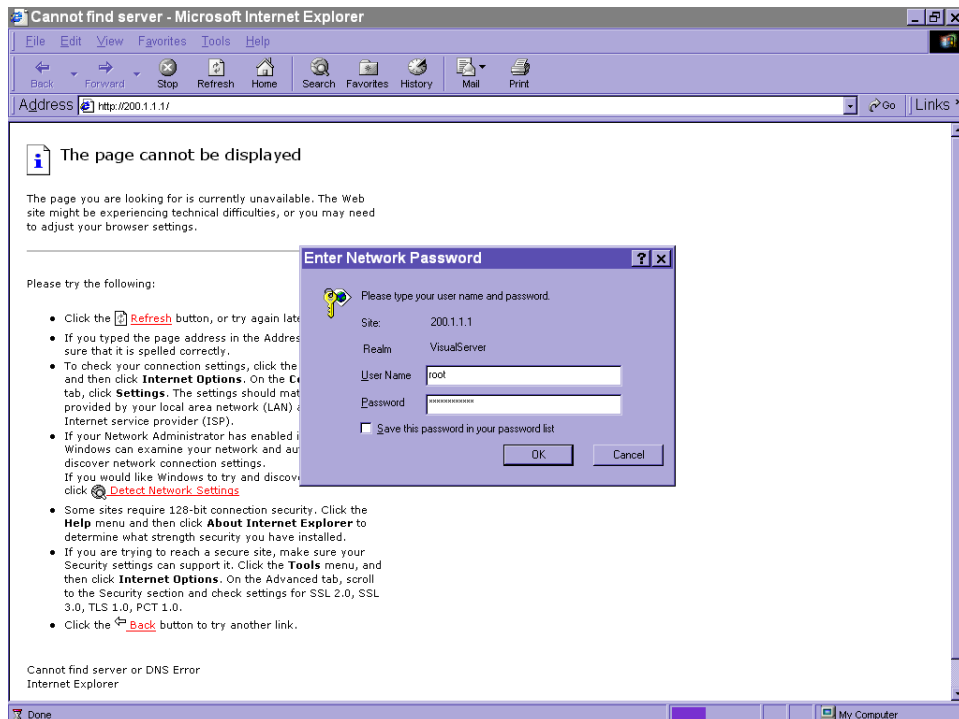


After connection is established successfully, go to the next section, “Initial access to the Video Server”.

If an error message indicates a hardware error while connecting for the first time, especially in a Windows 2000 environment, try again to recovery the possible detection failure.

Initial Access to the Video Server

Through direct connection by null modem cable the Administrator can open the default web browser and type in 200.1.1.1 as the address and press enter. Note that 200.1.1.1 will be the default IP address in a dial-in connection and 200.1.1.100 will be the given IP address for the user's PC by the Video Server. The user name and password are the same as what was entered during installation.



After successful authentication, Administrator should see the motion pictures in the main page. When using Microsoft Internet Explorer, Administrator should allow a plug-in provided by the Video Server to install additionally. For best security, Administrator must change the password on the system page of configuration immediately. After changing the password, the browser will display the authentication window again to ask for new password. Note that the new password will also be used in the next dialup.

To make the Video Server successfully work in dial-in and dial-out modes, follow the procedures below for basic configurations. If people other than the Administrator will be granted to use the Video Server, the Administrator should add these user profiles in the Security option. When the Video Server accepts dial-in connection and acts as a server, the user name and password used in dialing are the same as what was stored in the user database managed for web access. Any managed user can be authorized during PPP

negotiation and access web pages. However, only Administrator can access the configuration page.

There is more information needed for correct modem operation. Refer to the modem setting section in configuration for further settings. The Video Server will wait for someone to dial in. If the Administrator has setup some conditions in the application, the Video Server will automatically dial out based on the Administrator's configuration. Refer to the application section in configuration for special security applications. After everything is set and saved, turn off the Video Server and replace the null modem cable with modem for dial-up network. Since the null modem connection is used to configure the Video Server in advance for modem connection, Administrator cannot connect again without restarting the system.

If dial-out configuration is activated, the Video Server will dial out to send a system startup log to test and drop the call after the pre-configured period.

How to Use

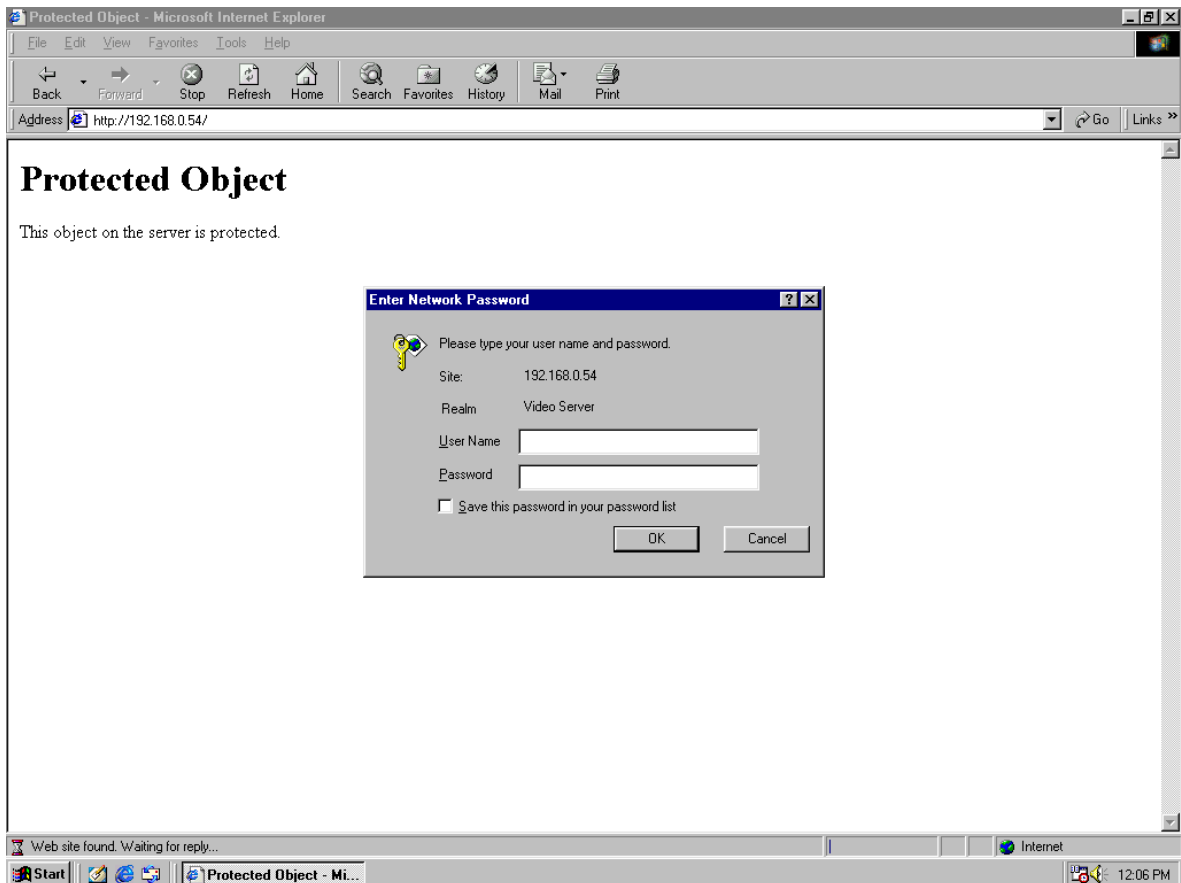
The Video Server is a well-designed stand-alone video server. With the built-in web server, authorized users may use web browser Internet Explorer to watch the video and hear the audio streamed from the Video Server. The powerful video compression processes up to 30 frames per second and makes the scene in your browser as real-time display. The powerful audio compression processes the real-time audio and makes the synchronization of video and audio correctly. Also benefit from web interface, each function and each configuration has its specific URL that allows advanced users easily integrate them into existing software program.

The preparation of the primary users to utilize the Video Server is quite simple since Administrator has done the majority of the installation. Most Administrators find the installation is easy in general environments because most settings are automatically configured. Open your web browser and connect to the Video Server just like a general web site and the audio and video will present on demand. Make sure the web address of the target the Video Server is accurate.

Authentication

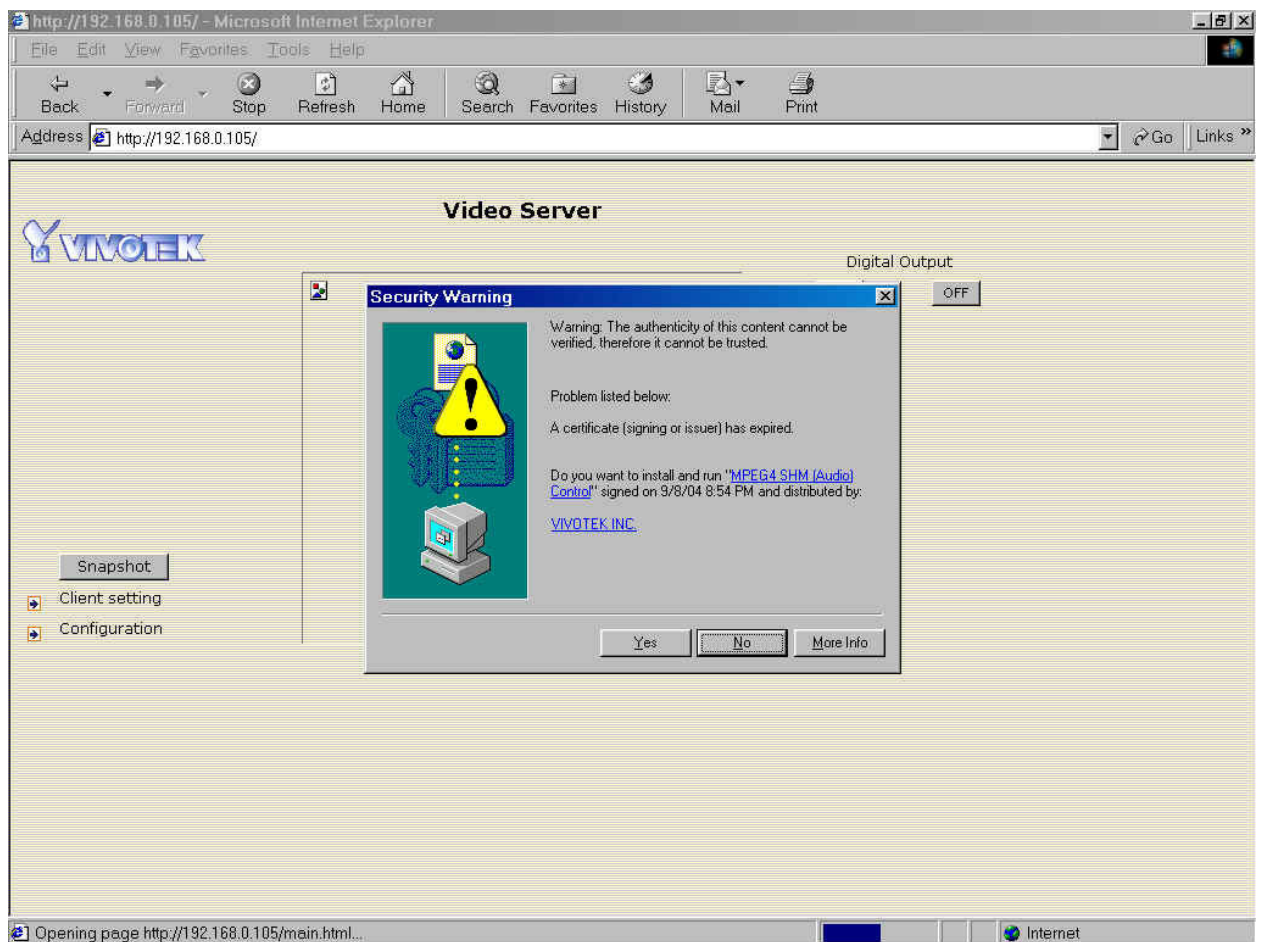
After opening the Web browser and typing in the URL of the Video Server, a dialogue window pops up to request a username and password. For Administrator's initial usage of the Video Server, enter the username as "root" and the password as the serial number in capital letters. The serial number can be found on the labels under the body of the Video Server and the top side of the carton. The primary users will be allowed to enter as soon as the Administrator finishes adding user profiles. Upon successful authentication, the following figure is displayed.

The foreground is the login window and the background shows the message if authentication fails. The user may check the option box to save the password for future convenience.



Installing plug-in

For the initial access to the Video Server in Windows, the web browser may prompt for permission to install a new plug-in for the Video Server. This plug-in has been registered for certificate and is used to display the motioned pictures in the browser. Users may click on to proceed. If the web browser does not allow the user to continue to install, check the Internet security option and lower the security levels or contact your IT or networking supervisor for help.



Primary User's Capability

Main Screen with Camera View

There is a logo image shown in the upper left corner. It can link to other web sites or resources depending on the settings in configuration. The assigned caption and system date/time will display in the banner above the image window. There might be some windows enclosed by red lines shown in the image as soon as motion is detected in the related windows.

Click on the configuration link to the right of the image window to enter the configuration page.

Snapshot button

The snapshot button enable user to capture a snapshot within a new window.

PTZ camera control

A PTZ motorized camera is provided by customers and should be correctly installed in advance. The control buttons in the right side of the video allows users to control the motorized camera attached to the Video Server with pan/tilt direction and zoom. To access the location set previously, pull down the Preset Position list to select one and click on . Only the Administrator can preset the camera locations. Users with camera control privileges are only allowed to browse the preset locations. Five buttons in the right side of the image can be used to control cameras in ways other than pan, tilt and zoom. They should be pre-configured by Administrator with reference to the instruction manual of the cameras. The default setting of camera control is none, and there would be no camera control button if none camera is selected.

Click on Image

If PTZ camera is installed to the Video Server, user can click any position on the image to drive camera move to the position. It would be much easier this way to control camera to move to the desired position. So far video server support Sony EVID30, Cannon VCC4 or Pelco-D PTZ camera for this functionality

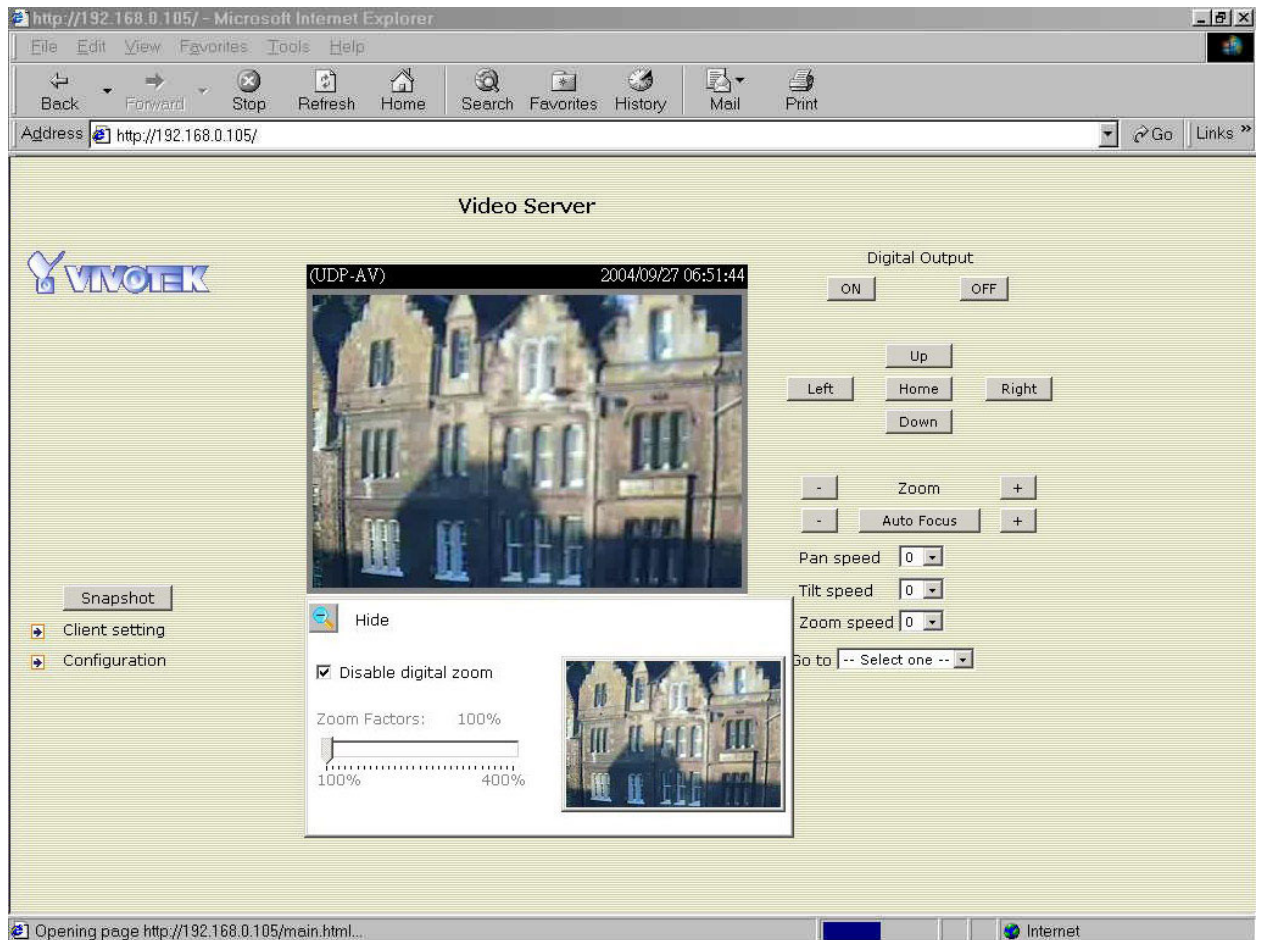
Zoom

This feature allows users to open a digital zoom control window to specify the zoom factor for specified area in the camera view. Users can also move the white frame to select the area of the video that she/he wants to view

“Disable digital zoom” The checkbox selection allows users to disable/enable the digital zoom function.

“Zoom Factors” The range of zoom factor is from 100% to 400%, users can select any integer factor inside this area.

“Hide” Click on this button can close the digital zoom control window



<url> *http://< Video Server>*

<Video Server> is the domain name or pure IP address of the Video Server.

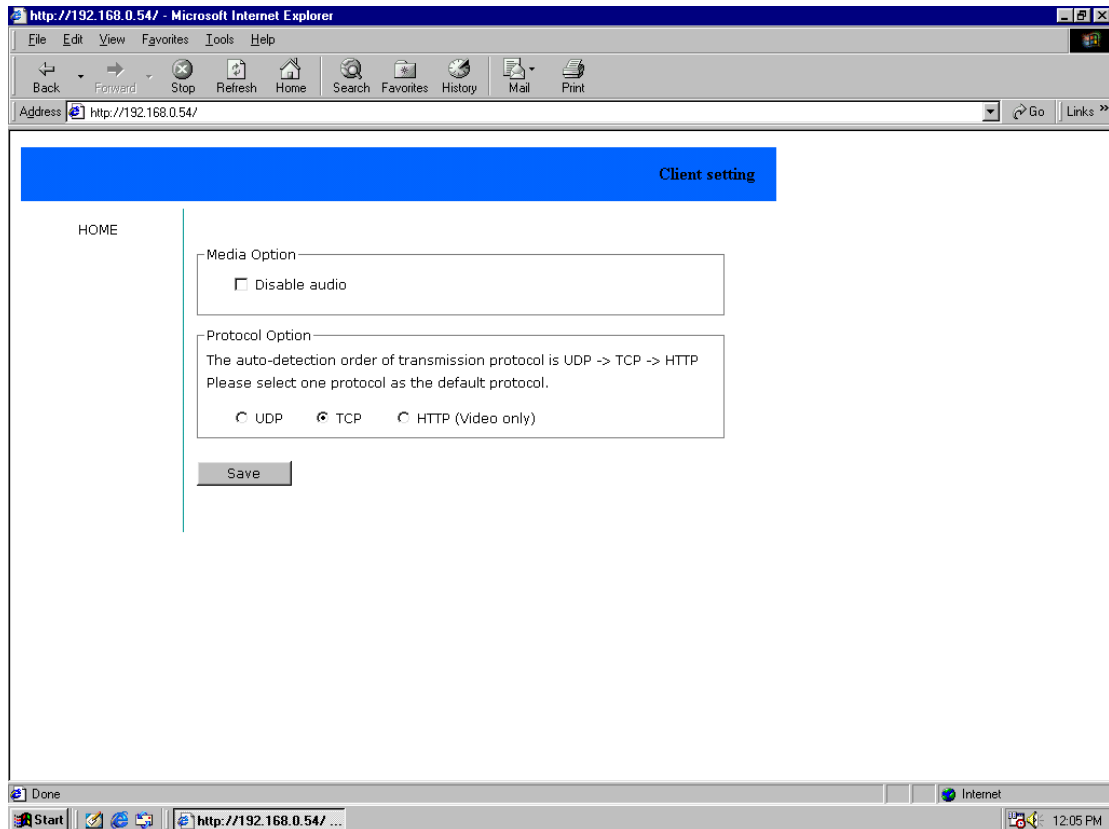
Client Setting

There are two settings for the client side. One is “**Media Option**” for users to determine if audio should be muted. The other is “**Protocol Option**” which allows choices on connection protocol between client and server. There are three protocols choices to optimize your usage - UDP, TCP and HTTP.

The UDP protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, some packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be obscured.

The TCP protocol allows for less packet loss and produces a more accurate video display. The downside with this protocol is that the real-time effect is worse than that with the UDP protocol.

The HTTP protocol must be selected if the network is protected by a firewall and it only allows HTTP Port (80) to be opened. In this mode, audio will not be sent and only video is operational. If no special need is required, UDP protocol is recommended. Generally speaking, the client’s choice will be in the order of UDP TCP HTTP. After the Video Server is connected successfully, “Protocol Option” will indicate the selected protocol. The selected protocol will be recorded in the user's PC and will be used for the next connection. If the network environment is changed, or the user wants to let the web browser to detect again, manually select the UDP protocol, save, and return HOME to re-connect.



<url> <http://<Video Server>/client.html>

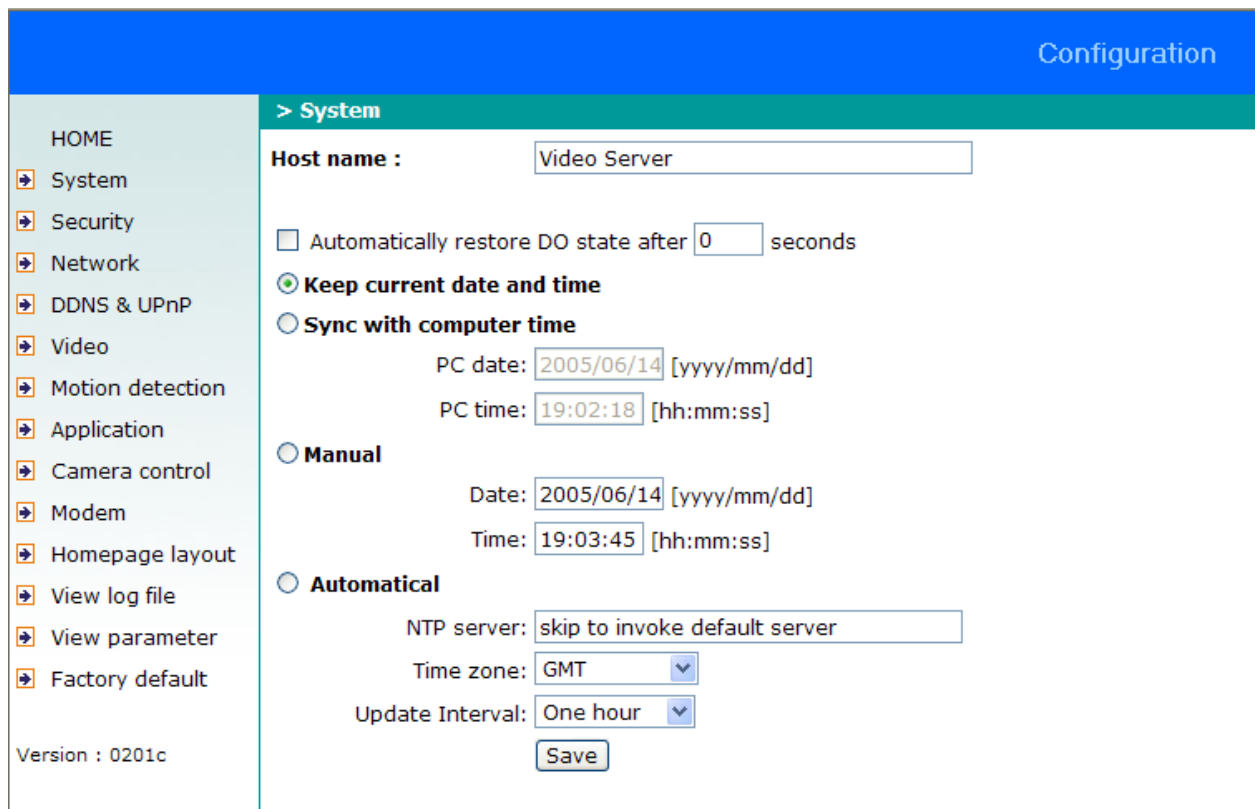
<Video Server> is the domain name or the original IP address of the Video Server.



When using modem as the network connection, the Video Server will not send the audio automatically, and send video only because the low bandwidth environment doesn't meet the requirement for both. In the Client setting page, protocol option will be set as Http protocol.

System configuration

There are two methods provided for configuration. Web interface is quite easy and clear to use and FTP with script file is rapid for mass installation. System configuration can be accessed only by Administrator. Administrator may type the URL below the figure to directly enter the configuration page. If Administrator also wants to set certain options through the URL, read the section on advanced usage for reference.



Configuration

> System

Host name :

Automatically restore DO state after seconds

Keep current date and time

Sync with computer time

PC date: [yyyy/mm/dd]

PC time: [hh:mm:ss]

Manual

Date: [yyyy/mm/dd]

Time: [hh:mm:ss]

Automatical

NTP server:

Time zone:

Update Interval:

HOME

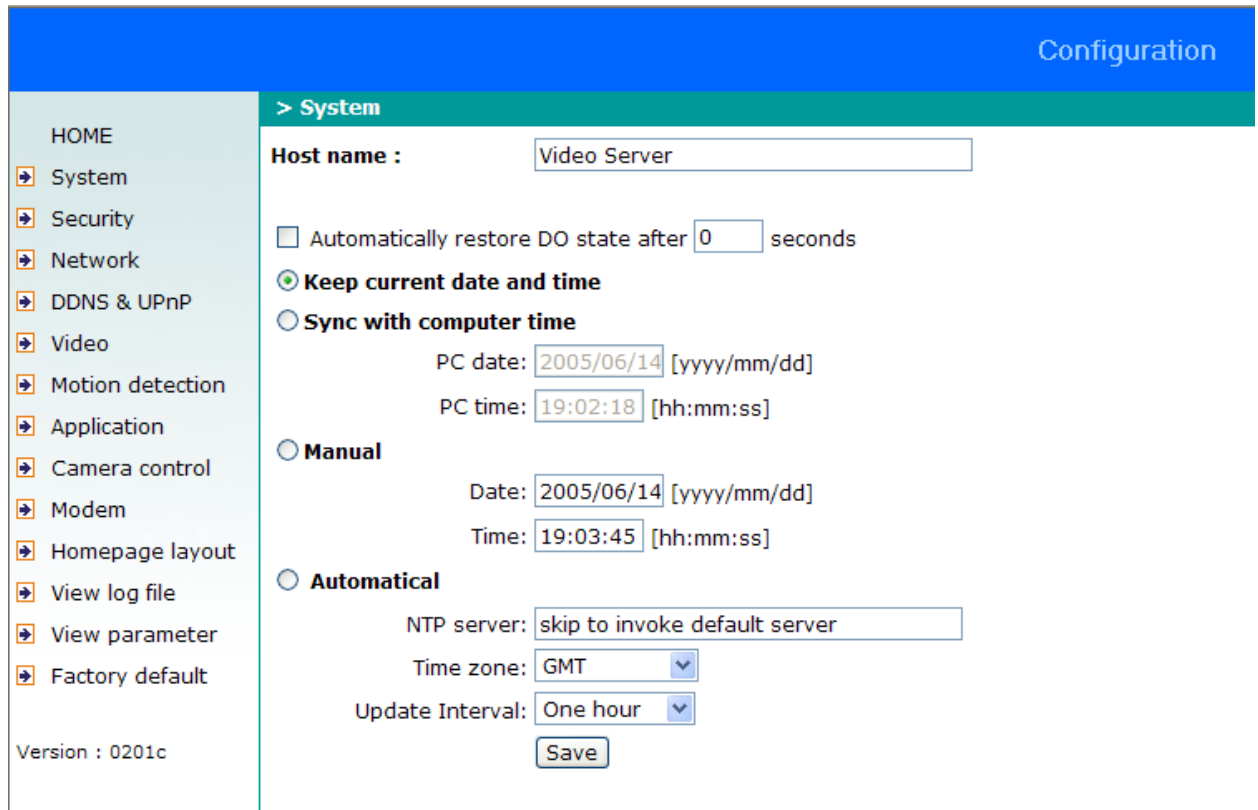
- System
- Security
- Network
- DDNS & UPnP
- Video
- Motion detection
- Application
- Camera control
- Modem
- Homepage layout
- View log file
- View parameter
- Factory default

Version : 0201c

<url> <http://<Video Server>/setup/config.html>

<Video Server> is the domain name or the original IP address of the Video Server.

System parameters




The screenshot shows the 'System' configuration page in a web interface. The page has a blue header with 'Configuration' on the right. A left sidebar contains a menu with 'HOME' at the top, followed by 'System', 'Security', 'Network', 'DDNS & UPnP', 'Video', 'Motion detection', 'Application', 'Camera control', 'Modem', 'Homepage layout', 'View log file', 'View parameter', and 'Factory default'. Below the menu is 'Version : 0201c'. The main content area is titled '> System' and contains the following fields and options:

- Host name :** Video Server
- Automatically restore DO state after 0 seconds
- Keep current date and time**
- Sync with computer time**
 - PC date: 2005/06/14 [yyyy/mm/dd]
 - PC time: 19:02:18 [hh:mm:ss]
- Manual**
 - Date: 2005/06/14 [yyyy/mm/dd]
 - Time: 19:03:45 [hh:mm:ss]
- Automatical**
 - NTP server: skip to invoke default server
 - Time zone: GMT
 - Update Interval: One hour

A 'Save' button is located at the bottom of the configuration area.

To change the system name, type in the text box after "**Host Name**". This name will be displayed at the top of the main page. In the case that only the host name is changed, without adjusting date and time of the Video Server, click on "**Keep current date and time**".

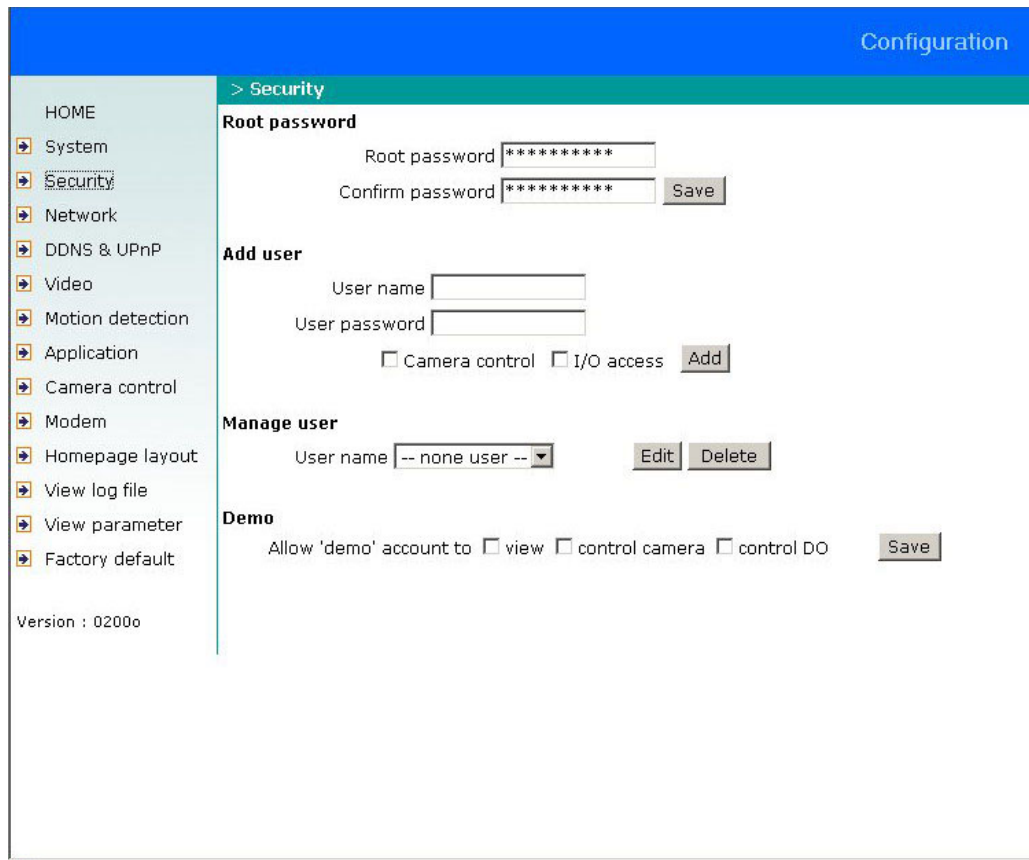
"**Automatically restore DO state after seconds**" allows you to restore DO state after events trigger DO. There are three ways to adjust system date and time. The easiest is to make the Video Server "**sync with computer time**". The second is to set the date and time manually. Notice the format in the related field while typing. The third "**Automatic**" is to make the Video Server periodically synchronize with timeservers over the Internet. It may fail if the assigned NTP server cannot be reached or it is within a local network. Leaving the NTP server blank will let the Video Server connect to default timeservers. If some specific timeserver is assigned, type it in the text box. Domain name or IP address format is acceptable as long as DNS server is available. Do not forget to set the "**Time Zone**" offset for local settings. It only affects the hour in NTP method. Once the check box of "**Automatic**" is checked, video server will synch with NTP server periodically. Update interval can be set as hourly, daily, weekly or monthly in the "**Update Interval**" item

Click on  to validate changes.



When user sets the illegal range of Date or Time, server will not accept this new setting and restore to the last setting. The legal range of year is between: 2000~2035.

User group administration



The screenshot shows the 'Configuration' page for user group administration. The sidebar on the left lists various system settings, with 'Security' selected. The main content area is titled '> Security' and contains the following sections:

- Root password:** Two text boxes for 'Root password' and 'Confirm password', both containing asterisks. A 'Save' button is to the right.
- Add user:** Text boxes for 'User name' and 'User password'. Below are checkboxes for 'Camera control' and 'I/O access', followed by an 'Add' button.
- Manage user:** A dropdown menu for 'User name' showing '-- none user --', with 'Edit' and 'Delete' buttons.
- Demo:** Checkboxes for 'view', 'control camera', and 'control DO', followed by a 'Save' button.

At the bottom left of the sidebar, it says 'Version : 02000'.

To change the Administrator's password, type the new password in both text boxes identically. What is typed will be displayed as asterisks for security purposes. After pressing **Save**, the web browser will ask Administrator for the new password for access.

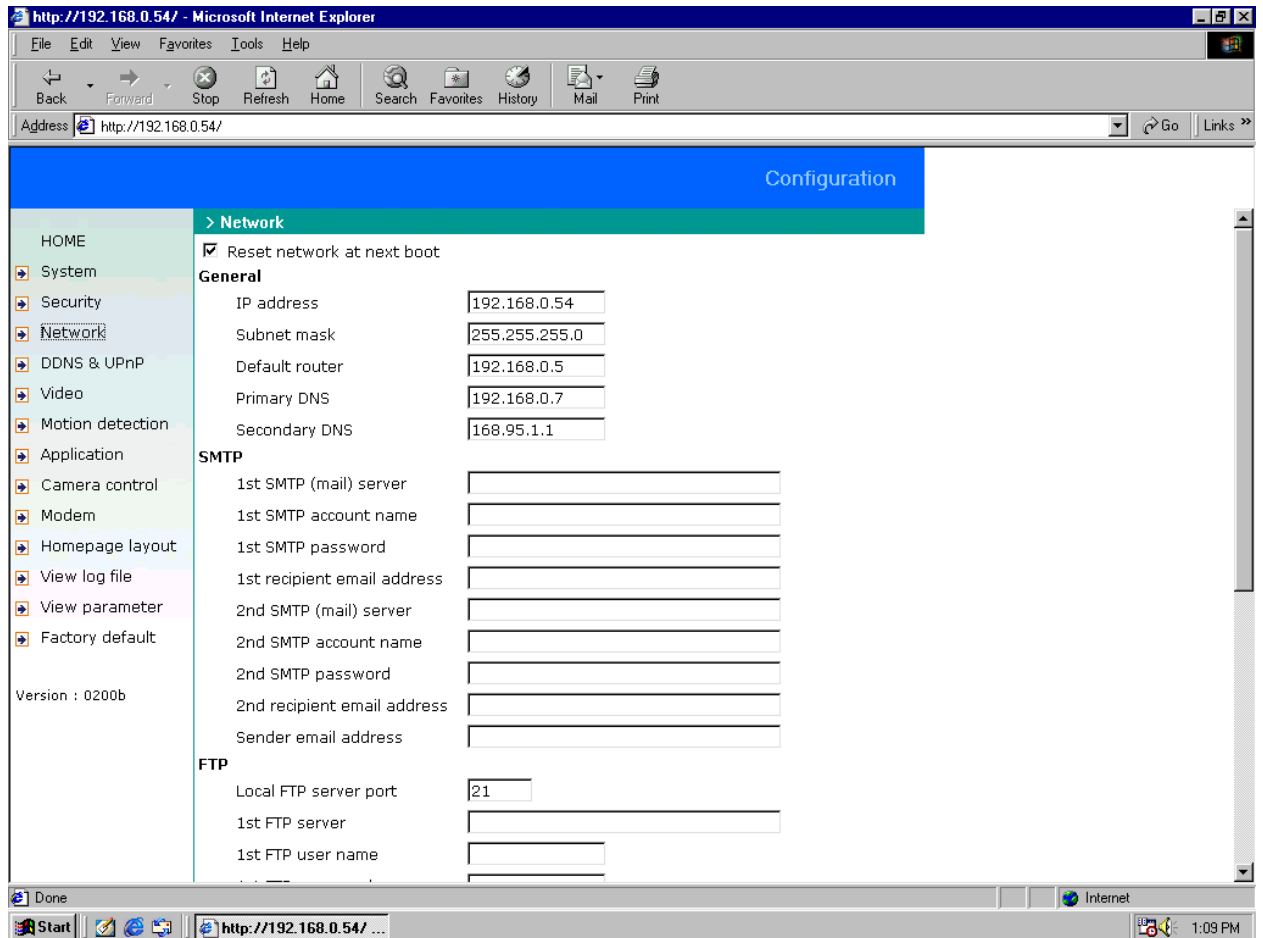
To add a new user, type the new user's name and password and press **Add** to insert the entry. There are a total of twenty user accounts. Since only Administrator can change a user's password, confirmation for a user's password is not necessary. User's privileges to access IO control and camera control can be set as well by checking the check box of it. According to the privileges setting of users, the control panel in the main page would be different.

To edit the an user account, pull down the user list to find the user name and press "Edit" to edit it

To delete a user, pull down the user list to find the user name to be deleted and press **Delete**.

Demo account would be enabled while "view" is checked. User can view camera by entering user name "demo" without password. In addition, demo account's privilege to access DO and camera control can also be setup.

Network settings



Any change made to this page will restart the system in order to validate the changes. Make sure every field is entered correctly before clicking on **Save**.

"**Reset network at next boot**", the default status is checked to avoid erroneous entries during installation. This can be tedious having to perform software installation whenever the Video Server starts. Therefore, once the network settings, especially the IP address, have been entered correctly, uncheck this option. If this option is disabled, the Video Server will boot up by the current IP address. The Video Server can automatically restart and operate normally after a power outage. Users can run IP installer to check the IP address assigned to the Video Server if the IP address is forgotten or using the UPnP function provided by the Video Server (MS Windows XP provides UPnP function in the "my network place")

Administrator may modify the network settings to fit into existing networks. Some broadband service

subnet mask may differ from the default value 255.255.255.0 and service providers may assign some specific network settings. Administrator should change the configuration according to what is given by the service provider. The configuration may include "IP address", "Subnet Mask", "Default Router", "Primary DNS" and "Secondary DNS". After changing network settings, be sure to leave "Reset network at next boot" blank to skip installation when the system restarts. Otherwise the settings will be erased.

Configuration

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HOME ➤ System ➤ Security ➤ Network ➤ DDNS & UPnP ➤ Video ➤ Motion detection ➤ Application ➤ Camera control ➤ Modem ➤ Homepage layout ➤ View log file ➤ View parameter ➤ Factory default <p>Version : 0200o</p>	<div style="margin-bottom: 10px;"> Recipient email address 2 <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Return email address <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> </div> <p>FTP</p> <p>Local FTP server port <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="21"/></p> <p>1st FTP server <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>1st FTP user name <input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/></p> <p>1st FTP password <input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/></p> <p>1st FTP remote folder <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Primary FTP passive mode</p> <p>2nd FTP server <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p>2nd FTP user name <input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/></p> <p>2nd FTP password <input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/></p> <p>2nd FTP remote folder <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Secondary FTP passive mode</p> <p>HTTP</p> <p>HTTP port <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="80"/></p> <p>Control channel port <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="5001"/></p> <p>Video channel port <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="5003"/></p> <p>Audio channel port <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="5002"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Improve audio quality in low bandwidth environment</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Mute</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Save"/></p>
--	--

The Video Server not only plays the role of server, it will also actively connect to servers outside to send out messages or snapshots. When the Video Server starts, it will send out a system log to notify Administrator. Even in modem application, the Video Server will send out a connection log whenever it dials out to an ISP or dialup server outside. If the Administrator has setup some applications in either event mode or sequential mode, the Video Server will send out snapshots once conditions are met. There are two methods to send files, including e-mail (SMTP) and FTP.

SMTP

“**SMTP (mail) server 1**” The domain name or IP address of the external email server.

“**Recipient email address 1**” The email address of the recipients for snapshots or log file. Multiple recipients must be separated by semicolons, ‘;’.

“**SMTP account name 1**” Some SMTP server requires an account name for logging in. Refer to your SMTP Administrator for detailed information.

“**SMTP password 1**” The password for the SMTP server account.

“**SMTP (mail) server 2**” The domain name or IP address of another email server once the previous server is unreachable.

“**Recipient email address 2**” The email addresses of the recipients for the backup server.

“**SMTP account name 2**” The account login name for the second SMTP server.

“**SMTP password 2**” The password is for the second SMTP account name.

“**Sender email address**” The return email address used in the event the mails fail to be sent out.

FTP

“**Local FTP server port**” This can be other than the default Port 21. The user can change this value from 1 to 65535. After the changed, the external FTP client program must change the server port of connection accordingly.

“**1st FTP server**” The domain name or the IP address of the external FTP server. The following user settings must be correctly configured for remote access.

“**1st FTP user name**” Granted user name on the external FTP server.

“**1st FTP password**” Granted password on the external FTP server.

“**1st FTP remote folder**” Granted folder on the external FTP server. The string must conform to that of the external FTP server. Some FTP servers cannot accept preceding slash symbol before the path without virtual path mapping. Refer to the instructions for the external FTP server for details. The folder privilege must be open for upload.

“**Primary FTP passive mode**” The Video Server located inside the network protected by a firewall, data connection for FTP may be prohibited. By selecting passive mode, the FTP can bypass the rule and allow snapshot upload to proceed. If the passive mode is selected, the Video Server can automatically attempt for active mode, if the external FTP server does not support passive mode.

“**2nd FTP server**” The domain name or IP address of the external FTP server.

“**2nd FTP user name**” Granted user name on the backup FTP server.

“**2nd FTP password**” Granted password on the backup FTP server.

“**2nd FTP remote folder**” Granted folder on the backup FTP server.

“Secondary FTP passive mode” Passive mode setting for the backup FTP server.

In both methods, a **“2nd”** server can be provided for backup connection for **“1st”**. However the primary server information should be entered first. If the primary server is not set, the related FTP or email will be deactivated. Note that it may take time to connect to the secondary server after the first one fails and it may affect some applications when conditions happen too often. For SMTP, video server will automatically try to connect to 2nd SMTP server while failing to send out to 1st SMTP caused by any wrong SMTP information.

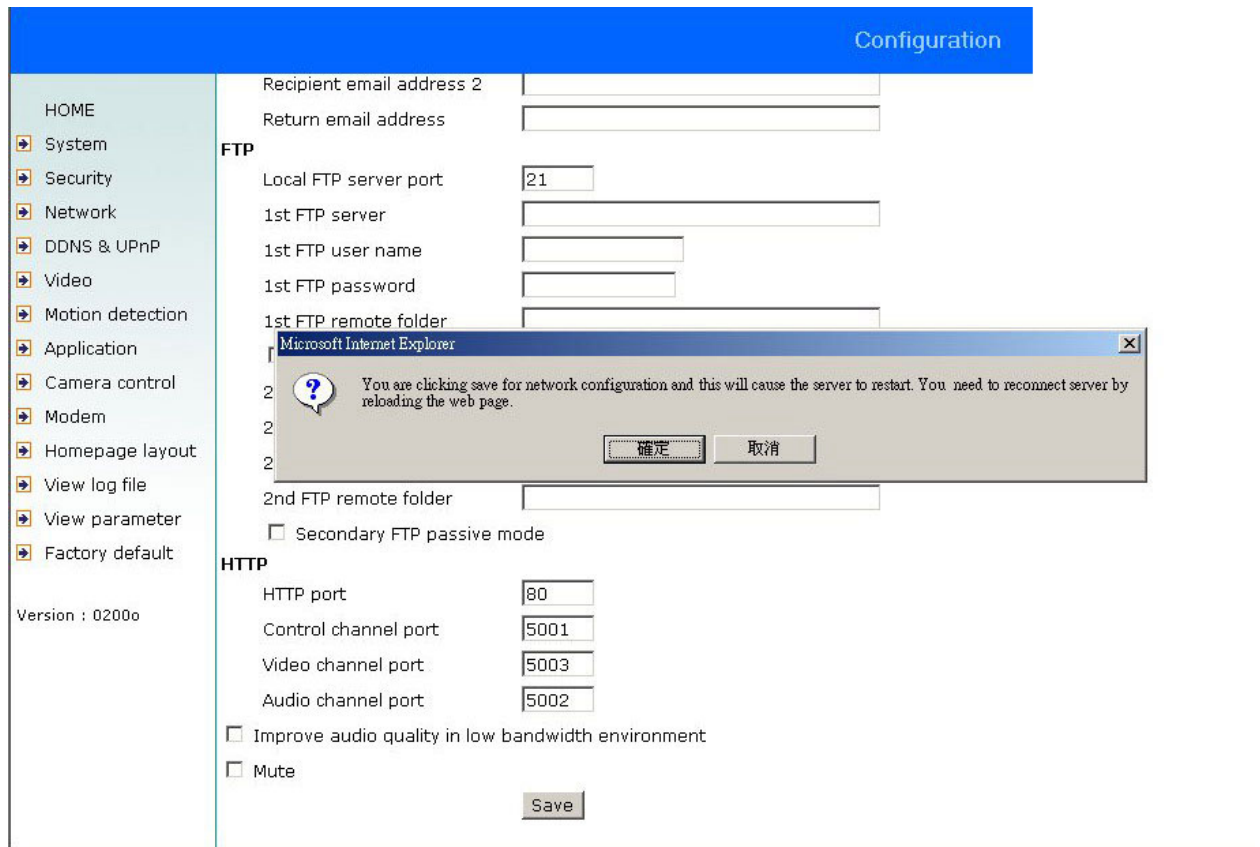
For security or network integration, Administrator also can hide the server from the general HTTP port by changing **“HTTP port”** to other than default 80. **“Local FTP server port”** can also be changed to other than default 21. These ports of **“Control Channel Port”**, **“Audio Channel Port”** and **“Video Channel Port”** which are used in media transmission can also be changed. Administrator should have enough acknowledge before changing the default port.

NOTICE: if video server is behind NAT, port mapping is necessary for connection outside NAT. HTTP port, control channel port, video channel and audio channel port totally 4 ports mapping needs to set in the NAT router to enable fully video and audio streaming by video server.

If the Video Server works in variation or low bandwidth (comparing with video bandwidth) environment, the client side will receive the poor quality of media. For improving this situation, you can check the **“Improve audio quality in low bandwidth environment”** item. It can make the audio quality better, but the media delay is longer and real-time issue is bad. If the network performance is worst, please select the **“UDP protocol”** as the communication protocol in **“client setting”**

The Video server can disable audio streaming by check **“Mute”** check box. Any client connect to the Video Server will receive video only. Once **“Mute”** is checked, the LED2 for heart beating status will blink about every 2 seconds. It would be obviously slower than the normal condition with both video and audio streaming. This way user can tell video server’s streaming behavior just from LED2

After everything is set, click on . A warning message will pop up. Click on to confirm. The Video Server will automatically restart. If **“Reset network at next boot”** is kept checked, run the installer procedure again. Otherwise the Video Server will restart automatically.



The screenshot displays the VIVOTEK Configuration interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options: HOME, System, Security, Network, DDNS & UPnP, Video, Motion detection, Application, Camera control, Modem, Homepage layout, View log file, View parameter, and Factory default. The main content area is titled "Configuration" and is divided into sections for FTP and HTTP settings.

FTP Section:

- Recipient email address 2: [text input]
- Return email address: [text input]
- Local FTP server port: [21]
- 1st FTP server: [text input]
- 1st FTP user name: [text input]
- 1st FTP password: [text input]
- 1st FTP remote folder: [text input]
- 2nd FTP remote folder: [text input]
- Secondary FTP passive mode

HTTP Section:

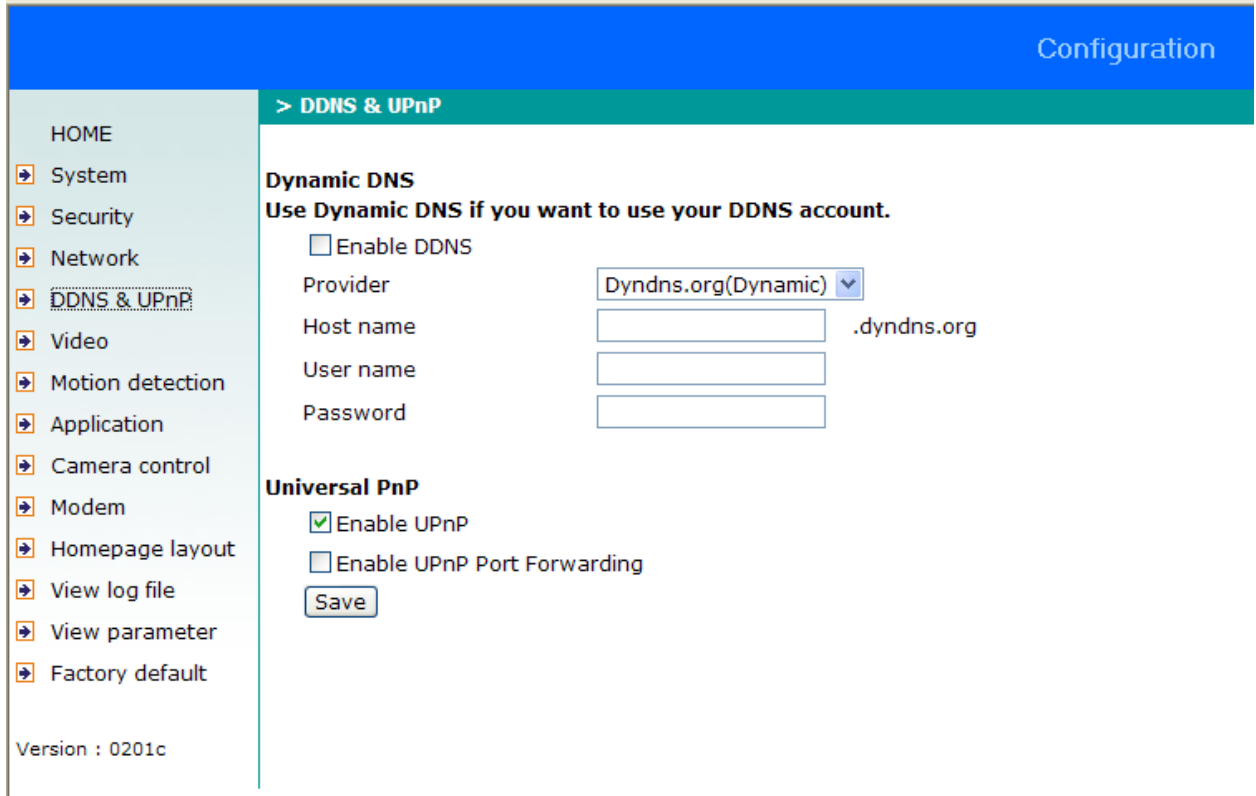
- HTTP port: [80]
- Control channel port: [5001]
- Video channel port: [5003]
- Audio channel port: [5002]
- Improve audio quality in low bandwidth environment
- Mute

A "Save" button is located at the bottom of the HTTP section.

A warning dialog box from Microsoft Internet Explorer is overlaid on the screen, containing the text: "You are clicking save for network configuration and this will cause the server to restart. You need to reconnect server by reloading the web page." The dialog has two buttons: "確定" (OK) and "取消" (Cancel).

Administrator should notice that the IP address, subnet mask, default router and DNS servers will be cleared when the network interface is switched to the other. Refer to the related section of Ethernet or modem for software installation.

UPnP and DDNS Settings



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a Vivotek device. The page title is "Configuration" and the current section is "> DDNS & UPnP". On the left is a navigation menu with options: HOME, System, Security, Network, DDNS & UPnP (selected), Video, Motion detection, Application, Camera control, Modem, Homepage layout, View log file, View parameter, and Factory default. The main content area is divided into two sections: "Dynamic DNS" and "Universal PnP".

Dynamic DNS
Use Dynamic DNS if you want to use your DDNS account.

Enable DDNS

Provider: (dropdown menu)

Host name: .dyn dns.org

User name:

Password:

Universal PnP

Enable UPnP

Enable UPnP Port Forwarding

Version : 0201c

“**Enable DDNS**” This option turns on the DDNS function.

“**Provider**” The provider list contains four hosts that provide DDNS services. Please connect to the service provider’s website to make sure the service charges.

“**Host name**” If users wants to use DDNS service, this field must be filled. Please input the hostname that is registered in the DDNS server.

“**Username/E-mail**” The Username or E-mail field is necessary for logging in the DDNS server or notify users of the new IP address. **Note:** when this field is input as “Username” the following field must be input as “Password”.

“**Password/Key**” Please input the password or key to get the DDNS service.

“**Enable UPnP**” This turns on or off the UPnP function. When UPnP is turned off, the camera cannot be found through “my network place” in MS Windows XP. If the UPnP network component is installed in Windows XP, the hostname of the Video Server will be shown with bracketed IP address in “my network place”. Ex: the Video Server (at 192.168.0.96). That is: The hostname of the Video Server is “*Video Server*”, and the IP address of the Video Server is 192.168.0.96.

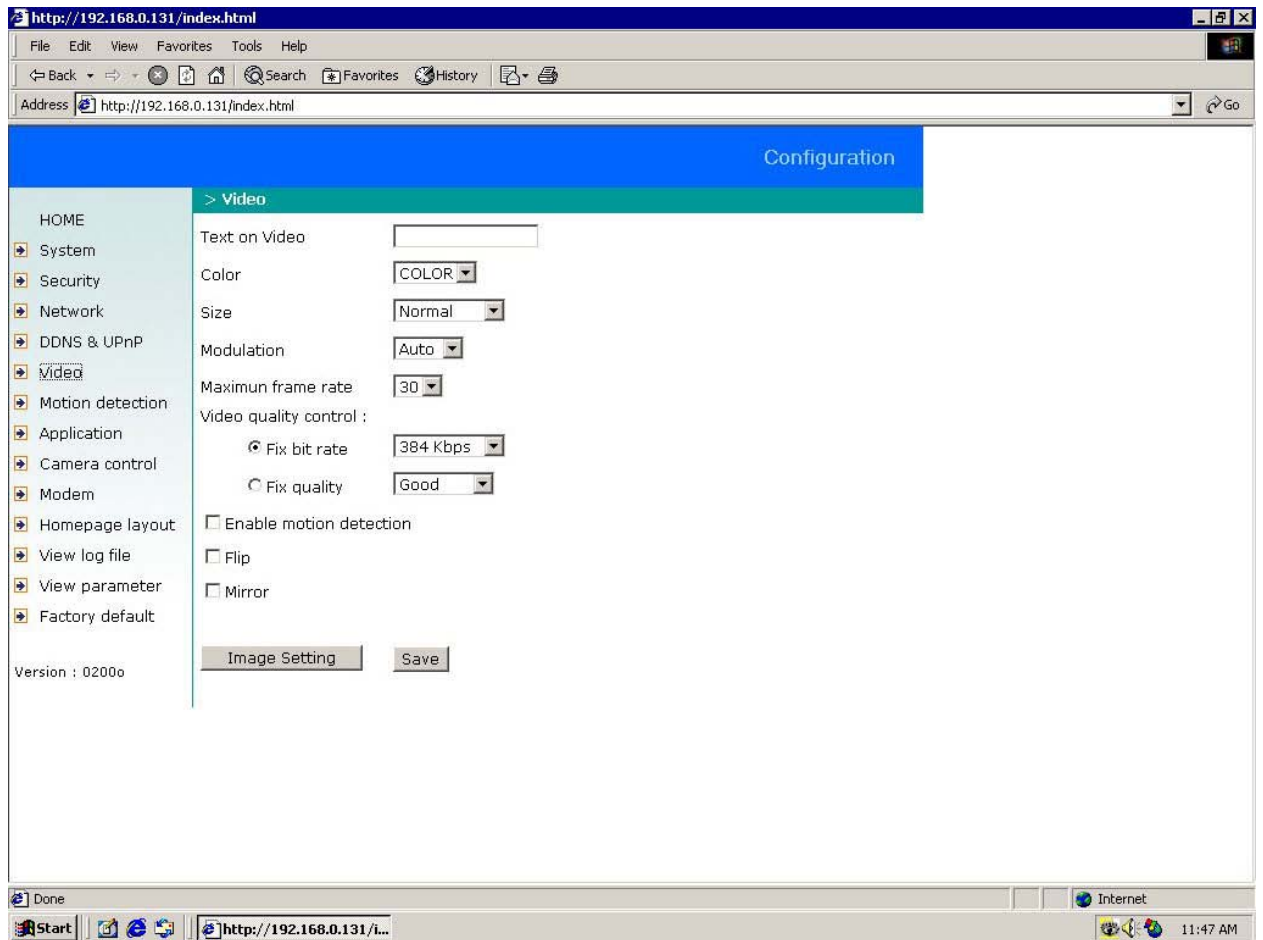
“**Enable UPnP Port Forwarding**” This turns on or off the UPnP port forwarding. When there is a router

with UPnP certified Internet Gateway Device in the local network. This function can make port mapping for Network Camera automatically and users can access the Network Camera via Ethernet with the given port..

“**Save**” Click on the button save current settings for the DDNS service and UPnP function.

Network Camera provides a free DDNS service. Administrators can choose safe100.net in the “Providers” field to use it. At the first time, Administrators must register an account for it.

Video codec parameters



Options on this page will affect the image on the main page seen by users.

"Text on Video" The text will be displayed in the black bar above the video window with a timestamp. The timestamp is captured from the date and time of the Video Server that is maintained by a built-in real-time clock.

"Color" Setting is independent of the connected camera and B/W option might speed up the encoder a little.

"Size" Option allows users to adjust the image size taking into consideration bandwidth and visual effect. Five options are available including half, half×2, normal, normalx2 and double. Half×2 consumes the same bandwidth as half but is the same size as normal. Of course the image is not as good as normal. Half×2 is especially suited to low bandwidth environments like a dial-up network. Normalx2 consumes the same bandwidth as normal but the same size as double.

The image quality of double is better than normalx2 but double will consume the most bandwidth. Once double is chosen for video size, the "**Maximum frame rate**" will be limited up to 10 only.

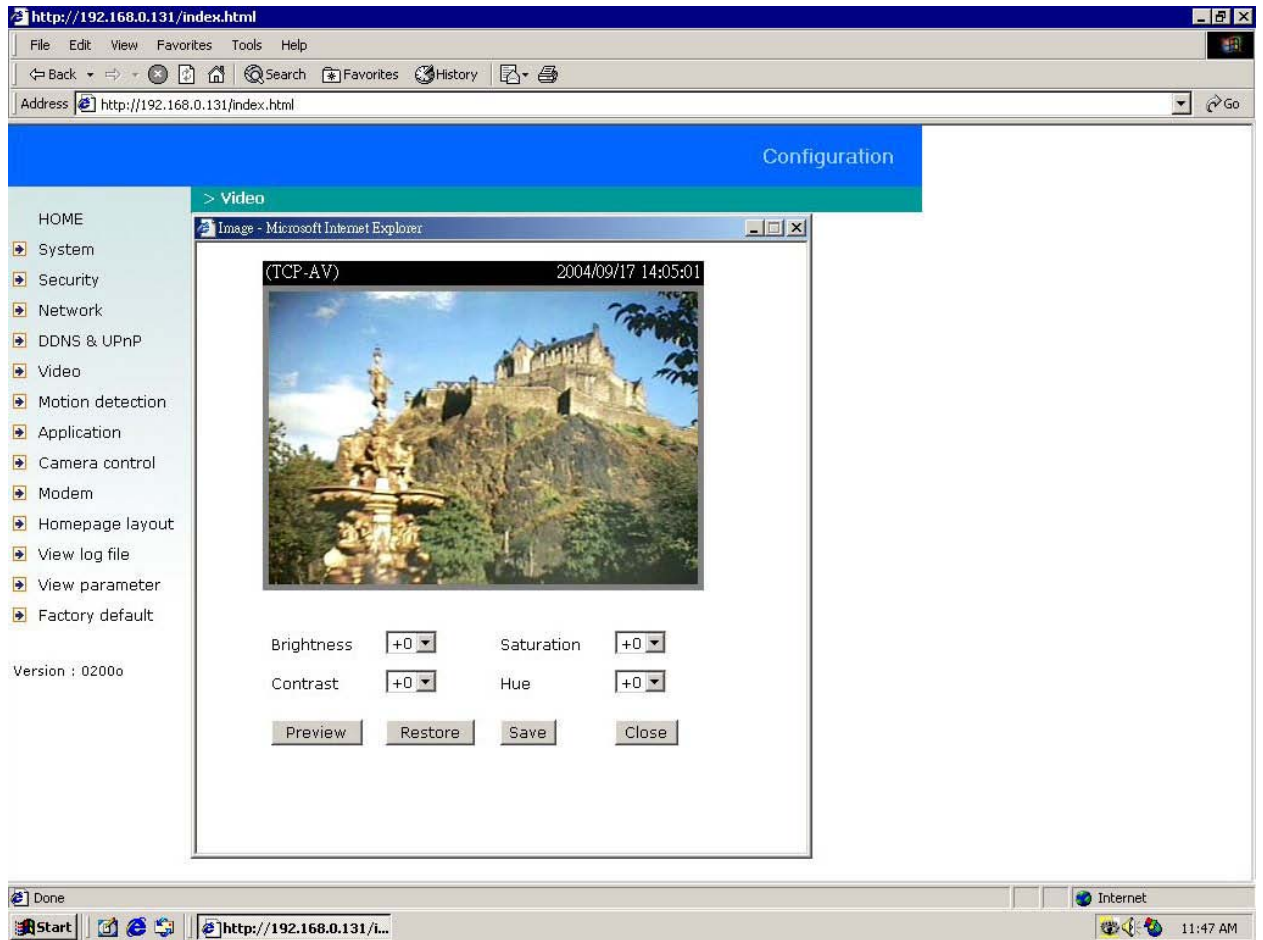
"**Modulation**" The type is auto-detected during initialization, but the Administrator can still set it manually.

VS3102 uses MPEG4 codec compression for best streaming solution. The compressed video data is far less than JPEG in normal cases but it still depends on the level of difference between every two sequential images. There are three dependent parameters provided for adjustment.

"**Maximum Frame Rate**" This limits the maximal refresh frame rate, which can be combined with the "**Video Quality Control**" to optimize bandwidth utilization and video quality. If the user wants to fix the bandwidth utilization regardless of the video quality, choose "Fix Bit Rate" and select the desired bandwidth. The video quality may be poor due to the sending of maximal frame rate within the limited bandwidth when images are moving rapidly. Consequently, to ensure detailed video quantization rate regardless of the network, it will utilize more bandwidth to send the maximal frames when images change drastically.

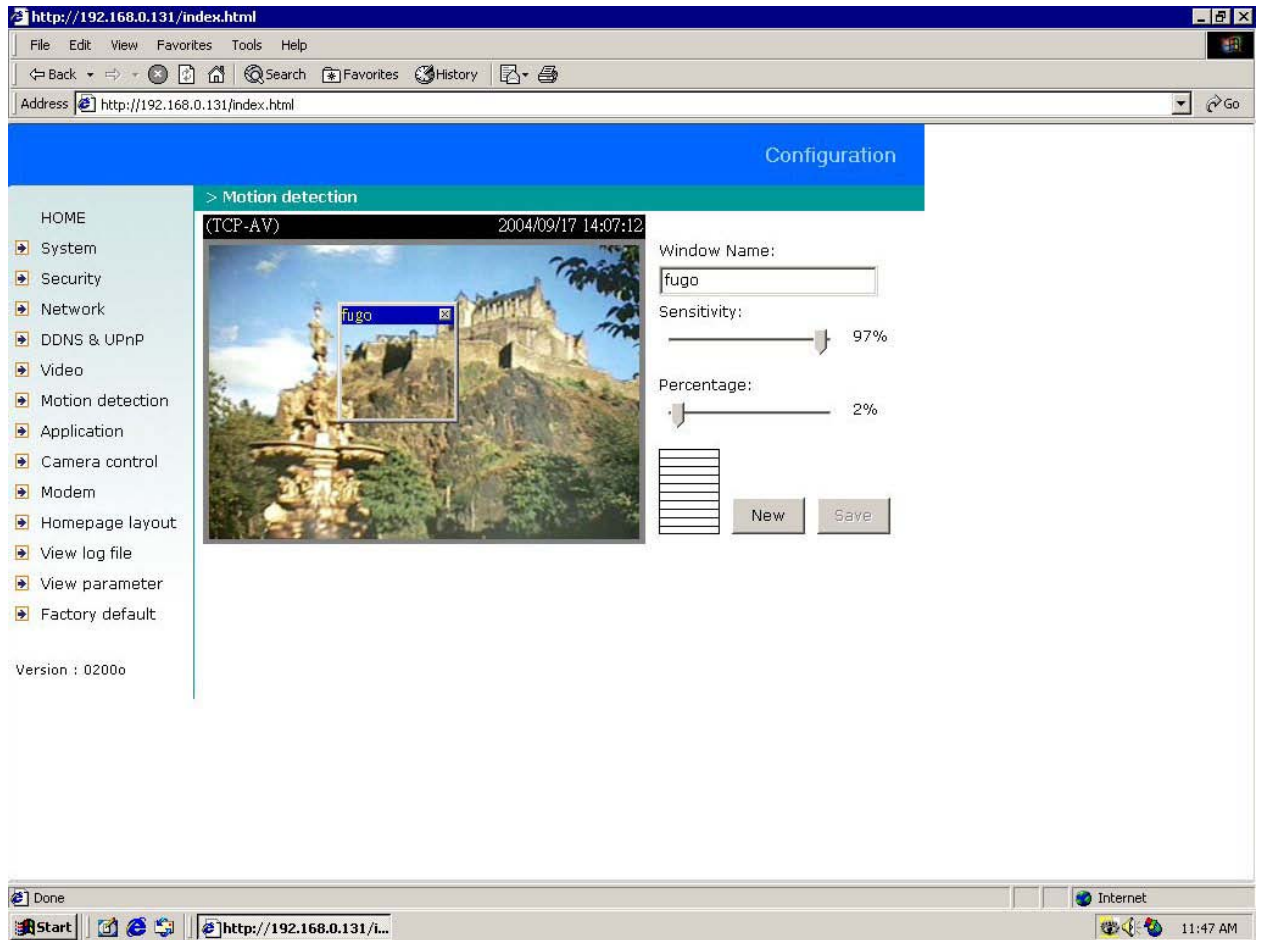
The option "**Enable Motion Detection**" will control the event of motion detection on the application page. If this option is enabled, the preset windows framed by red lines will appear in the video window even if no option is checked on the application page. If this option is disabled, then any settings related to motion detection will have no effect. Motion detection will increase system load. Enter the motion detection option page for advanced configuration.

To adjust video from external cameras, use "**Flip**" to map the video vertically and "**Mirror**" to map the video horizontally.



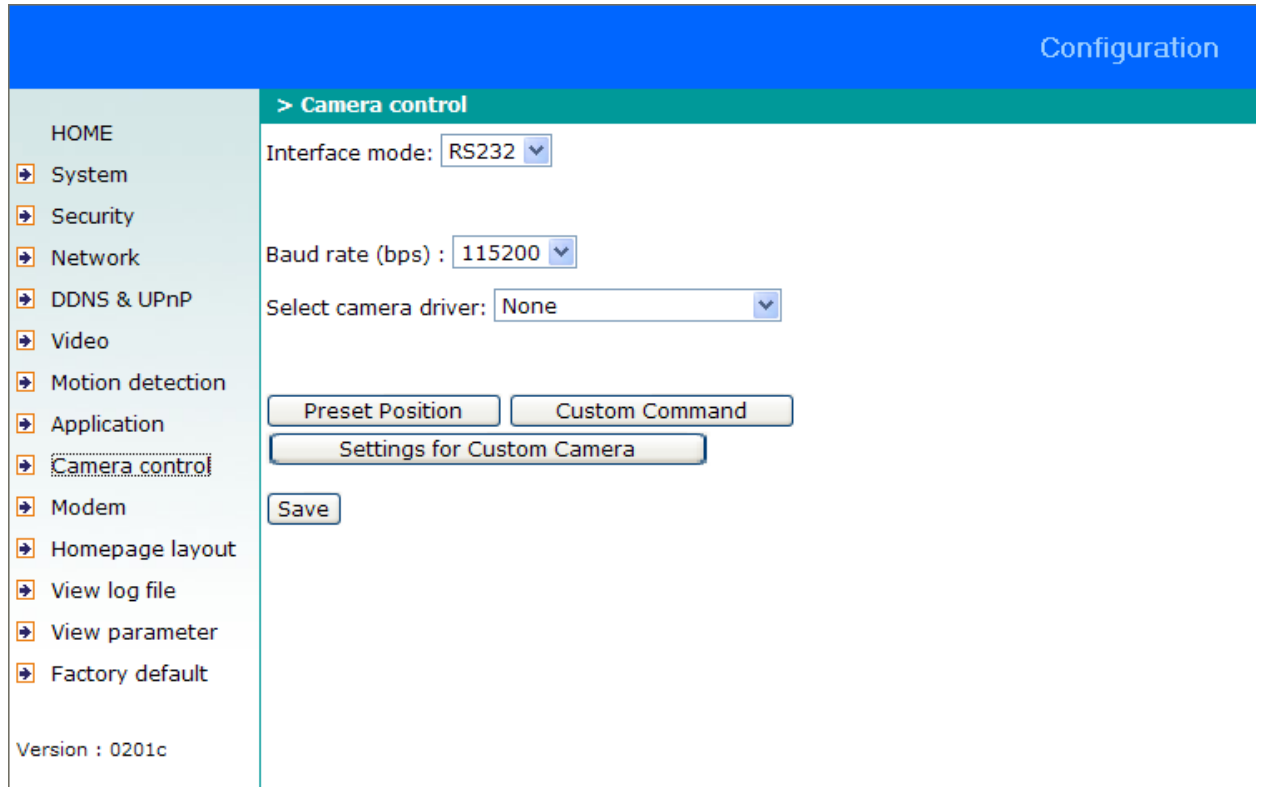
To adjust image settings for best visual quality, press **Image Setting** and a motion picture window will pop up for your reference. There are four fields including "**Brightness**", "**Contrast**", "**Hue**" and "**Saturation**" for video compensation. Each field has eleven levels ranged from -5 to +5. The user may press **preview** to fine-tune the image. When the image is O.K., press **Save** to set the image settings, **restore** click on this to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. If parameters are changed without saving, they will be used until the next system startup.

Motion detection



The Video Server allows Administrator to define at most three detection windows to cover different areas. To monitor a specific area, **New** click on this button to add a new window. The typed text in "**Window Name**" will show at the top of the window. Use the mouse to drag the border to the desired size or title bar for location. Higher sensitivity and small percentage will make motion easier detected easier and vice versa. After clicking **Save**, a graphic bar will go up or down depending on the image variation. A green bar means the image variation is under monitoring level and a red bar means the image variation is over monitoring level. The following figure shows the screen when **Save** is clicked. The monitoring windows will be marked by red squares.

PTZ camera configuration



The screenshot shows the 'Configuration' page for a PTZ camera. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: HOME, System, Security, Network, DDNS & UPnP, Video, Motion detection, Application, Camera control (highlighted), Modem, Homepage layout, View log file, View parameter, and Factory default. The main content area is titled '> Camera control' and contains the following settings:

- Interface mode: RS232 (dropdown menu)
- Baud rate (bps): 115200 (dropdown menu)
- Select camera driver: None (dropdown menu)
- Buttons: Preset Position, Custom Command, Settings for Custom Camera, Save

Version : 0201c

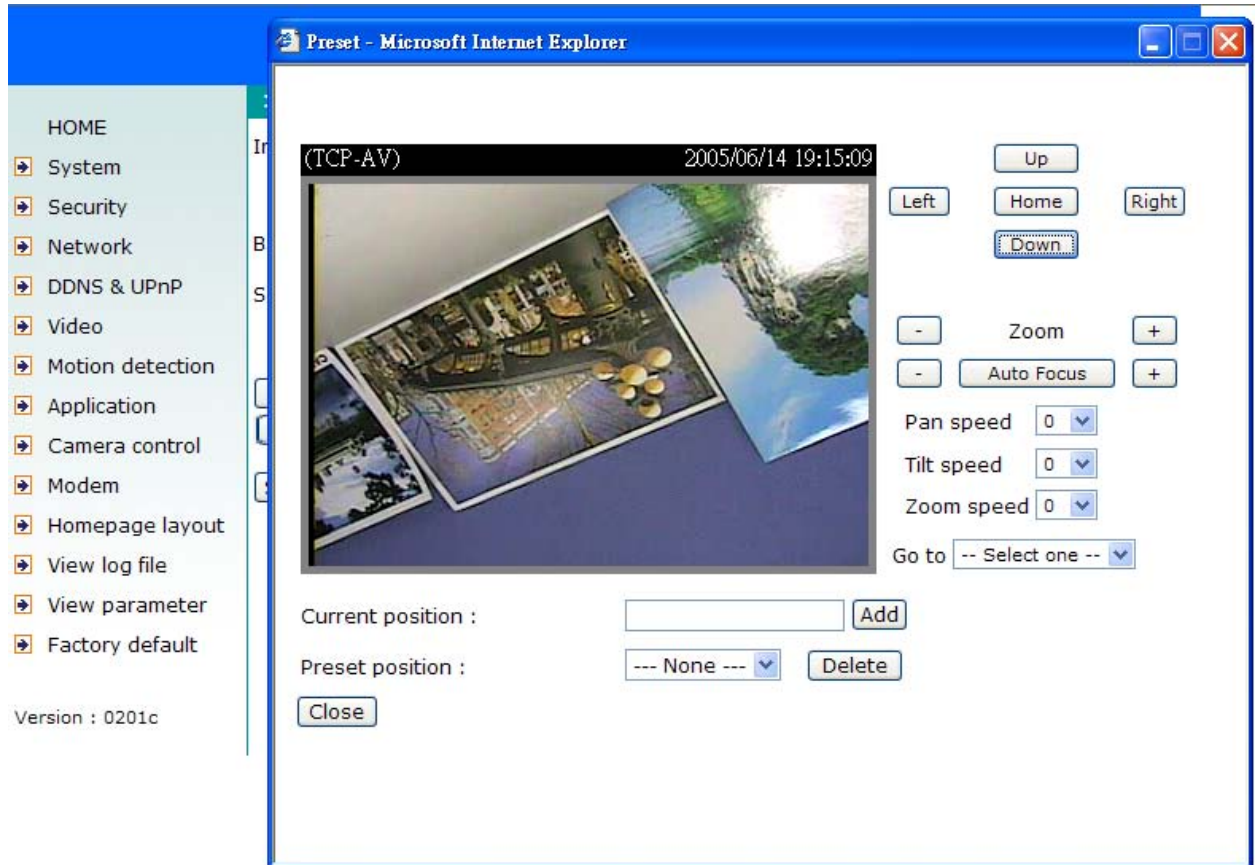
Since the Video Server can be used in either Ethernet network or PPP network, the single serial port can be used to control either external COM port devices like a PTZ camera or modem. While in PPP interface, go to Modem page for modem configuration. Options on this page will be ignored.

The Video Server supports RS232 and RS485 interfaces to control external serial port devices. Refer to the hardware description to connect an RS485 device. The included camera control cable can be used for Sony or Canon cameras.

Administrator can pull down the list to select UART "**Interface Mode**" according to the connected device and select the camera model directly to save time in detection.

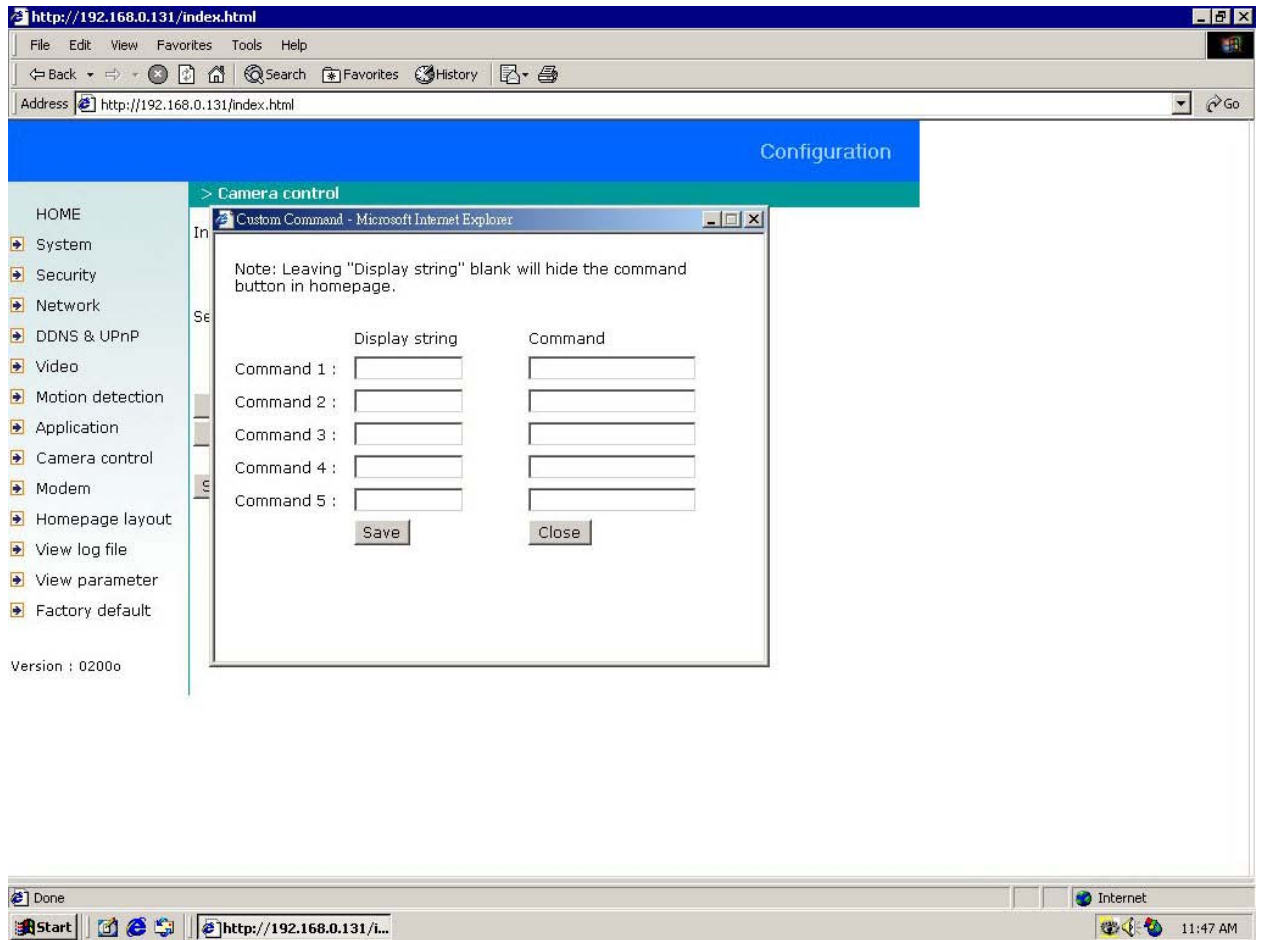
The "**Baud Rate (bps)**" of the serial port is up to 115200 bps.

The Video Server can support any other custom camera by selecting "**Custom Camera**" type. If the attached device is not a PTZ camera, a specific URL can be utilized as an alternative method. See the advanced section for details.

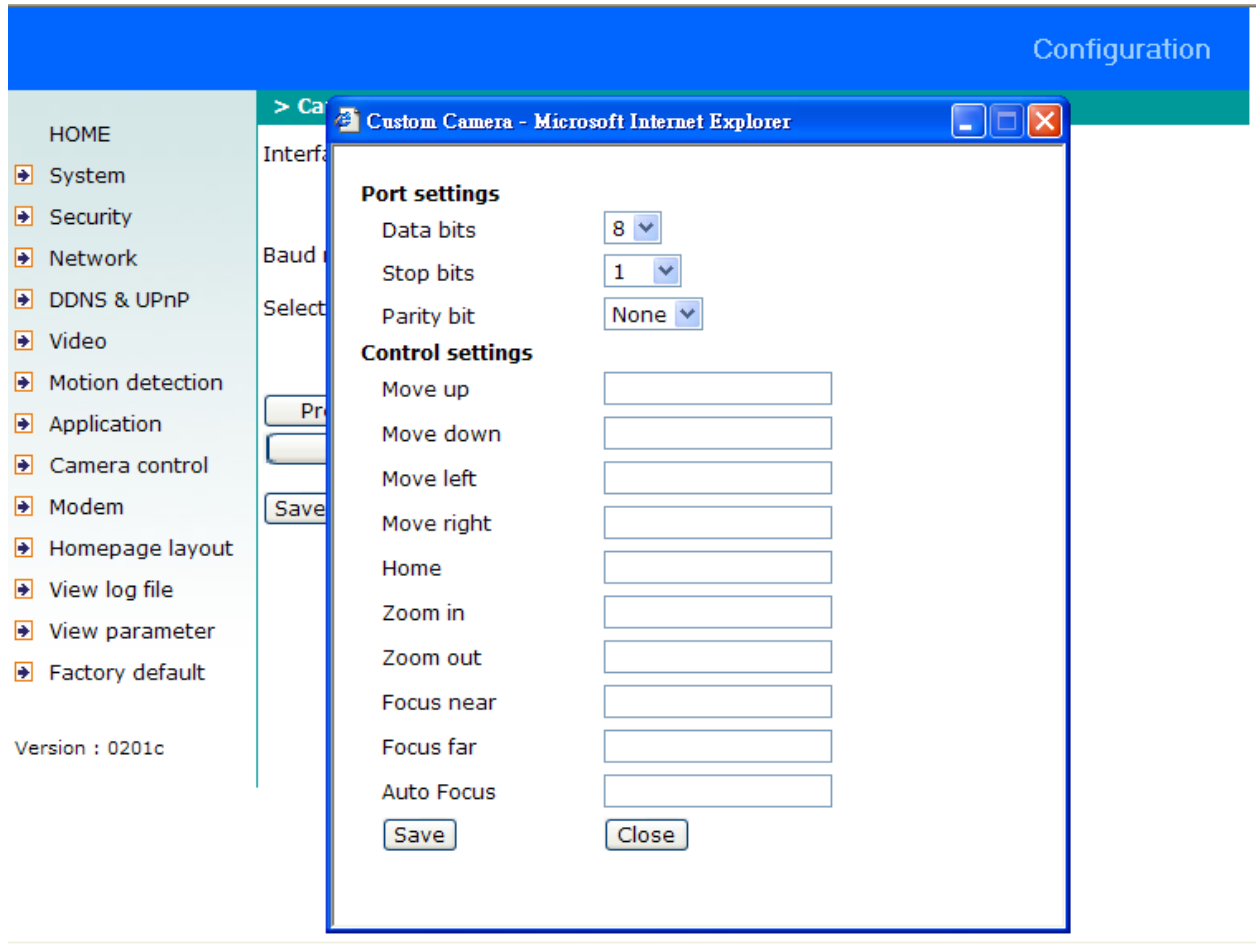


To preset the camera head position, press **Preset Position** and another window will pop up with the camera view and control buttons for preview. After moving it to the desired position, enter the preset position name and click on **Add**. Note that if improper characters are used in the position name, a warning message window will pop up.

To delete the previously preset position, pull down the position list to find the position name and press **delete**.



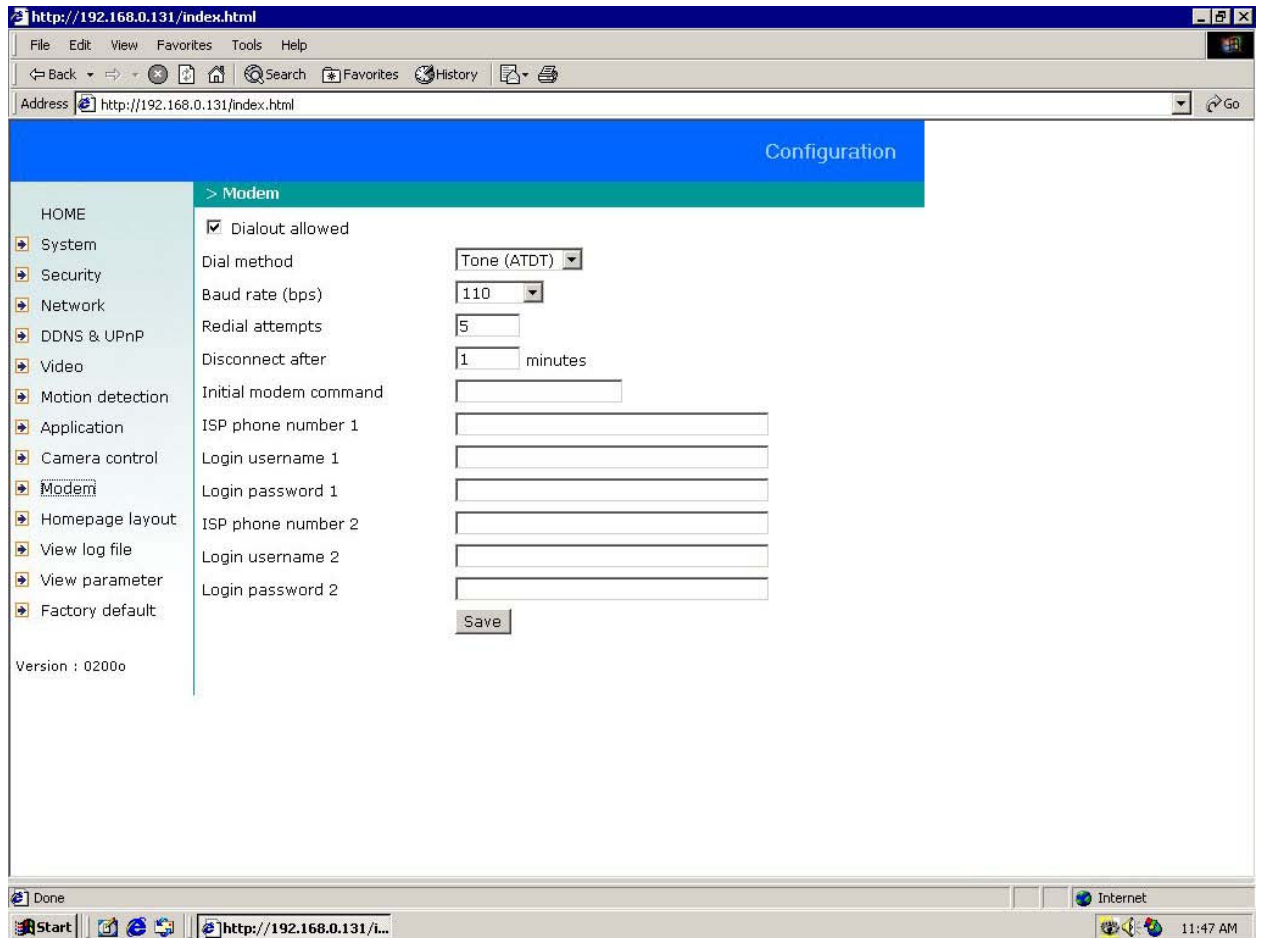
The Video Server provides five more custom commands other than general pan, tilt, zoom and preset functions. Administrator can click on Custom Command and refer to the instruction manual of the attached device to setup frequently used functions. The "**Commands**" should be entered in ASCII format; the Video Server will translate it into binary code and send it out through the serial port. For instance, a text string of "8101ABCDEF" will be translated into five bytes of hexadecimal 81, 01, AB, CD and EF. The maximal length of a command string is 60 which is equivalent to 30 hexadecimal bytes. "**Display string**" is for text on command buttons and should be less than 8 characters.



If the attached motorized camera is not on the support driver list, choose the proper UART interface and pull down the driver list to select Custom Camera type and click on [Settings for Custom Camera](#) for further configuration.

Setup the serial "**Port Settings**" according to the instruction manual of the custom camera. Then enter the specific command related to PTZ in the respective field. The custom command for "**Control Setting**" should be edited in ASCII format. The Video Server will interpret the ASCII format command to binary string. For instance, "012000ABCD" will be sent out of the COM port as five hexadecimal bytes of 01, 20, 00, AB and CD. If the command string is composed of two or more commands, a comma ',' should be inserted to separate each command. Each comma represents 200 milliseconds. For instance, a command to pan left may be "01000305" and a command to stop panning may be "01000300". The user may edit the applicable command as "01000305, 01000300" in the Move Left field. This means the camera will pan left for 200 milliseconds. When everything is set, click on [Save](#) to save the commands and click on [Close](#) to close the command setting window.

Modem and dialup settings



In PPP interface, a modem option will work instead of camera control. Configurations include modem initialization and outside dial-up server. If the users will setup with external sensors and alarms for property security, dial-out is needed to send some snapshot-attached e-mails when the preset conditions are triggered. In such applications, also remember to choose Network option to enter mail server address and recipient's e-mail address. If "**Dial out allowed**" is not checked, Video Server will not send out any snapshots when events occur and the settings except for "**Initial modem command**" in this page will have no effect. The system will preset the attached modem to eliminate echo and mute line sound. The modem commands further initially, type into the box. Edit The prefix "AT" should be included.

Administrator should choose an appropriate "**Dial Method**" according to the local POTS environment. An incorrect dialing prefix may cause the Video Server to fail when dialing out. "**Redial attempts**" means how many times the Video Server should try to connect to each ISP. Setting the value in "**Disconnect after minutes**" will force the Video Server to drop the connection when there is no activity on the

connection for the specific period. The range of this period is from 1 to 240 minutes, with 0 indicating a continuous connection. Administrator may let the Video Server keep the connection for a while to allow connections from outside. The IP address given by the ISP can be taken from the connection log that is

mailed or uploaded when dial-up connection is successful. Setting the value to zero will make the Video Server always keep the connection.

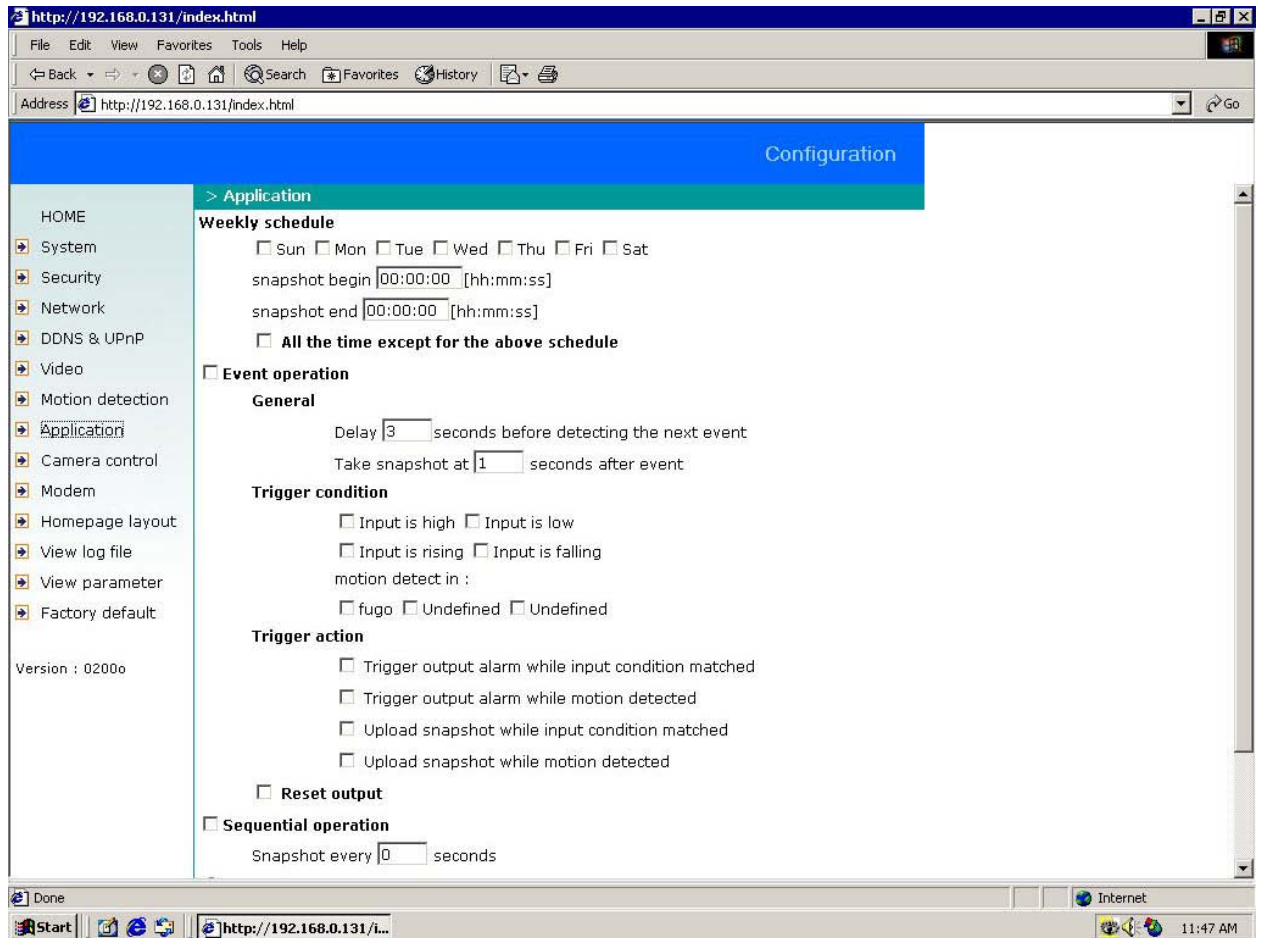
Based on the settings of DI/DO in the application, the system will send mail or upload via FTP with image attachment upon the event occurring. In that case the Video Server will need a network connection and automatically dial out to the pre-configured server outside. When a connection is successfully established, the Video Server will send out a connection log to notify given network settings. For those installations that may switch the network interface between Ethernet and PPP, Administrator should notice that the settings of FTP or SMTP servers might be different from what is in an Ethernet environment. If the network interface is changed, Administrator may need to configure them in advance.

The Video Server will try the second ISP as a backup when the first ISP fails and exceeds the redial attempts. "**ISP phone number**" should be the complete phone number including country code and area code if necessary. "**Login username**" and "**Login password**" are used to pass the PPP negotiation requested by the ISP server. Note that the pair of login name and password is dependent on the ISP and is different from what is used in the authentication process in web access.



When using modem as the network connection, the Video Server will mute the audio automatically, and send video only because the low bandwidth environment doesn't meet the requirement for both. In the Client setting page, protocol option will be set as Http protocol.

Application settings



Administrator can use combinations of options on the application page to perform many useful security applications. The sending method is selected at the bottom of the page. Both e-mail and FTP use the network settings on the network page. To use FTP to upload snapshots, a timestamp file name can help Administrator identify the event. If "**FTP put snapshot with date and time suffix**" is disabled, the latest snapshot will overwrite the file.

Weekly schedule allow users to schedule the alerting time table. Any notification of event triggering will be only valid within the specified period time. User can also check "all the time except for the above schedule" to specify the period of "disable alerting"

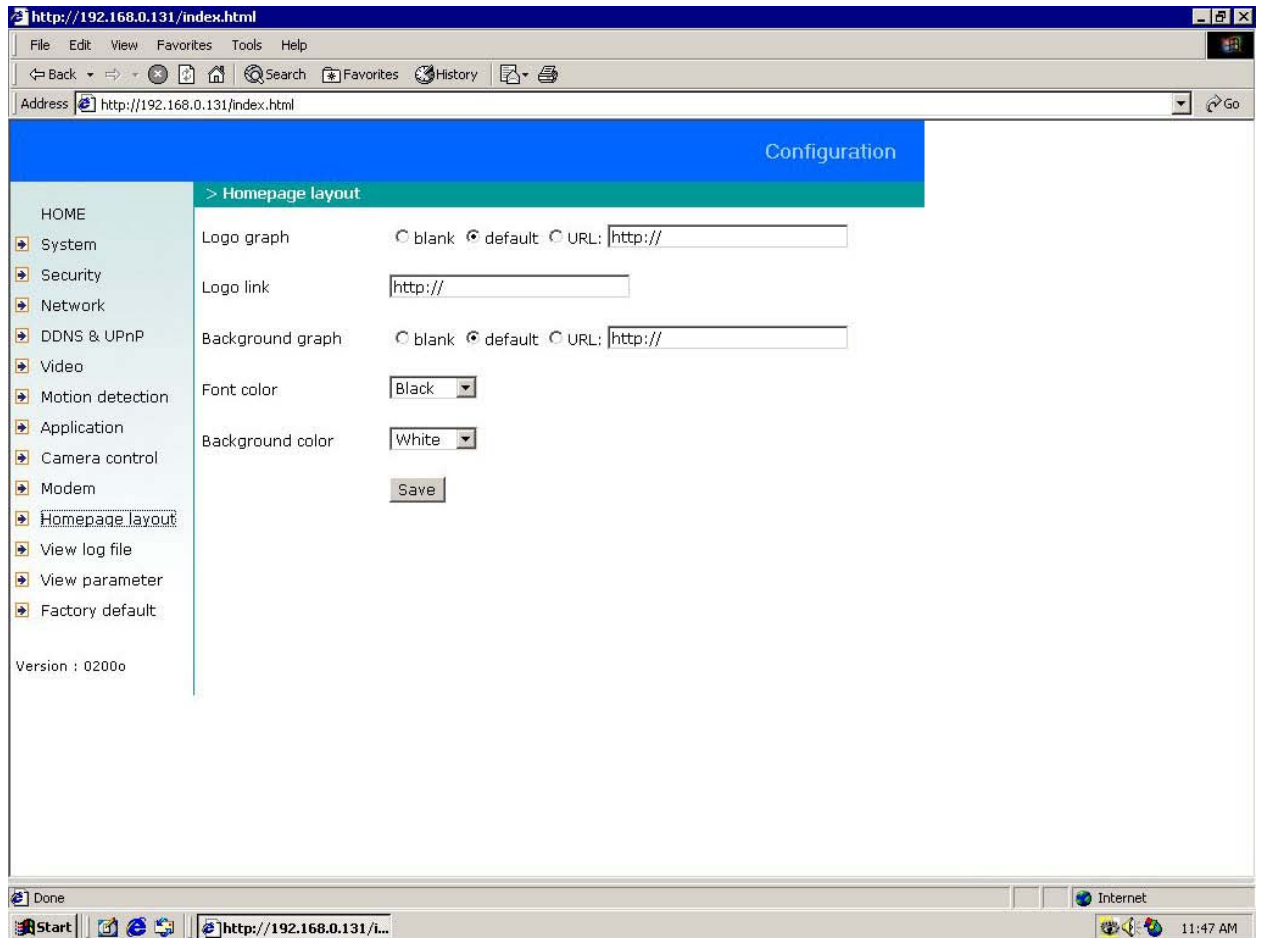
There are two application methods to upload snapshots. "**Sequential operation**" will send out snapshots

continuously over a configured period. This mode can be used to integrate with another web server to serve overloaded requests. If the date and time suffix option is disabled, the Video Server can use FTP to upload and overwrite snapshot files periodically. The remote folder of snapshot files for FTP can be configured on the network page. The snapshot period is between "**Snapshot begin**" and "**Snapshot end**" and it will repeat everyday. The snapshot interval is set in "**Snapshot every second**".

"**Event operation**" can be used to combine motion detection with devices attached to digital input, to drive devices attached to digital output, or send out snapshots for evidence. It helps users establish an easy security system. Administrator may choose any combination of conditions to form special applications according to their personal needs. The Video Server will continuously monitor the channel and digital input every half second. Once the user-defined conditions are matched, the Video Servers will capture three stages of events and react based on the "**Trigger action**" settings. The post-event snapshot can be configured to be delayed after events happen according to the setting in "**Take snapshot at seconds after event**". The three stages of snapshots will be VPRE.JPG, VTRG.JPG and VPOS.JPG. Since the same event may exist for a while, Administrator can set delay time in "**Delay seconds before detecting next event**" to reduce multiple triggers by the same event.

There are two kinds of "**Trigger condition**". For digital input there are four options provided to combine with the user's device. Rising and falling will make events happen once. For motion detection, there are window names shown below as choices. Refer to the previous section for configuring motion detection. Note that larger object size and lower sensitivity will make it more difficult for the Video Server to detect varied images. Once the "**Trigger condition**" is matched, the Video Server will drive the digital output device and/or upload snapshots based on the "**Trigger action**" settings. The application settings should be carefully examined to operate accurately. If Administrator are not sure of the digital output status before configuring applications, "Reset output" can be used to return the digital output to the default "Normal Close" state.

Homepage layout settings



Administrator may give the Video Server a different presence of homepage.

"Logo graph", the logo located at the upper left corner of homepage can be hidden, the default one that can be changed by the Administrator, or any image on the Internet that can be located via URL.

"Background graph", the background image from system memory are quick to get but limited by memory size. Images from external resources can be larger and more beautiful but will need more time to load. If the background is skipped, the background color will fill the browser window. Administrators also can give the system logo a **"logo link"** to refer to another web site. The **"font color"** and **"background color"** can be chosen from sixteen colors to achieve the best visual effect.

See "Customizing homepage images" section in "Advanced functions" for how to replace images.

Advanced functions

Viewing system log

Click the link on the configuration page to view the system log file. The content of the file provides useful information about configuration and connection after system boot- up.

Viewing system parameters

Click on this link on the configuration page to view the entire system's parameter set. The content is the same as those in CONFIG.INI.

Restore factory default settings

Click on this link on the configuration page to restore the factory default settings. Any changes made so far will be lost and the system will be reset to the initial factory settings. After clicking on the "Restore" button and make confirmation, the system will restart and require the installer program to set up the network again.

Clear data path for proprietary commands

The Video Server provides a highly customized control support to third-party serial interface devices aside from PTZ cameras. That means in addition to setting up a custom camera with PTZF commands, users may utilize this mode and introduce a customized homepage to transmit arbitrary user-defined commands from the user-side to the Video Server. The third-party device connected to the serial port of the Video Server will receive the same command sent by the originator. The user only needs to attach the command in ASCII format after the special URL. The Video Server will parse the command and transfer into binary code to send out. See the clear data mode serial port driver in the URL commands of the Video Server section for detailed description.

FTP

The Video Server not only has web service for easy access but also has a built-in FTP service to make system integrators easy to use. According to settings on the application page, the Video Server can sequentially send updated snapshots over a specific period to an external server with choices of overwriting and time suffix. For security staff, the Video Server can directly send snapshots to an external server as evidence according to event settings. Through the Video Server's FTP daemon, Administrator can quickly update configurations and maintenance.

Those files with GIF extensions which are used for a homepage layout and can be read and overwritten. They also can be downloaded by managed users. Other files will be explained below.

Uploading snapshots periodically to an external FTP server

In sequential mode, the Video Server will send out snapshots according to interval and period settings. If snapshot files are intended for quick updates, it is better to skip date and time suffix. The file name will then be video. jpg. If the snapshots are used to suffix occasional monitoring, with date and time that can help Administrator classify easily them.

Customizing homepage images

There is a small icon before each link that can be changed by Administrator. Administrator may change the look of the logo, background and image buttons by him or her self. There are three types of logos and backgrounds, blank, default and other URL. The default method will use the image stored in the Flash memory. Administrator may change the default logo, background image and button images by uploading customized ones. The followings are the referenced file names and size limitations.

Object	File name	Maximal size
Logo	logo.gif	Logo and background share 8000 bytes
Background	back.gif	Logo and background share 8000 bytes
Link icon	btn_text.gif	2000 bytes

Viewing system log

Download SYSTEM.LOG and open it with any text viewer. The content of the file reveals useful information about configuration and connections after the system boots up. It helps Administrator to easily find out whom and how the Video Server was accessed since all network access to the Video Server is recorded with timestamp. The system log will scroll to keep the newest messages as eliminate old ones.

Uploading the configuration file

To update each the Video Server's configuration at once, upload the accurately formatted batch file to CONFIG.INI. It is recommended to keep the original format, but changing values. Refer to the section in configuration for details and optional values as well. After successfully receiving and verifying the file, the Video Server will self-update the configuration and restart automatically. Refer to the previous section for further information.

Software revision upgrade

Customers can frequently check the appropriate product folder on our web site to download the latest firmware. Only Administrator can upgrade the system firmware of the Video Server.

Easy way via Upgrade Wizard

Run the Upgrade Wizard included in the product CDROM and proceeds by the prompts. Refer to the user's guide of Upgrade Wizard for details.

Alternative via FTP

1. Decompress the compressed file in a local folder. A file named FLASH.BIN should appear.
2. Use the FTP program and change the working directory to the local folder where FLASH.BIN exists.
3. Connect to the Video Server with user name as "root" and password.
4. Use the PUT command to upload FLASH.BIN to the Video Server. The file size is near 1.5 mega bytes. It will take approximately 2 seconds in a local network, 2 minutes by null modem connection or 6 minutes by modem, but still subject to user's network.
5. After upload is complete, close the connection.
6. If the received FLASH.BIN is checked without error, the Video Server will update the software in Flash memory and restart automatically. When the Video Server starts writing firmware, both status LED indicators will stay on until system restarts. It takes about 30 to 40 seconds. User must keep the power stable during the update process. After the system restarts, the Video Server may need installation depending on whether the "Reset network at next boot" option is enabled or not. After the Video Server

boots up, reload the web page in the browser.



If power fails during the software upgrade, the program in the memory of the Video Server may be destroyed permanently. If the Video Server cannot restart properly, ask the dealer for technical service.

Telnet

The Video Server has a Telnet daemon for Administrator to access some seldom used functions. Using any general terminal program to connect to the Video Server will prompt the user for a password. Username is not requested here since only Administrator can access the Telnet daemon. The password is as same as that used for web access. After logging in, type "help" for the command list. If "debug" or "dinote" is not executed, Telnet will disconnect automatically after being idle for 1 minute.

System core debugging

General activities are recorded into SYSTEM.LOG continuously, but information about abnormal status is not. To look deep into the core debugging information, Administrator may type the "debug" command. This will cause the Video Server to start dumping the detailed debugging information while the system is running. This is useful to examine if any error has occurred when the system operates abnormally. The stored information will be cleared automatically after the dump. The Video Server will continue to dump new messages unless the connection is broken. If Telnet is not connected, any messages will be stored until administrators re-login.

Monitor changed status of digital inputs

Typing "dinote" will make the Video Server send the current status of digital input. After that the Video Server will continuously monitor DI status and send messages only when the state has changed. For example, after typing "dinote" the terminal will display

DI=L

DI=L

And if DI changes to H, terminal will display only

DI=H

Stop information dumping

Typing "stop" will cease dumping debug information and digital input status.

Query status of digital inputs

Typing "diquery" will display the status of digital input once.

Set digital outputs

To set digital output to connect NO with COMMON, type "DO=L".

To set digital output to connect NC with COMMON, type "DO=H".

Erase snapshots stored in Flash memory

Typing "erase image" will clear all snapshots saved in Flash memory.

Erase logo and graphic buttons

Typing "erase graph" will clear all images used on the homepage. If no new images are uploaded, the system will switch to text mode and use default images instead.

Skip installation during the next boot

Typing "lock" will inform the Video Server to fix current network settings. It need not wait for installation during the next boot.

Reset network for new settings

Typing "unlock" will make the Video Server give up current settings and wait for installation.

Restore factory default settings

Typing "clear" will make the Video Server restore factory settings but not restart. To validate new settings,

type "reset" to make the system restart.

Reset system

Typing "reset" will make the Video Server perform a software reset.

URL commands of the Video Server

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Video Server can be easily integrated through convenient URLs. This section lists the commands in URL format corresponding to the basic functions of the Video Server. Some RFC standards related to HTML may be a good reference for implementation of the customized homepages.

Capture update Snapshot of JPEG image

[/cgi-bin/video.jpg](#)

Move motorized camera in PTZ direction

<Direction>: up, left, right, down, home

<Vision>: wide, tele

<Command>: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

[/cgi-bin/camctrl.cgi?Move=<direction>&zoom=<vision>&cust=<command>](#)

Preset/Recall camera position

[/cgi-bin/recall.cgi?recall="POSITION"](#)

Where denotes "POSITION" the text string of a location that is preset in system configuration.

Query status of digital inputs

[/setup/getdi.cgi](#)

The Video Server will return status of digital input.

Drive digital outputs

[/setup/setdo.cgi?do=<state>](#)

Where state is H, L. H means NC connected with COMMON and L means NO connected with COMMON.

For example, <http://192.168.0.201/setup/setdo.cgi?do=h> will command the Video Server, with IP address

of 192.168.0.201, to set digital output to connect to NC with COMMON.

Clear data mode serial port driver

This URL applies to the attached serial port device including supported PTZ cameras or non-supported custom camera. Note the serial port settings of custom cameras must be correctly defined in advance.

Send command to device attached to COM

</cgi-bin/senddata.cgi?data=123456,ABCDEF&flush=yes&wait=1000&read=6>

This hyperlink will inform Video Server to send out binary format commands to the COM with “0x12, 0x34, 0x56” followed by “0xAB, 0xCD, 0xEF”. Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds. “Flush=yes” means the receive data buffer of COM port must be cleared before read. Then read 6 bytes after waiting for 1000 milliseconds. The read data can be up to 128 bytes and will return as ASCII coded hexadecimal value, e.g., 0x41, 0x42, 0x43 read from COM port will show in returned homepage as 414243 instead of ABC.

Restore factory default settings

</setup/restore.cgi>

The Video Server will automatically restart after restoring factory default configurations.

Restart system

</setup/reset.cgi>

Restart the Video Server without warning.

Page URL

The configuration page has a frame layout including an option list frame and an option page frame. Referenced URLs, except for the configuration page, direct users to the option page frame only. Some pages, like image quality setting and preset setting, are opened in new windows for preview.

These URLs can be accessed only by Administrator.

Homepage name	Referenced URL
Client setting page	/client.html
configuration page	/setup/config.html
system option	/setup/system.html
security option	/setup/security.html
network option	/setup/network.html
video option	/setup/video.html
image quality option	/setup/image.html
camera control	/setup/camera.html
modem	/setup/modem.html
preset PTZ camera	/setup/preset.html
custom command setting	/setup/command.html
custom camera setting	/setup/custom.html
application option	/setup/app.html
homepage layout option	/setup/layout.html
system log	/setup/logfile.html
system parameters	/setup/parafire.html
set factory default	/setup/factory.html

System resource URL

There are some images used on the homepage when the homepage layout is in image mode. Administrator may use the following links to show the images saved in the Video Server on another page. To change the images referenced by the URL, refer to the homepage layout section in configuration.

Resource name	Referenced URL
system logo image	/pic/logo.gif
background image	/pic/back.gif
icon image for link indicator	/pic/btn_text.gif

General format of command URL

Every configuration can be set through URL with POST method by Administrator only.

<General format>

URL [? [Name=value][&name=value].....]

<Method>

POST

<Authorized user>

Root

System configuration URL

URL: /setup/system.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
host	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	system name
method	keep	keep date and time unchanged
	auto	use NTP server to synchronize
	manu	directly adjust date and time
date	<yyyy/mm/dd>	year, month and date separated by slash
time	<hh:mm:ss>	hour, minute and second separated by colon
ntp	<domain name or IP address>	NTP server
zone	-12 ~ 12	time zone, 8 means GMT +8:00
restoredo	yes/no	enable restore DO automatically
dointerval	1~999	seconds delay to restore DO

Security configuration URL

URL: /setup/security.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
rootpass	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	change root password
username	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	add new user
userpass	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	new user's password
deluser	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	existing user name

Network configuration URL

URL: /setup/network.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
reset	YES	enable installation at next boot
	NO	disable installation at next boot
ip	<IP address>	Video Server's IP address
subnet	<IP address>	subnet mask
router	<IP address>	default gateway
domain	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	domain name of Video Server
dns1	<IP address>	primary DNS server
dns2	<IP address>	secondary DNS server
smtp1	<domain name or IP address>	primary SMTP server
mailto1	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	mail recipient address
smtp1Usr	<text string shorter than 39 characters>	Account name of SMTP1
smtp1pass	<text string shorter than 39 characters>	Password of account in SMTP1
smtp2	<domain name or IP address>	secondary SMTP server
Smt2Usr	<text string shorter than 39 characters>	Account name of SMTP2
Smt2pass	<text string shorter than 39 characters>	Password of account in SMTP2
mailto2	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	mail recipient address
return	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	return address
http	<number less than 65535>	HTTP port
controlport	<number less than 65535>	Control Channel port
videoport	<number less than 65535>	Video Channel port

audioport	<number less than 65535>	Audio Channel port
lowband	yes	enable the low bandwidth environment
	no	disable the low bandwidth environment
mute	yes	enable audio streaming
	no	disable audio streaming
ftp1	<domain name or IP address>	primary FTP server
ftpuser1	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	user name for primary FTP server
ftppass1	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	password for primary FTP server
ftpfolder1	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	upload folder in primary FTP server
ftp2	<domain name or IP address>	secondary FTP server
ftpuser2	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	user name for secondary FTP server
ftppass2	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	password for secondary FTP server
ftpfolder2	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	upload folder in secondary FTP server

Video configuration URL

URL: /setup/video.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
text	<text string shorter than 15 characters>	enclose caption
color	B/W	set encoder to monochrome
	<other than B/W>	set encoder to color
size	1	half
	2	half x 2
	3	normal
	4	Normal x 2
	5	double
quality	fixb	fix bit rate
	<other than fixb>	fix quantization
quan	1	lowest quality of video
	2	lower quality of video
	3	normal quality of video
	4	higher quality of video
	5	highest quality of video
bitrate	64000	set bit rate to 64K bps
	128000	set bit rate to 128K bps

	256000	set bit rate to 256K bps
	384000	set bit rate to 384K bps
	512000	set bit rate to 512K bps
	768000	set bit rate to 768K bps
	1000000	set bit rate to 1000K bps
	1200000	set bit rate to 1200K bps
mode	Auto	let Video Server detect video modulation
	NTSC	set directly to NTSC type
	<other than above>	set directly to PAL type
frame	1	set maximum frame rate to 1 fps
	2	set maximum frame rate to 2 fps
	3	set maximum frame rate to 3 fps
	5	set maximum frame rate to 5 fps
	10	set maximum frame rate to 10 fps
	15	set maximum frame rate to 15 fps
	20	set maximum frame rate to 20 fps
	25	set maximum frame rate to 25 fps
	30	set maximum frame rate to 30 fps(NTSC only)
enablemd	yes	enable motion detection
	<other than yes>	disable motion detection
flip	yes	flip image
	<other than yes>	normal image
mirror	yes	mirror image
	<other than yes>	normal image

Image quality configuration URL

URL: /setup/image.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
brightness	<-5 ~ 5>	adjust brightness of image
contrast	<-5 ~ 5>	adjust contrast of image
hue	<-5 ~ 5>	adjust hue of image
saturation	<-5 ~ 5>	adjust saturation of image
preview	<not required>	not save the parameters

restore	<not required>	recall the original settings
save	<not required>	save the parameters

Camera configuration URL

URL: /setup/camera.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
interface	RS232	switch COM to RS232
	<other than RS232>	switch COM to RS485
driver	1	non-PTZ camera device
	2	Custom CCD
	3	Sony EVI-D30/31
	4	Canon VCC1
	5	Canon VCC3
	6	Canon VCC4
	7	DynaDome/SmartDOME
	8	Pelco D protocol
	9	Lilin PIH-7x00
	10	Ernitec
	11	SAMSUNG/SmartDome

Camera preset configuration URL

URL: /setup/preset.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	add preset position
delpos	<existing position name>	delete preset position

Camera custom command configuration URL

URL: /setup/command.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
str1	<text string shorter than 8 characters>	button name of custom command 1 of COM

str2	<text string shorter than 8 characters>	button name of custom command 2 of COM
str3	<text string shorter than 8 characters>	button name of custom command 3 of COM
str4	<text string shorter than 8 characters>	button name of custom command 4 of COM
str5	<text string shorter than 8 characters>	button name of custom command 5 of COM
com1	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	custom command 1 of COM
com2	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	custom command 2 of COM
com3	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	custom command 3 of COM
com4	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	custom command 4 of COM
com5	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	custom command 5 of COM

Custom camera configuration URL

URL: /setup/custom.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
baud	<integer>	set baud rate of COM
data	<integer>	set data bits of COM
stop	1	set 1 stop bit of COM
	2 <other than 1>	set 2 stop bits of COM
parity	None	set parity check of COM to none
	Odd	set parity check of COM to odd
	Even	set parity check of COM to even
up	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	tilt up command string of COM
down	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	tilt down command string of COM
left	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	pan left command string of COM
right	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	pan right command string of COM
home	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	home command string of COM
tele	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	zoom in command string of COM
wide	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	zoom out command string of COM

Modem configuration URL

URL: /setup/modem.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
dialout	yes	allow Video Server dialing out on event

	<other than yes>	no dial-out allowed
method	Tone (ATDT)	make modem dial in tone
	Pulse (ATDP)	make modem dial in pulse
reatt	<integer>	redial attempts
discon	<integer>	minutes delay before disconnection
init	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	command to initialize modem
phone1	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	phone number of primary ISP
user1	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	user name for primary ISP
pass1	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	password for primary ISP
phone2	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	phone number of secondary ISP
user2	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	user name for secondary ISP
pass2	<text string shorter than 40 characters>	password for secondary ISP

Application configuration URL

URL: /setup/app.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
emode	<not required>	event mode application
smode	<not required>	sequential mode application
smethod	mail	upload snapshots by email
	ftp	upload snapshots by FTP
suffix	<not required>	FTP file with date and time suffix
delay	<integer>	seconds delay to detect next event
inter	<integer>	seconds delay to capture post-event
dihigh	< not required >	set DI high as trigger condition
dilow	< not required >	set DI low as trigger condition
dirise	< not required >	set DI rising as trigger condition
difall	< not required >	set DI falling as trigger condition
motion1	< not required >	set motion window1 as trigger condition
motion2	< not required >	set motion window2 as trigger condition
motion3	< not required >	set motion window3 as trigger condition
ioalarm	< not required >	trigger DO when DI condition matched
mdalarm	< not required >	trigger DO when motion detected
ioupload	< not required >	upload snapshot when DI condition matched

mdupload	< not required >	upload snapshot when motion detected
sinter	<integer>	seconds interval for sequential mode
sbegin	<hh:mm:ss>	time to start sequential mode
send	<hh:mm:ss>	time to stop sequential mode

Homepage layout configuration URL

URL: /setup/layout.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
cuslogo	blank	hide logo
	def	use default logo
	url	use image from URL
logourl	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	URL of image for logo
linkurl	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	URL to link when clicking on logo
cusback	blank	hide background image
	def	use default background
	url	use image from URL
backurl	<text string shorter than 80 characters>	URL of image for background
fcolor	<0 ~ 15>	color index for font
bcolor	<0 ~ 15>	color index for background

DDNS & UPNP configuration URL

URL: /setup/ddns.cgi

NAME	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
enddns	<not required>	Enable DDNS
provider	1 or 2	dyndns
	3	TZO
	4	DHS
	5	safe100
	6	dyn-interfree
host	<text string shorter than 38 characters>	Host name
usermail	<text string shorter than 38 characters>	Account name of DDNS
passkey	<text string shorter than 38 characters>	password of DDNS

enupnp	<not required>	Enable UPnP
enupnpnat	<not required>	Enable UPnP Port Forwarding

Appendix

A. POST procedure

After the power has been turned on, the Video Server will perform a self-diagnostic to locate any possible hardware defects. If the power indicator is dim at the beginning, the power fails to proceed further. While the POST is proceeding, the status LED indicators will keep blinking interchanged until finished or any fatal error happens. If either status LED indicator is dim at the beginning, the LED may be broken.

Any possible fatal error has a special pattern shown in the following table. LED2 is the one below the network indicator and LED3 is the lowest one. If the POST is successful, status LED indicators will both shut off for a while and then light depending on the chosen network interface. If Ethernet is available, LED2 will flash like a heartbeat after network installation is done. Otherwise if modem is available, LED2 will flash alike to indicate listening for dial-in connection while LED3 is lit. If the included null modem cable is connected, both LEDs will stay on and then LED2 will start flashing after the connection from the PC is opened for configuration and LED3 stays lit.

LED pattern after POST	Possible failed component	Failed function
LED2 and LED3 blink at same time	U32(SAA7113)	Video decoder
LED2 ON and LED3 OFF	U1(TM1300)	PCI bridge of TM1300
LED2 OFF and LED3 ON	U6(RTL8139C)	Ethernet controller
LED2 ON and LED3 ON	U6(RTL8139C), U7, U8	Ethernet interface*
LED2 blink and LED3 ON	U22(M5823)	Real-time clock
LED2 ON and LED3 blink	U19(16C1550CJ), P2	COM interface



Ethernet interface failure includes not only components on board but also Ethernet cable and the devices of the opposite end.

B. Frequently asked questions

Q. What if I forget my password?

A. Every access to Video Server needs authentication. If you are one of the managed users, you have to ask the administrators for the password. If you are the administrators, there is no way to recover the root password. The only way to regain access to Video Server is to utilize the default setting button on the rear panel to restore the factory settings and reinstall it.

Q. Why can I not watch video from Video Server after it is authenticated?

A. There are many possible scenarios regarding this problem,

1. If you have just installed Video Server and are unable to watch the video, check the video modulation on the Configuration page.
2. If Video Server is well installed and you are accessing Video Server for the first time using Internet Explorer, adjust the security level of Internet Explorer to allow installation of plug-ins.
3. If the problem still exists after adjusting, the current users may be over the system allows.

Q. What is the plug-in for?

A. The plug-in provided by Video Server is used to display motion pictures on Internet Explorer. If your system does not allow installation of any plug-in software, the security level of the web browser may need to be lowered. It is recommended that you consult your network supervisors in your office regarding adjustment of the security level.

Q. Why is the timestamp different from the system time of my PC or notebook?

A. The timestamp is based on the system time of Video Server. It is maintained by a real-time clock inside and automatically synchronizes with the time server if Video Server is connected to the Internet and the function is enabled. Differences of several hours may result from the time zone setting.

Q. Why does the image not refresh regularly?

A. In a modem environment, it is because the bandwidth of PPP connection is far less than Ethernet. If the difference of the timestamp is not stable, adjust the UART FIFO lower in both receiving and transmitting from modem property in the control panel. While in Ethernet, it may be due to time taken in storing snapshots into memory upon events occurring.

Q. How does the Video Server detect the supported PTZ cameras automatically?

A. If there is no camera detected; the Video Server will monitor the CTS of the camera control cable continuously. As long as the CTS are detected, the Video Server will try to handshake with supported cameras until a supported camera is found. There is no more camera detection once a PTZ camera is recognized.

Q. How many users are allowed to watch the Video Server at the same time?

A. Basically there is no limitation of users. However the video quality also depends on the network bandwidth. To achieve the best effect, the Video Server will allow several users to be connected. It is recommended to build another web server to host a large quantity of users by retrieving images from the Video Server periodically.

Q. How fast is the video rate of the Video Server?

A. The MPEG4 codec can process 30 frames per second internally. However the total performance is subject to many coefficients as follows:

1. Network throughput.
2. Bandwidth share.
3. Number of users.
4. The complicated objects in view results in larger image file.
5. The level of your PC or notebook which is responsible for displaying images.

In general, the transfer rate in a general local network environment can achieve over 200 kilobytes per second and approximately 10 to 20 pictures of a normal environment per second.

Q. How can I keep the Video Server as private as possible?

A. The Video Server is designed for surveillance purposes and has many flexible interfaces. The user authentication and special confirmation in installation can keep the Video Server from unauthorized access. You may also change the HTTP port to non-public number. You can check the system log to examine any abnormal activities and trace the origins.

Q. I have a PTZ camera that is not on the supported list. How can I control it?

A. The Video Server provides a custom camera command interface to control the cameras that are not supported. The details are described in the manual. Be sure the COM port settings are applied to the camera specification. The camera control cable included is shown in the package content. Prepare your own cable if necessary. The general PTZ command is composed of one start command and one stop command. When editing both commands in the edit box of the configuration page, use comma(s) to

separate commands. Each comma represents 200 milliseconds. If the user has some serial control device

other than the PTZ camera, the special URL is provided to send the desired commands. For quick access, integrate the URL to another homepage on your own web server.

Q. How fast will Video Server check the status of digital inputs?

A. The Video Server will check input status in less than half a second. However, to avoid repeatedly checking conditions too often and to allow the devices connected to digital outputs to function properly, the Video Server will delay 3 seconds by default after each condition matches. Users may change it according to specific applications. During this period, any condition will be ignored.

Q. Why can I not access the Video Server when I setup some options in the application?

A. When the Video Server is triggered by events; snapshots will take more time to write them into memory. If the events occur too often, the system will always be busy storing images. It is recommended to use sequential mode or external recorder program to record motion pictures if the event is frequent. If you prefer to retrieve images via FTP, the value could be smaller since FTP responses quicker than the Web does. Once the system is too busy to configure, use the restore factory default and reset button to save the system.

Q. I try to connect my black-and-white and color cameras with the Video Server but the image is not good.

A. Although the Video Server allows users to choose color or black-and-white images for each camera, hybrid camera types may increase video processing time and reduce system performance.

C. Technical specifications

Remote Management

Configuration and system log can be accessed via Web browser and FTP application remotely.

Networking Protocol

UPnP, TCP/IP, HTTP, SMTP, FTP, Telnet, NTP, DNS, DDNS and DHCP

Modem

PPP (dial-up, direct cable connection)

Physical

10baseT Ethernet or 100baseT Fast Ethernet

Audio

Algorithm Supported

24K bps wideband audio coding

Audio Inputs

1 RCA mono audio input

Video

Algorithm Supported

MPEG4 (short header mode)

Video Inputs

1 BNC composite video input

NTSC/PAL auto-sensing

Features

Adjustable image size, quality and bit-rate

3 motion detection windows

Time stamp and text overlay

Video Resolution

NTSC

Up to 30 frames at 176x120

Up to 30 frames at 352X240

Up to 10 frames at 704X480

PAL

Up to 25 frames at 176x144

Up to 25 frames at 352X288

Up to 10 frames at 704X480

Viewing System Requirement

Protocol

Standard internet TCP/IP suite

Operating System

Microsoft Windows98 SE, ME, NT4.0, 2000, XP

Browser

Internet Explorer 5.x or above,

General I/O

1 opto-isolated sensor input (max. 12VDC 50mA)

1 output relay (max. 24VDC 1A, 125VAC 0.5A)

Alarm Features

Motion detection with percentage and sensitivity

Daily repeat timing schedule

3 color JPEG images for pre/post alarm image storage

Automatic transfer of stored images via email or FTP with event-triggered actions

RS232/RS485

9 pin D-SUB RS232 or RS485(PTZ camera control) max.115.2Kbps

PAN/TILT/ZOOM

PTZ camera control through RS232 or RS485

Supported units and protocol:

Sony VISCA

Canon VC-C1, VC-C3, VC-C4

Dynacolor DynaDome

Pelco D-protocol

LiLin PIH-7x00

CCTV, Cohu

CGI command serial driver is supported

Remote Software Upgrade

System firmware upgradeable via FTP

Security

Administrator and user group protected

Password authentication

Optional Software

Record and play pictures on PC hard disk

I/O ports monitoring feature

LED Indicator

Status indicators

Network indicator

Heartbeat indicator

Power

Consumption: near 4.2W

Input:: 100~240VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.4A


Output :12VDC,1.5A

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

USA - This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

Europe  - This digital equipment fulfills the requirement for radiated emission according to limit B of EN55022/1998, and the requirement for immunity according to EN50082-1/1992.

Liability

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